

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR
THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF WEST VIRGINIA
At Charleston**

JEFFERSON COUNTY COMMISSION, et. al.

Plaintiffs,

and

THORNTON COOPER,

Intervening Plaintiff,

v.

**Civil Action No. 2:11-CV-00989
(Judges King, Bailey, and Berger)**

**NATALIE TENNANT, in her capacity as
The Secretary of State, et al.,**

Defendants.

**JOINT RESPONSE OF DEFENDANTS JEFFREY KESSLER AND RICHARD
THOMPSON TO THE JEFFERSON COUNTY PLAINTIFFS' OPENING BRIEF AND
TO INTERVENING PLAINTIFF THORNTON COOPER'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY
JUDGMENT**

Defendants Jeffrey Kessler and Richard Thompson respond to Plaintiffs' Opening Brief and Intervening Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgment as follows.

RESPONSE TO JEFFERSON COUNTY PLAINTIFFS' OPENING BRIEF

I. The Population Variance in S.B. 1008 is Justified by the Legislature's Legitimate Policy Objectives

Defendants do not dispute that they must offer evidence of legitimate state objectives to justify the population variance in S.B. 1008.

Plaintiff's brief relies on *Kirkpatrick v. Preisler*, 394 U.S. 526 (1964) and *White v. Weiser*, 412 U.S. 783 (1973) to suggest that various items cannot be considered among the legitimate policy objectives used justify a population variance in congressional redistricting.

According to plaintiff, *White* “specifically rejected an argument that the variances resulted from the Texas Legislature’s attempt to avoid fragmenting political subdivisions.” (Pl’s Opening Br., Doc. 41, at 3)

To the extent *Kirkpatrick* or *White* limited the legitimate state interests that could justify a minor population variance, the interests the Legislature could consider were liberalized in *Karcher v. Daggett*, 462 U.S. 725. Specifically, the Court held:

Any number of consistently applied legislative policies might justify some variance, including, for instance, making districts compact, respecting municipal boundaries, preserving the cores of prior districts, and avoiding contests between incumbent Representatives. As long as the criteria are nondiscriminatory these are all legitimate objectives that on a proper showing could justify minor population deviations.

Karcher, 462 U.S. at 740-41, 103 S.Ct. at 2663-64 (citation omitted)

As Justice White noted in his dissent in *Karcher*, the above quoted language overrules *Kirkpatrick*’s limitations on the Legislature’s use of certain policy objectives. 462 U.S. at 779-80(White, J. dissenting) (“Yet today the Court -- with no mention of the contrary holdings in *Kirkpatrick* -- opines: Any number of consistently applied legislative policies might justify some variance, including for instance, making districts compact, respecting municipal boundaries, preserving the cores of prior districts, and avoiding contests between incumbent Representatives. I, of course, welcome the Court’s overruling of these ill-considered holdings of *Kirkpatrick*.”)(quotations omitted) Accordingly, *Karcher* sets the standard for which the West Virginia Legislature’s policy justifications for the variance in S.B. 1008 should be judged.

Using the proper standard under *Karcher*, the West Virginia Legislature’s legitimate state objectives of preserving the core of existing districts, maintaining compactness, preserving

communities of interest within districts, respecting county lines, and avoiding contests between incumbents justify the variance in S.B. 1008.¹

Plaintiff's opening brief makes no mention of this court's opinion in *West Virginia Civil Liberties Union v. Rockefeller*, 336 F.Supp. 395 (S.D. W.Va. 1972), wherein a variance of .78 percent was upheld by the Court as a justified variance. The policy objectives applied by the Legislature in S.B. 1008 are at least as strong now as they were in 1972, given the intervening *Karcher* decision which liberalized the standard for justifying variances and by the fact that the West Virginia Legislature has applied its preference for making the smallest possible change during subsequent reapportionments. (See Kessler/Thompson Opening Br., Document 42, at 2-4) The Supreme Court cited the *Rockefeller* case in *Karcher* with approval and characterized its .78 percent variance as minor, 462 U.S. 725 at 740-41, 103 S.Ct. 2653 at 2663. Plaintiff offers no reason why justifications which led the court to affirm a .78 percent variance would be insufficient to affirm a variance only one one-hundredth of a percent larger.

II. S.B. 1008 Avoids the Application of Politics Used by Other States in Reapportionment

No party in this case has alleged that the West Virginia Legislature acted in bad faith or with partisan political goals in enacting S.B. 1008 as enrolled. This is important because the use of the consistently applied principles by the Legislature in Congressional redistricting has prevented in West Virginia the types of gerrymandering and partisan battles that can be detrimental to the democratic process.

¹ See Chart, Attached as Exhibit A, showing that S.B. 1008 achieves those legitimate objectives more than any other plan.

Jefferson County borders on two states, Maryland and Virginia, and is only a few miles from Pennsylvania. As this is written, partisan bickering in those states is having a deleterious effect on the redistricting process.

In Maryland, a three-judge Federal court is currently considering whether to order a redrawing of Congressional districts because of allegations of political mischief as well as alleged racial discrimination. (See “Three-judge panel questions Maryland redistricting”, WASHINGTON POST, Dec. 20, 2011, attached as Ex. B.)

In Virginia, partisan quarreling has brought the redistricting process to a halt, such that the state Constitution’s deadline for redistricting may be missed. This has led the League of Women Voters to express concern that the conflict “could lead to massive voter confusion as we move into a presidential election year,” as well as a lawsuit asking a Federal court to construct its own map in the absence of legislative action. (“League of Women Voters complains about delay in congressional redistricting” WASHINGTON POST, Nov. 22, 2011, attached as Ex. C)

In Pennsylvania, where the Senate, House and Governor are all of the same party, a bill is awaiting the Governor’s signature. Unlike the case in West Virginia, where the same three entities are of the same party but followed principles to avoid political disruption of voter intent, Pennsylvania put its computers to work to devise a scheme that a national elections expert has found to be a classic example of gerrymandering. (See “In Pennsylvania, the Gerrymander of the Decade?” Real Clear Politics, Dec. 14, 2011 attached as Ex. D)

At the same time these border states have been engaging in partisan wrangling, the West Virginia Legislature acted in good faith despite exceptional temptation by the strong Democratic majorities in both Houses to manipulate the Congressional districts to favor their party.

In no place was this temptation greater than with respect to West Virginia's First Congressional District, which had been held by a Democrat since 1969 until Republican David McKinley narrowly defeated Democratic state Senator Michael Oliverio last year. (W. Va. Blue Book, 2008 ed., pgs. 571 -575, attached as Ex. E)

The 1,440 vote difference between Republican McKinley and Democrat Oliverio last year was the second smallest margin in the United States of the 63 races in which a Republican was successful in winning a seat previously held by a Democrat last year. (See "Statistics of the Congressional Election of November 2, 2010", Clerk of the House of Representatives (Corrected to June 3, 2011), Washington, DC : 2011, attached as Ex. F). (See also "Election Results: Election 2010: House Map", N.Y. TIMES, <http://elections.nytimes.com/2010/results/house>, attached as Ex. G)

As stated in the original brief, news accounts reported that state Senator Roman Prezioso had offered two amendments in the Redistricting Committee meeting on August 4, 2011 at the request of the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee ("DCCC") in order to improve the odds of electing a Democrat to Congress, and the amendments were rejected in the Committee. As further evidence of this fact, an affidavit from Senator Prezioso is attached. (Aff. of Sen. Roman Prezioso, attached as Ex. H) The incentive to help Mr. Oliverio in the future could hardly have been greater. As stated earlier, at the time of his candidacy for election to Congress last year, he was a colleague in the Senate of 23 of the current 28 Democratic members of that body. Indeed, he and Senator Prezioso together represented the 13th state Senatorial District for 14 years. (Oliverio Biography, W. Va. Blue Book, 2007 ed. at 355; Prezioso Biography, www.legis.state.wv.us/Senate1/members/senmemview.cfm, attached as Ex. I) More recent news accounts report that the DCCC continues to seek a candidate to run against

Representative McKinley, as former state Senator Michael Oliverio last week decided not to try again. The CHARLESTON DAILY MAIL reports that Delegate Tim Manchin recently met with the organization, and that he is seriously considering challenging Representative McKinley. (“Joe Manchin’s cousin might run for Congress”, CHARLESTON DAILY MAIL, Dec. 21, 2011, attached as Ex. J) Although the heavily Democratic Legislature could have chosen to approve a Congressional redistricting plan to increase the likelihood of a Democrat in the First Congressional District, it did not, and instead passed S.B. 1008 in keeping with its longstanding policy principles. Delegate Manchin, like the great majority of his colleagues in the House of Delegates – both Democrat and Republican – voted for the bill that made no change whatsoever to the First.

III. S.B. 1008 Meets the West Virginia Constitution’s Compactness Requirement

Defendants agree with the Jefferson County plaintiffs that the preferred method to determine compactness is a qualitative assessment, rather than mathematical assessments that were developed long after the state Constitution was adopted in 1872. As they point out, such assessments could not have been what was intended by the drafters who were without the advanced cartographic and computing tools of today, and the words of the Constitution should be given their normal and ordinary meaning. (Pl’s Opening Br., Doc. 41 at 8)

But the Jefferson County plaintiffs are entirely wrong in their assertion that there is “scant evidence” that the current Second District is compact. In fact, the evidence is overwhelming. Although Plaintiffs quote the case of *Stone v. Hechler*, 782 F. Supp. 1116 (N.D. W. Va. 1992), for the proposition that compactness under the West Virginia Constitution is “in the eye of the beholder” they fail to recognize that the Court upheld the 1991 Second Congressional District as compact precisely because the Legislature was aware of the state

constitutional requirement of compactness and passed a plan that it deemed to be compact. In 2011, legislators approved S.B. 1008 with knowledge that the federal courts had previously upheld the district as compliant with the West Virginia Constitution's compactness requirement.

The only difference between the current Second District and that approved by the Court in *Stone* is that the current Second District is 2 counties and 994 square miles smaller than that found by the Court as compact. Similarly, the only difference between the current Second District and that in S.B. 1008 is that the District is again reduced by a county and another 445 square miles. The net result is that the Second Congressional District as constructed under S.B. 1008 is 3 counties and 1,439 square miles smaller than the District found by the Court in *Stone* to be compact. Even more, in removing Mason County, the Legislature this year has shortened the width of the District, so that its western edge is now in Jackson County rather than Mason. Using the word "compact" in its ordinary meaning, legislators in 2001 who reduced the District by 2 counties, and legislators in 2011 who reduced the District by yet another county, were acting in concert with the intent of the framers.

Further, while ignoring *Stone*'s holding, the Jefferson County plaintiffs cite as evidence of the lack of compactness the fact that the distance between Charles Town and Ripley is greater than the distance between Charles Town and various state capitals. This was exactly the same in the larger Second Congressional District that the Federal court approved as compact in *Stone*.

While geography remains constant, and the distance between Charles Town and Ripley is the same now as it was before the two cities were placed in the same Congressional District in 1991, travel has been greatly improved. Interstate 68, a major East-West Highway that links one part of the District with another, was completed in 1992, at the same time the Second Congressional District was created to include both Charles Town and Ripley. (*See AA Roads,*

Interstate Guide: I-68, <http://www.interstate-guide.com/i-068.html>, attached as Ex. K) Since that time, progress has been made to bring those cities even closer together. A second major East-West highway, Corridor H, has improved greatly over the past 20 years; has already shortened the travel time between the two major population centers of the District; and is projected to be fully completed within the decade. (See Corridor H History, <http://www.corridorh2020.com/History.html>, attached as Ex. L)

It is evident that the Jefferson County plaintiffs continue to harbor resentment over the actions of the Legislature in 1991 when it created the basic structure of the Second Congressional District, and in effect are asking this Court to revisit the conclusion of its predecessor in *Stone*, even though the district is smaller under S.B. 1008 than it was in 1991. All of the evidence, however, demonstrates that the district is more compact now than it was then.

**RESPONSE TO THE INTERVENING PLAINTIFF'S
MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT**

Defendants respectfully request that the Court deny Intervening Plaintiff Thornton Cooper's Motion for Summary Judgment. The Intervening Plaintiff's motion argues, based on his own affidavit, that the West Virginia Legislature could have adopted a congressional redistricting plan that has a smaller population variance than the plan it adopted as S.B. 1008. The Intervening Plaintiff argues only that under step one of *Karcher v. Daggett*, 462 U.S. 725 (1983), there are plans that could reapportion West Virginia's congressional districts in a way that results in a smaller population variance than the plan adopted as S.B. 1008. *Karcher*, however, requires a two step inquiry. The Supreme Court has explained that

Any number of consistently applied legislative policies might justify some variance, including, for instance, making districts compact, respecting municipal boundaries, preserving the cores of prior districts, and avoiding contests between incumbent Representatives. As long as the criteria are nondiscriminatory these

are all legitimate objectives that on a proper showing could justify minor population deviations.

Karcher, 462 U.S. at 740-41, 103 S.Ct. at 2663-64 (citation omitted)

In essence Cooper argues that arguing that the .79% variance is unconstitutional as a matter of law. Cooper cites no authority for the proposition that a variance can be so high that the State is prohibited from justifying it under *Karcher*. Of course, such a result would be inconsistent with *Karcher's* express holding noted above and its implicit holding that numerical cutoffs are not appropriate in this context. *See, e.g., Karcher v. Daggett*, 462 U.S. at 741 (“By necessity, whether deviations are justified requires case-by-case attention to these factors.”).

Moreover, even if there is an absolute limit on a variance that can be justified, the variance in this case does not implicate the limit. As noted previously, a number of courts – including this Court -- have approved variances in the range of this case. *See, e.g., West Virginia Civil Liberties Union v. Rockefeller*, 336 F.Supp. 395, 397 (S.D. W.Va. 1972) (.78% variance); *Skolnick v. State Electoral Bd. of Ill.*, 336 F.Supp. 839, 843 & n.2, 846 (D.C.Ill., 1971) (variance of 0.75%); *Doulin v. White*, 535 F.Supp. 450, 452 (D.C.Ark., 1982) (.78%); *Turner v. State of Ark.*, 784 F.Supp. 585, 589 (E.D.Ark. 1991) (.73% variance). The variance approved in these cases is not considered too large to justify; indeed, the United States Supreme Court used *Rockefeller, supra* as an example of “small deviations [that] could be justified” in the second step in the *Karcher* analysis. *Karcher v. Daggett*, 462 U.S. at 741, n.11. It also noted that the .75% variance in *Skolnick, supra* was approved based on respecting “consistent state policies” in spite of the fact that there were plans proposed with lower variances. *Karcher v. Daggett*, 462 U.S. at 741, n.11.

The Intervening Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgment, makes no argument that the West Virginia Legislature's policy justifications: keeping the core of existing congressional districts intact, avoiding contests between incumbent representatives, preserving communities of interests, and respecting the integrity of county lines, are inadequate to justify the slight variance in S.B. 1008. Instead, the Intervening Plaintiff suggests to that Court that the Legislature may not offer justifications for its variance. Intervening Plaintiff's theory is at odds with the Supreme Court's holding in *Karcher*.

The lone case cited by the Intervening Plaintiff for his proposition that the weight of Federal authority no longer permits the Legislature to deviate from zero variance is *Vieth v. Pennsylvania*, 195 F. Supp. 2d 672 (M.D. Pa. 2002). Contrary to the Intervening Plaintiff's suggestion, *Vieth* does not suggest any change in the *Karcher* two-step analysis. Instead, a 2-1 majority in *Vieth* held that Pennsylvania did not adequately justify its variance because its legitimate state objectives were not uniformly applied. The Court found that the adopted plan in Pennsylvania split the most counties and municipalities compared with all plans considered. *Id.* 678. 25 Pennsylvania counties and 59 Pennsylvania municipalities were split by the plan. Pennsylvania's adopted plan in *Vieth* required six incumbents to run against each other, despite the fact that only two congressional seats were lost. *Id.* The adopted plan in *Vieth*, while purportedly justified by the Legislature's desire to avoid splitting voting precincts, actually split more voting precincts than the other plans under consideration. *Id.* Finally, the Court found that to the extent the adopted plan in *Vieth* preserved the core of existing districts, it did so only for Republican incumbents. *Id.* The fact that the Pennsylvania Legislature's policy objectives in *Vieth* were inconsistently applied led the Court to determine that they were pretextual in nature.

Rather than suggesting the legitimate policy objectives can no longer serve to justify minor population variances in redistricting, *Vieth* is properly understood as holding, consistent with *Karcher*, that where there is a variance the Legislature must choose a plan which operates to consistently support the policy objectives it relies on to justify the variance. In sharp contrast to the Pennsylvania plan considered in *Vieth*, the West Virginia Legislature chose a plan that consistently supports its policy objectives. The Legislature chose the plan which best preserves the core of existing districts. S.B. 1008 moves only one county from one district to another. No other plan moved fewer than seven counties. S.B. 1008 did not split a county and did not force any incumbent representatives to run against one another. S.B. 1008 preserves communities of interests within congressional districts and preserves the compactness of congressional districts. These factors were all considered in the Senate Redistricting Committee and on the Senate floor. (See Joint Opening Br., Document 42, at 10-15)

The Intervening Plaintiff offers no argument or evidence that the West Virginia Legislature has failed to adequately justify its deviation from precise numeric equivalence under step two of the *Karcher* analysis. At a minimum, the items produced by these Defendants in support of their opening brief, including the remarks made by Senators both in the Redistricting Committee and on the Senate floor, and the evidence that S.B. 1008 best achieved the Legislature's legitimate policy objectives, raise a genuine issue of material fact with regard to whether there was adequate justification for the population variance. Accordingly, the Intervening Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgment should be denied.

CONCLUSION

In the end, the Plaintiffs and the intervening Plaintiffs want to have this Court substitute their judgment for the judgment of the Legislature. This Court recognizes that to do so would be improper:

We begin our analysis by observing that there is a strong policy of deference to state legislatures in devising redistricting plans. Redistricting and reapportioning legislative bodies is a legislative task which federal courts should make every effort not to preempt. State policies and state preferences are for a state's elected representatives to decide; federal judges should not interfere unless those policies or preferences directly violate the United States Constitution.

Deem v. Manchin, 188 F.Supp.2d 651, 655 (N.D.W.Va. 2002) (citations omitted). This Court recognizes the tradeoffs inherent in redistricting and the fact that the Legislature must be the one to balance those, often conflicting, aims:

It is obvious that the policy goals of the redistricting plan identified in House Bill 511 will not always be consistent. In some circumstances they will compete. The redistricting exercise is therefore a balancing process in which one objective must sometimes yield to serve another. This is an exercise peculiarly suited to the give and take of the legislative process. Courts, as a consequence, should be reluctant to substitute their judgment for the legislature's choices.

Id. The policy choices advanced by the Plaintiffs and the intervening Plaintiff are ones rejected by the Legislature in the balancing process. They participated in the political competition and lost. This Court should be extremely reluctant to substitute the judgment of the Plaintiffs and the intervening Plaintiff under the guise of constitutional decision-making.

**JEFFREY KESSLER, in his capacity
as President of the West Virginia Senate**

/s/ George E. Carenbauer

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**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR
THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF WEST VIRGINIA
At Charleston**

JEFFERSON COUNTY COMMISSION, et. al.
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(Judges King, Bailey, and Berger)**

**NATALIE TENNANT, in her capacity as
The Secretary of State, et al.,**
Defendants.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 22nd day of December, 2011, I electronically filed the foregoing "**Joint Response of Defendants Jeffrey Kessler and Richard Thompson to the Jefferson County Plaintiffs Opening Brief and to Intervening Plaintiff Thornton Cooper's Motion for Summary Judgment**" with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system which will provide notice to counsel of record as follows:

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Adam B. Tomlinson (W. Va. Bar No. 11311)

EXHIBIT A

	Snyder (floor)	Adopted	Zero Variance	Facemire	Prezioso 1	Prezioso 2	Cooper 1	Cooper 2	Cooper 3	Cooper 4
Counties Split	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Number of Counties moved	7	1	19	20	9	9	23	20	21	22
State-wide Percentage of Counties moved	12.7%	1.8%	34.5%	36.4%	16.4%	16.4%	41.8%	36.4%	38.1%	40%
Number of Residents moved	124,468	27,524	636,187	717,837	143,605	140,297	813,363	949,065	746,732	709,747
State-wide Percentage of Residents moved	6.7%	1.5%	34.3%	38.7%	7.7%	7.6%	43.9%	51.2%	42.1%	38.30%
Incumbents Placed in Same District	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
Relative overall Population Range	0.39%	0.79%	0.00%	0.42%	1.22%	0.44%	0.09%	0.06%	0.04%	n/a

EXHIBIT B

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Posted at 05:00 PM ET, 12/20/2011

Three-judge panel questions Maryland redistricting

By [Aaron C. Davis](#)

A three-judge panel hearing a challenge to Maryland's once-in-a-decade redistricting plan expressed disbelief on Tuesday when a state lawyer argued there was no evidence Democrats had gerrymandered the state's Congressional map.



Rep. Donna F. Edwards (D-Maryland) pleaded with state lawmakers in October to reject a new congressional map by Gov. Martin O'Malley's redistricting commission. Edwards argued it would dilute the voting power of minorities in Montgomery County for the purpose of unseating the state's senior GOP lawmaker, Rep. Roscoe G. Bartlett. (Aaron C. Davis - WASHINGTON POST)

But the judges expressed even more skepticism that members of a grassroots civil rights group and their Republican-funded legal team had proved Maryland lawmakers intentionally diluted the voting power of minorities.

The odd coalition of plaintiffs – mostly black community organizers from Prince George's County and the conservative-funded Legacy Foundation – argued that the surging minority population in Washington's

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Maryland suburbs was carved up to help elect or re-elect white Democrats.

The plaintiffs asked the judges to toss out the map and require a new one consolidating blacks in a third majority-minority district.

"It seems ... you want us to make a political decision," 4th Circuit Court Judge Paul V. Niemeyer told the plaintiff's lead attorney near the end of a three-hour hearing in U.S. District Court in Greenbelt.

Niemeyer promised the panel would attempt to rule quickly so that Maryland's scheduled April 3 primary election could go forward if the map withstands the legal scrutiny.

But the judges also appeared to be searching for a rationale to improve the map, suggesting at several turns that they viewed the plan proposed by Gov. Martin O'Malley (D) and approved by the state's Democratically-controlled legislature as deeply flawed.

"There is no evidence a partisan gerrymander happened here," Assistant State's Attorney Dan Friedman said in defending the state's map.

"You can't be serious about that, can you?" Niemeyer replied. "I think Rep. Roscoe Bartlett would see it differently," he added, referring to the 10-term, Western-Maryland Republican whose district was redrawn to include nearly 350,000 Democrats in Frederick and Montgomery counties.

District Court judges Alexander Williams Jr., and Roger W. Titus also questioned a new law passed by the legislature that required the state to count prisoners at their last known address before incarceration.

The judges said the move seemed to increase the voting strength of Baltimore and other urban areas where most prisoners had lived. They questioned why the state wasn't as concerned with such counts of college students, and members of the military stationed in the state.

To carry out the state's scheduled primary, Friedman said elections officials need a ruling from the court as soon as possible.

Maryland needs "every single day" between now and April 3 to prepare, he said.

By [Aaron C. Davis](#) | 05:00 PM ET, 12/20/2011

EXHIBIT C

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YOUR GOVERNMENT

Posted at 09:39 AM ET, 11/22/2011

Virginia League of Women Voters complains about delay in congressional redistricting

By *Anita Kumar*

The League of Women Voters of Virginia on Tuesday accused Republicans of playing politics by delaying the drawing of the state's 11 congressional districts until next year.

"Punting the redistricting football further down the field isn't just a blatantly partisan tactic, it is one that could lead to massive voter confusion as we move into a presidential election year," said Lynn Gordon, the group's president.

The state House and Senate passed competing congressional plans earlier this year but were never able to agree on a compromise map. After his party appeared to capture control of the Senate, state House Speaker Bill Howell (R-Stafford) told reporters that redistricting would be postponed until 2012.

Article II, Section 6 of the Virginia Constitution states that the General Assembly "shall draw electoral districts" in census years.

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Last week, a half-dozen Virginia voters filed a lawsuit asking a federal court to draw a congressional map for 2012, alleging that the General Assembly has violated the state's Constitution by not agreeing on new lines this year.

League officials also say they are concerned about reports that Senate leaders may want to revisit already approved legislative lines.

Sen. Tommy Norment, Republican leader in the Senate, did not return a phone call, but he told his local newspaper, The Virginia Gazette, that he wants to revisit redistricting.

"By stalling on congressional redistricting, and threatening to re-open the book on legislative redistricting, legislators are showing where their true interests lie: their own partisan gains," said the League's voter services chairwoman Betsy Mayr. "Neither is in the best interests of Virginia voters."

Congressional candidates must file their intent to run for office no later than March 29. Primaries are scheduled June 12.

The Republican-controlled state House approved a map in April that would have made incumbents in both parties safer, likely preserving the current 8-3 partisan split in the congressional delegation for the near future. The Democratic-held Senate passed a different map that would create a new district with a significant percentage of minority votes, to go along with the current majority-minority seat held by Rep. Bobby Scott (D).

By Anita Kumar | 09:39 AM ET, 11/22/2011

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In Pennsylvania, the Gerrymander of the Decade?

By [Sean Trende](#) - December 14, 2011

There have been a lot of good candidates for the "gerrymander of the decade" award this cycle. North Carolina, Illinois and Texas have all dreamed up district lines that have gone well beyond what many pundits believed could be pulled off in those states. Honorable mentions go to Massachusetts and Maryland, whose districts combine to allow for the election of one Republican out of 17 districts.

But the legislators in all those states were making heavily Democratic/Republican delegations in states that were likewise heavily Democratic/Republican. That isn't a tremendous job.

Republicans in Pennsylvania, however, took a state that is two or three points more Democratic than the country as a whole, and created 12 districts (out of 18) that are more Republican than the country as a whole. They did so by creating what can only be called a group of Rorschach-inkblot districts in southeastern Pennsylvania.

The net result is a map that shores up their vulnerable incumbents, and that may well result in a 14-4 Republican edge by the end of the decade.

To see how this works, take a look at the following two charts. The first one shows the 2008 Obama percentage in each district under the old lines and the new lines, as well as the change (negative is toward McCain, positive is toward Obama).

A few quick notes: The new 4th district is just a renumbered version of the old 19th district, while Democrats Mark Critz and Jason Altmire were placed together in the new 12th district. Also, the new district percentages were compiled using [Dave's Redistricting Application](#); it doesn't allow for precinct-splitting, so some of these numbers may be off by a 10th of a point or so.

The next chart is really a summary chart of the first. It shows the number of districts under both the old and new lines, sorted by Obama's two-party vote share. Remember, a district that gave Obama 54 percent or more of the two-party vote leans toward Democrats; 53 percent or less leans

Republican. I've also noted where Republican incumbents are in Democratic-leaning districts and vice-versa:

So the basic idea that guided Republicans was this: Take the five extremely vulnerable Republicans, and push them all into Republican-leaning districts (with the exception of Michael Fitzpatrick, whose district becomes only a point or so more Republican due to geographic constraints). In particular, the district of Republican Lou Barletta (pictured) goes from a 57.5 percent Obama district to a 47.7 percent Obama district. Jim Gerlach's district went from 58.4 percent Obama -- barely winnable for Republicans -- to 53.4 percent Obama.

To make this possible, Republicans merged two Republican-leaning districts where Democrats had nevertheless managed to win in the good Republican year of 2010, and they then turned Blue Dog Democrat Tim Holden's district into a solidly Democratic one. They also removed Democrat Allyson Schwartz's district from the "potentially competitive" category -- but in the long run, this map probably improves it Republican performance.

While it is difficult to project out over the course of a decade, the Republican map does three important things: First, it moves the Democratic areas of the 6th and 7th districts from the inner suburbs of Philadelphia to blue-collar areas around Reading and Harrisburg.

In other words, the Democratic areas of these districts are now in places that have been trending Republican slowly, rather than in places that have been trending Democratic slowly. This limits the potential for a “dummymander,” where redistricting backfires as districts shift over the course of the decade.

Second, it places Democrats Critz and Altmire together in a Republican-leaning district. It is mostly Altmire’s old district. But Republicans again removed inner suburbs, this time around Pittsburgh, and added white working-class areas like Johnstown, while keeping Republican-trending areas like Beaver County in the district. In the long run, this district will probably trend Republican as well.

Third, Republicans made Holden’s district more Democratic, but again, did so by adding blue-collar areas around Wilkes-Barre and Scranton. In the short-run, the Democratic tilt of the district makes Holden more vulnerable to a primary from a more liberal Democrat, but in the long run, there is a risk that the district would shift more toward Republicans than Democrats.

Taken together, this is a district that probably accomplishes Republicans’ goals: It maintains solid Republican majorities in all but the worst Republican years, while maintaining the potential for further Republican gains. It’s probably the most effective gerrymander we’ve seen so far.

Sean Trende is Senior Elections Analyst for RealClearPolitics. He can be reached at strende@realclearpolitics.com.

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EXHIBIT E

First District—Brooke, Hancock, Marion, Marshall, Ohio, Taylor and Wetzel.

Second District—Barbour, Berkeley, Grant, Hampshire, Hardy, Jefferson, Mineral, Monongalia, Morgan, Pendleton, Pocahontas, Preston, Randolph, Tucker and Webster.

Third District—Braxton, Calhoun, Clay, Doddridge, Fayette, Gilmer, Harrison, Lewis, Nicholas, Ritchie, Upshur and Wirt.

Fourth District—Cabell, Jackson, Lincoln, Mason, Pleasants, Putnam, Roane, Tyler, Wayne and Wood.

Fifth District—Greenbrier, Mercer, Mingo, Monroe, McDowell, Summers and Wyoming.

Sixth District—Boone, Kanawha, Logan and Raleigh.

Representation Under the Reapportionment Act of 1951

Eighty-third Congress

(January 3, 1953, to December 2, 1954)

Robert H. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
 Harley O. Staggers, of Mineral; Democrat
 Cleveland M. Bailey, of Harrison; Democrat
 Will E. Neal, of Cabell; Republican
 Mrs. Elizabeth Kee, of Mercer; Democrat
 Robert C. Byrd, of Raleigh; Democrat

Eighty-fourth Congress

(January 5, 1955, to July 27, 1956)

Robert H. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
 Harley O. Staggers, of Mineral; Democrat
 Cleveland M. Bailey, of Harrison; Democrat
 M. G. Burnside, of Cabell; Democrat
 Mrs. Elizabeth Kee, of Mercer; Democrat
 Robert C. Byrd, of Raleigh; Democrat

Eighty-fifth Congress

(January 3, 1957, to August 24, 1958)

Arch A. Moore, Jr., of Marshall; Republican
 Harley O. Staggers, of Mineral; Democrat
 Cleveland M. Bailey, of Harrison; Democrat
 Will E. Neal, of Cabell; Republican
 Mrs. Elizabeth Kee, of Mercer; Democrat
 Robert C. Byrd, of Raleigh; Democrat

Eighty-sixth Congress

(January 7, 1959, to September 1, 1960)

Arch A. Moore, Jr., of Marshall; Republican
 Harley O. Staggers, of Mineral; Democrat
 Cleveland M. Bailey, of Harrison; Democrat
 Ken Hechler, of Cabell; Democrat
 Mrs. Elizabeth Kee, of Mercer; Democrat
 John M. Slack, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat

Eighty-seventh Congress

(January 3, 1961, to October 13, 1962)

Arch A. Moore, Jr., of Marshall; Republican
 Harley O. Staggers, of Mineral; Democrat
 Cleveland M. Bailey, of Harrison; Democrat
 Ken Hechler, of Cabell; Democrat
 Mrs. Elizabeth Kee, of Mercer; Democrat
 John M. Slack, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat

Reapportionment Act of 1961

On March 11, 1961, the Legislature passed an act reapportioning the state into five congressional districts, as follows:

First District—Braxton, Brooke, Calhoun, Doddridge, Gilmer, Hancock, Harrison, Lewis, Marion, Marshall, Ohio, Taylor and Wetzel.

Second District—Barbour, Berkeley, Grant, Greenbrier, Hampshire, Hardy, Jefferson, Mineral, Monongalia, Morgan, Pendleton, Pocahontas, Preston, Randolph, Tucker, Upshur and Webster.

Third District—Boone, Clay, Kanawha, Nicholas and Raleigh.

Fourth District—Cabell, Jackson, Lincoln, Logan, Mason, Pleasants, Putnam, Ritchie, Roane, Tyler, Wayne, Wirt and Wood.

Fifth District—Fayette, Mercer, Mingo, Monroe, McDowell, Summers and Wyoming.

Representation Under the Reapportionment Act of 1961

Eighty-eighth Congress

(January 3, 1963, to October 3, 1964)

Arch A. Moore, Jr., of Marshall; Republican
Harley O. Stagers, of Mineral; Democrat
John M. Slack, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat
Ken Hechler, of Cabell; Democrat
Mrs. Elizabeth Kee, of Mercer; Democrat

Eighty-ninth Congress

(January 4, 1965, to October 22, 1966)

Arch A. Moore, Jr., of Marshall; Republican
Harley O. Stagers, of Mineral; Democrat
John M. Slack, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat
Ken Hechler, of Cabell; Democrat
James Kee, of Mercer; Democrat

Ninetieth Congress

(January 10, 1967, to October 14, 1968)

Arch A. Moore, Jr., of Marshall; Republican
Harley O. Stagers, of Mineral; Democrat
John M. Slack, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat
Ken Hechler, of Cabell; Democrat
James Kee, of Mercer; Democrat

Ninety-first Congress

(January 3, 1969, to January 2, 1971)

Robert H. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
Harley O. Stagers, of Mineral; Democrat
John M. Slack, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat
Ken Hechler, of Cabell; Democrat
James Kee, of Mercer; Democrat

Ninety-second Congress

(January 21, 1971, to October 18, 1972)

Robert H. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
Harley O. Stagers, of Mineral; Democrat
John M. Slack, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat
Ken Hechler, of Cabell; Democrat
James Kee, of Mercer; Democrat

Reapportionment Act of 1971

On March 6, 1971, the Legislature passed an act reapportioning the state into four congressional districts, as follows:

First District—Hancock, Brooke, Ohio, Marshall, Wetzel, Marion, Harrison, Doddridge, Tyler, Pleasants and Wood.

Harrison, Lewis, Marion,
Hardy, Jefferson, Mineral,
Upshur and Webster.

Putnam, Ritchie, Roane, Tyler,
Wyoming.

Act of 1961

(74)

(80)

(85)

into four congressional

Doddridge, Tyler, Pleas-

Second District—Jefferson, Berkeley, Morgan, Hampshire, Mineral, Grant, Hardy, Tucker, Preston, Monongalia, Taylor, Barbour, Pendleton, Randolph, Upshur, Lewis, Pocahontas, Webster, Greenbrier, Monroe, Summers and Fayette.

Third District—Ritchie, Wirt, Gilmer, Calhoun, Mason, Jackson, Roane, Braxton, Putnam, Clay, Kanawha, Nicholas, Lincoln and Boone.

Fourth District—Cabell, Wayne, Mingo, Logan, Wyoming, McDowell, Raleigh and Mercer.

Representation Under the Reapportionment Act of 1971

Ninety-third Congress

(January 3, 1973, to December 20, 1974)

Robert H. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
Harley O. Staggers, of Mineral; Democrat
John M. Slack, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat
Ken Hechler, of Cabell; Democrat

Ninety-fourth Congress

(January 14, 1975, to October 1, 1976)

Robert H. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
Harley O. Staggers, of Mineral; Democrat
John M. Slack, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat
Ken Hechler, of Cabell; Democrat

Ninety-fifth Congress

(January 4, 1977, to October 15, 1978)

Robert H. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
Harley O. Staggers, of Mineral; Democrat
John M. Slack, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat
Nick J. Rahall II, of Raleigh; Democrat

Ninety-sixth Congress

(January 15, 1979, to December 16, 1980)

Robert H. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
Harley O. Staggers, of Mineral; Democrat
*John M. Slack, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat
*John G. Hutchinson, of Kanawha; Democrat
Nick J. Rahall II, of Raleigh; Democrat

Ninety-seventh Congress

(January 5, 1981, to December 23, 1982)

Robert H. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
Cleve Benedict, of Greenbrier; Republican
David Michael Staton, of Kanawha; Republican
Nick J. Rahall II, of Raleigh; Democrat

Reapportionment Act of 1982

On January 28, 1982, the Legislature passed an act reapportioning the state into four congressional districts, as follows:

First District—Brooke, Doddridge, Hancock; Harrison, Marion, Marshall, Ohio, Pleasants, Ritchie, Taylor, Tyler, Wetzel and Wood.

Second District—Barbour, Berkeley, Fayette, Grant, Greenbrier, Hampshire, Hardy, Jefferson, Mineral, Monongalia, Monroe, Morgan, Pendleton, Pocahontas, Preston, Randolph, Summers, Tucker, Upshur and Webster.

Third District—Boone, Braxton, Calhoun, Clay, Gilmer, Jackson, Kanawha, Lewis, Lincoln, Mason, Nicholas, Putnam, Roane and Wirt.

Fourth District—Cabell, Logan, McDowell, Mercer, Mingo, Raleigh, Wayne and Wyoming.

*Died March 17, 1980. John G. Hutchinson, Democrat, elected to fill the unexpired term.

Representation Under the Reapportionment Act of 1982**Ninety-eighth Congress****(January 3, 1983, to October 12, 1984)**

Alan B. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
 Harley O. Stagers, Jr., of Mineral; Democrat
 Robert E. Wise, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat
 Nick J. Rahall II, of Raleigh; Democrat

Ninety-ninth Congress**(January 3, 1985, to October 18, 1986)**

Alan B. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
 Harley O. Stagers, Jr., of Mineral; Democrat
 Robert E. Wise, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat
 Nick J. Rahall II, of Raleigh; Democrat

One Hundredth Congress**(January 6, 1987, to October 22, 1988)**

Alan B. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
 Harley O. Stagers, Jr., of Mineral; Democrat
 Robert E. Wise, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat
 Nick J. Rahall II, of Raleigh; Democrat

One Hundred First Congress**(January 3, 1989, to October 28, 1990)**

Alan B. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
 Harley O. Stagers, Jr., of Mineral; Democrat
 Robert E. Wise, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat
 Nick J. Rahall II, of Raleigh; Democrat

One Hundred Second Congress**(January 3, 1991, to October 9, 1992)**

Alan B. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
 Harley O. Stagers, Jr., of Mineral; Democrat
 Robert E. Wise, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat
 Nick J. Rahall II, of Raleigh; Democrat

Reapportionment of 1991

On October 11, 1991, the Legislature passed an act reapportioning the state into three congressional districts, as follows:

First District—Barbour, Brooke, Doddridge, Grant, Hancock, Harrison, Marion, Marshall, Mineral, Monongalia, Ohio, Pleasants, Preston, Ritchie, Taylor, Tucker, Tyler, Wetzel and Wood.

Second District—Berkeley, Braxton, Calhoun, Clay, Gilmer, Hampshire, Hardy, Jackson, Jefferson, Kanawha, Lewis, Mason, Morgan, Nicholas, Pendleton, Putnam, Randolph, Roane, Upshur and Wirt.

Third District—Boone, Cabell, Fayette, Greenbrier, Lincoln, Logan, McDowell, Mercer, Mingo, Monroe, Pocahontas, Raleigh, Summers, Wayne, Webster and Wyoming.

Representation Under the Reapportionment Act of 1991**One Hundred Third Congress****(January 5, 1993, to December 20, 1994)**

Alan B. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
 Robert E. Wise, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat
 Nick J. Rahall II, of Raleigh; Democrat

One Hundred Fourth Congress**(January 4, 1995, to January 3, 1997)**

Alan B. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
 Robert E. Wise, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat
 Nick J. Rahall II, of Raleigh; Democrat

**One Hundred Fifth Congress
(January 7, 1997, to December 19, 1998)**

Alan B. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
Robert E. Wise, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat
Nick J. Rahall II, of Raleigh; Democrat

**One Hundred Sixth Congress
(January 6, 1999, to December 15, 2000)**

Alan B. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
Robert E. Wise, Jr., of Kanawha; Democrat
Nick J. Rahall II, of Raleigh; Democrat

**One Hundred Seventh Congress
(January 3, 2001, to December 16, 2002)**

Alan B. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
Shelley Moore Capito, of Kanawha; Republican
Nick J. Rahall II, of Raleigh; Democrat

Reapportionment of 2001

On September 19, 2001, the Legislature passed an act reapportioning the state into three congressional districts, as follows:

First District—Barbour, Brooke, Doddridge, Gilmer, Grant, Hancock, Harrison, Marion, Marshall, Mineral, Monongalia, Ohio, Pleasants, Preston, Ritchie, Taylor, Tucker, Tyler, Wetzel and Wood.

Second District—Berkeley, Braxton, Calhoun, Clay, Hampshire, Hardy, Jackson, Jefferson, Kanawha, Lewis, Mason, Morgan, Pendleton, Putnam, Randolph, Roane, Upshur and Wirt.

Third District—Boone, Cabell, Fayette, Greenbrier, Lincoln, Logan, McDowell, Mercer, Mingo, Monroe, Nicholas, Pocahontas, Raleigh, Summers, Wayne, Webster and Wyoming.

Representation Under the Reapportionment Act of 2001

**One Hundred Eighth Congress
(January 7, 2003, to December 8, 2004)**

Alan B. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
Shelley Moore Capito, of Kanawha; Republican
Nick J. Rahall II, of Raleigh; Democrat

**One Hundred Ninth Congress
(January 4, 2005, to December 8, 2006)**

Alan B. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
Shelley Moore Capito, of Kanawha; Republican
Nick J. Rahall II, of Raleigh; Democrat

**One Hundred Tenth Congress
(January 4, 2007, to)**

Alan B. Mollohan, of Marion; Democrat
Shelley Moore Capito, of Kanawha; Republican
Nick J. Rahall II, of Raleigh; Democrat

Reapportionment Act of 1982

Congress
November 12, 1984)

Congress
November 16, 1986)

Congress
November 22, 1988)

Congress
November 28, 1990)

Congress
November 19, 1992)

the state into three congressional

Marion, Marshall, Mineral,
Holland Wood.

Hardy, Jackson, Jefferson,
Roane, Upshur and Wirt.

McDowell; Mercer, Mingo, Mon-

Act of 1991

EXHIBIT F

STATISTICS
OF THE
CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION
OF
NOVEMBER 2, 2010

SHOWING THE VOTE CAST FOR EACH NOMINEE
FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR, REPRESENTATIVE,
AND DELEGATE TO THE ONE HUNDRED TWELFTH
CONGRESS, TOGETHER WITH A RECAPITULATION
THEREOF

COMPILED FROM OFFICIAL SOURCES BY

KAREN L. HAAS

CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

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(Corrected to June 3, 2011)



WASHINGTON : 2011

**STATISTICS OF THE CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION OF
NOVEMBER 2, 2010**

(Number which precedes name of candidate designates Congressional District.)

ALABAMA

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Richard C. Shelby, Republican	968,181
William G. Barnes, Democrat	515,619
Write-in	1,699

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Jo Bonner, Republican	129,063
David Walter, Constitution Party of Alabama	26,357
Write-in	861
2. Martha Roby, Republican	111,645
Bobby Bright, Democrat	106,865
Write-in	518
3. Mike Rogers, Republican	117,736
Steve Segrest, Democrat	80,204
Write-in	199
4. Robert B. Aderholt, Republican	167,714
Write-in	2,007
5. Mo Brooks, Republican	131,109
Steve Raby, Democrat	95,192
Write-in	189
6. Spencer Bachus, Republican	205,288
Write-in	4,076
7. Don Chamberlain, Republican	51,890
Terri A. Sewell, Democrat	136,696
Write-in	138

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Alabama

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Democ- ratic	Con- stitu- tion Party of Ala- bama	Write- in	Total
Representatives:					
1st district	129,063	.....	26,357	861	156,281
2d district	111,645	106,865	.....	518	219,028
3d district	117,736	80,204	.....	199	198,139
4th district	167,714	.....	.....	2,007	169,721
5th district	131,109	95,192	.....	189	226,490
6th district	205,288	.....	.....	4,076	209,364
7th district	51,890	136,696	.....	138	188,724
Total	914,445	418,957	26,357	7,988	1,367,747
Senator	968,181	515,619	.....	1,699	1,485,499

ALASKA

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Joe Miller, Republican	90,839
Write-in	21
Scott T. McAdams, Democrat	60,045
Fredrick "David" Haase, Libertarian	1,459
Tim Carter, Nonaffiliated	927
Ted Gianoutsos, Nonaffiliated	458
Other	602
Write-in	61
Lisa Murkowski, Write-in	101,091

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

AT LARGE

Don Young, Republican	175,384
Harry T. Crawford, Jr., Democrat	77,606
Write-in	1,345

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Alaska

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Libertarian	Non-affiliated	Other	Write-in	Total
Representative:							
At large	175,384	77,606	.....	.....	.....	1,345	254,335
Senator	90,839	60,045	1,459	1,385	602	101,173	255,503

ARIZONA

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

John McCain, Republican	1,005,615
Rodney Glassman, Democrat	592,011
David F. Nolan, Libertarian	80,097
Jerry Joslyn, Green	24,603
Ian Gilyeat, Write-in	5,938
Loyd Ellis, Write-in	160
Santos Chavez, Write-in	39
Sydney Dudikoff, Write-in	14
Ray J. Caplette, Write-in	7

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Paul Gosar, Republican	112,816
Ann Kirkpatrick, Democrat	99,233
Nicole Patti, Libertarian	14,869
2. Trent Franks, Republican	173,173
John Thrasher, Democrat	82,891
Powell Gammill, Libertarian	10,820
William Crum, Write-in	8
Mark Rankin, Write-in	2
3. Ben Quayle, Republican	108,689
Jon Hulburd, Democrat	85,610
Michael Shoen, Libertarian	10,478
Leonard Clark, Green	3,294
4. Janet Contreras, Republican	25,300
Ed Pastor, Democrat	61,524
Joe Cobb, Libertarian	2,718
Rebecca Dewitt, Green	2,365
5. David Schweikert, Republican	110,374
Harry E. Mitchell, Democrat	91,749
Nick Coons, Libertarian	10,127
6. Jeff Flake, Republican	165,649
Rebecca Schneider, Democrat	72,615
Darell Tapp, Libertarian	7,712
Richard Grayson, Green	3,407

ARIZONA—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

7. Ruth McClung, Republican	70,385
Raúl M. Grijalva, Democrat	79,935
Harley Meyer, Independent	4,506
George Keane, Libertarian	4,318
8. Jesse Kelly, Republican	134,124
Gabrielle Giffords, Democrat	138,280
Steven Stoltz, Libertarian	11,174

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Arizona

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Independent	Libertarian	Green	Write-in	Total
Representatives:							
1st district	112,816	99,233	.....	14,869	.....	.....	226,918
2d district	173,173	82,891	.....	10,820	.....	10	266,894
3d district	108,689	85,610	.....	10,478	3,294	.....	208,071
4th district	25,300	61,524	.....	2,718	2,365	.....	91,907
5th district	110,374	91,749	.....	10,127	.....	.....	212,250
6th district	165,649	72,615	.....	7,712	3,407	.....	249,383
7th district	70,385	79,935	4,506	4,318	.....	.....	159,144
8th district	134,124	138,280	.....	11,174	.....	.....	283,578
Total	900,510	711,837	4,506	72,216	9,066	10	1,698,145
Senator	1,005,615	592,011	.....	80,097	24,603	6,158	1,708,484

ARKANSAS

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

John Boozman, Republican	451,618
Blanche L. Lincoln, Democrat	288,156
Trevor Drown, Independent	25,234
John Laney Gray III, Green	14,430
Write-in	376
Stephan "Troublemaker" Hercher, Write-in	143

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Rick Crawford, Republican	93,224
Chad Causey, Democrat	78,267
Ken Adler, Green	8,320
Mickey Higgins, Write-in	196
Write-in	9
2. Tim Griffin, Republican	122,091
Joyce Elliott, Democrat	80,687
Lance Levi, Independent	4,421
Lewis Kennedy, Green	3,599
Write-in	40
Danial Suits, Write-in	14
3. Steve Womack, Republican	148,581
David Whitaker, Democrat	56,542
4. Beth Anne Rankin, Republican	71,526
Mike Ross, Democrat	102,479
Josh Drake, Green	4,129

4

ARKANSAS—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Arkansas

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Democ- ratic	Inde- pend- ent	Green	Write- in	Total
Representatives:						
1st district	93,224	78,267	.....	8,320	205	180,016
2d district	122,091	80,687	4,421	3,599	54	210,852
3d district	148,581	56,542	.....	.....	.....	205,123
4th district	71,526	102,479	.....	4,129	.....	178,134
Total	495,422	317,975	4,421	16,048	259	774,125
Senator	451,618	288,156	25,234	14,430	519	779,957

CALIFORNIA

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Carly Fiorina, Republican	4,217,366
Barbara Boxer, Democrat	5,218,441
Gail K. Lightfoot, Libertarian	175,242
Edward C. Noonan, American Independent	125,441
Duane Roberts, Green	128,510
Marsha Feinland, Peace and Freedom	135,093
James E. Harris, Write-in	41
Connor Vlakangic, Write-in	11
Jerry Leon Carroll, Write-in	10
Hans J. Kugler, Write-in	5

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Loren Hanks, Republican	72,803
Mike Thompson, Democrat	147,307
Mike Rodrigues, Libertarian	5,996
Carol Wolman, Green	8,486
2. Wally Herger, Republican	130,837
Jim Reed, Democrat	98,092
Mark A. Jensen, Write-in	11
3. Daniel E. Lungren, Republican	131,169
Ami Bera, Democrat	113,128
Douglas Arthur Tuma, Libertarian	6,275
Jerry L. Leidecker, American Independent	6,577
Mike Roskey, Peace and Freedom	4,789
4. Tom McClintock, Republican	186,397
Clint Curtis, Democrat	95,653
Benjamin "Ben" Emery, Green	22,179
5. Paul A. Smith, Republican	43,577
Doris O. Matsui, Democrat	124,220
Gerald Allen Frink, Peace and Freedom	4,594
Tony Lacy, Write-in	19
6. Jim Judd, Republican	77,361
Lynn C. Woolsey, Democrat	172,216
Joel Smolen, Libertarian	5,660
Eugene E. Ruyle, Peace and Freedom	5,915
7. Rick Tubbs, Republican	56,764
George Miller, Democrat	122,435
8. John Dennis, Republican	31,711
Nancy Pelosi, Democrat	167,957
Philip Berg, Libertarian	4,843
Gloria E. La Riva, Peace and Freedom	5,161
Summer Shields, Write-in	24

CALIFORNIA—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

9. Gerald Hashimoto, Republican	23,054
Barbara Lee, Democrat	180,400
James Eyer, Libertarian	4,113
Dave Heller, Green	4,848
Larry Allen, Peace and Freedom	1,670
10. Gary Clift, Republican	88,512
John Garamendi, Democrat	137,578
Jeremy Cloward, Green	7,716
11. David Harmer, Republican	112,703
Jerry McNerney, Democrat	115,361
David Christensen, American Independent	12,439
12. Mike Moloney, Republican	44,475
Jackie Speier, Democrat	152,044
Mark Paul Williams, Libertarian	4,611
Joseph Michael Harding, Write-in	32
13. Forest Baker, Republican	45,575
Fortney Pete Stark, Democrat	118,278
Chris Pareja, Write-in	525
14. Dave Chapman, Republican	60,917
Anna G. Eshoo, Democrat	151,217
Paul Lazaga, Libertarian	6,735
15. Scott Kirkland, Republican	60,468
Michael M. Honda, Democrat	126,147
16. Daniel Sahagun, Republican	37,913
Zoe Lofgren, Democrat	105,841
Edward Gonzalez, Libertarian	12,304
17. Jeff Taylor, Republican	53,176
Sam Farr, Democrat	118,734
Mary V. Larkin, Libertarian	2,742
Eric Petersen, Green	3,397
Ronald P. Kabat, Write-in	90
18. Michael Clare Berryhill, Sr., Republican	51,716
Dennis A. Cardoza, Democrat	72,853
19. Jeff Denham, Republican	128,394
Loraine Goodwin, Democrat	69,912
Les Marsden, Write-in	596
20. Andy Vidak, Republican	43,197
Jim Costa, Democrat	46,247
21. Devin Nunes, Republican	135,979
22. Kevin McCarthy, Republican	173,490
John Uehersax, Write-in	2,173
23. Tom Watson, Republican	72,744
Lois Capps, Democrat	111,768
John V. Hager, Independent	5,625
Darrell M. Stafford, Libertarian	3,326
24. Elton Gallegly, Republican	144,055
Timothy J. Allison, Democrat	96,279
25. Howard P. "Buck" McKeon, Republican	118,308
Jackie Conaway, Democrat	73,028
26. David Dreier, Republican	112,774
Russ Warner, Democrat	76,093
Randall Weissbuch, Libertarian	6,696
David L. Miller, American Independent	12,784
27. Mark Reed, Republican	55,056
Brad Sherman, Democrat	102,927

CALIFORNIA—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

28. Merlin Froyd, Republican	28,493
Howard L. Berman, Democrat	88,385
Carlos A. Rodriguez, Libertarian	10,229
29. John P. Colbert, Republican	51,534
Adam B. Schiff, Democrat	104,374
William P. Cushing, Libertarian	5,218
30. Charles E. Wilkerson, Republican	75,948
Henry A. Waxman, Democrat	153,663
Erich D. Miller, Libertarian	5,021
Richard R. Castaldo, Peace and Freedom	3,115
31. Stephen C. Smith, Republican	14,740
Xavier Becerra, Democrat	76,363
Sal Genovese, Write-in	3
32. Edward "Ed" Schmerling, Republican	31,697
Judy Chu, Democrat	77,759
33. James L. Andion, Republican	21,342
Karen Bass, Democrat	131,990
Mervin Leon Evans, Write-in	1
34. Wayne Miller, Republican	20,457
Lucille Roybal-Allard, Democrat	69,382
35. K. Bruce Brown, Republican	25,561
Maxine Waters, Democrat	98,131
Suleiman Charles Edmondson, Write-in	2
36. Mattie Fein, Republican	66,706
Jane Harman, Democrat	114,489
Herb Peters, Libertarian	10,840
37. Star Parker, Republican	29,159
Laura Richardson, Democrat	85,799
Nicholas Dibs, Independent	10,560
38. Robert Vaughn, Republican	30,883
Grace F. Napolitano, Democrat	85,459
39. Larry S. Andre, Republican	42,037
Linda T. Sánchez, Democrat	81,590
John A. Smith, American Independent	5,334
40. Edward R. Royce, Republican	119,455
Christina Avalos, Democrat	59,400
41. Jerry Lewis, Republican	127,857
Pat Meagher, Democrat	74,394
Pamela Zander, Write-in	35
42. Gary G. Miller, Republican	127,161
Michael Williamson, Democrat	65,122
Mark Lambert, Libertarian	12,115
43. Scott Folkens, Republican	36,890
Joe Baca, Democrat	70,026
44. Ken Calvert, Republican	107,482
Bill Hedrick, Democrat	85,784
45. Mary Bono Mack, Republican	106,472
Steve Pougnet, Democrat	87,141
Bill Lussenheide, American Independent	13,188
46. Dana Rohrabacher, Republican	139,822
Ken Arnold, Democrat	84,940
Jay Shah, Write-in	20
47. Van Tran, Republican	37,679
Loretta Sanchez, Democrat	50,832
Cecilia "Ceci" Iglesias, Independent	7,443

CALIFORNIA—Continued**FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued**

48. John Campbell, Republican	145,481
Beth Krom, Democrat	88,465
Mike Binkley, Libertarian	8,773
49. Darrell E. Issa, Republican	119,088
Howard Katz, Democrat	59,714
Mike Paster, Libertarian	4,290
Dion Clark, American Independent	6,585
50. Brian P. Bilbray, Republican	142,247
Francine Busby, Democrat	97,818
Lars Grossmith, Libertarian	5,546
Miriam E. Clark, Peace and Freedom	5,470
51. Nick Popaditch, Republican	57,488
Bob Filner, Democrat	86,423
Marcus Jay Shapiro, Write-in	5
52. Duncan Hunter, Republican	139,460
Ray Lutz, Democrat	70,870
Michael Benoit, Libertarian	10,732
53. Michael Crimmins, Republican	57,230
Susan A. Davis, Democrat	104,800
Paul Dekker, Libertarian	6,298

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in California

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Independent	Libertarian	American Independent	Green	Peace and Freedom	Write-in	Total
Representatives:									
1st district	72,803	147,307		5,996		8,486			234,592
2d district	130,837	98,092						11	228,942
3d district	131,169	113,128		6,275	6,577	22,179	4,789		267,938
4th district	186,397	95,653						19	304,229
5th district	43,577	124,220					4,594		172,410
6th district	77,361	172,216		5,660			5,915		261,152
7th district	56,764	122,435						24	179,199
8th district	31,711	167,957		4,843			5,161		209,696
9th district	23,054	180,400		4,113	12,439	4,848	1,670		214,085
10th district	112,703	137,578						32	233,806
11th district	88,612	115,361		4,611				625	201,162
12th district	44,475	152,944							164,378
13th district	45,575	153,217		6,735					218,869
14th district	60,845	126,147							186,615
15th district	37,913	105,841							156,058
16th district	53,176	118,734		2,742		3,397		90	178,139
17th district	51,716	72,853							124,569
18th district	128,984	69,912						596	186,742
19th district	43,197	46,247							89,444
20th district	135,979								132,479
21st district	173,490							2,173	175,663
22d district	72,744	111,768	5,625	3,326					193,463
23d district	144,055	96,279							240,334
24th district	118,308	73,028							191,336
25th district	112,774	76,093		6,696	12,784				208,347
26th district	55,056	102,927							157,983
27th district	28,493	88,355		10,220					127,107
28th district	51,534	154,643		5,218					161,126
29th district	75,948	126,643		5,021					207,612
30th district	14,697	77,363							91,106
31st district	21,349	77,759					3,115		237,747
32d district	20,457	69,382						3	89,846
33th district	25,561	98,131						1	123,694
34th district	66,706	114,489		10,840				2	182,518
35th district	29,159	85,799							115,342
36th district	30,883	85,459	10,560						128,961
37th district	42,037	81,590			5,334				178,855
38th district	119,455	59,400						35	202,286
39th district	127,857	74,394							204,398
40th district	127,161	65,122		12,115					106,916
41st district	36,890	70,026							193,266
42d district	107,482	85,764							206,801
43d district	106,472	87,941			13,188			20	224,782
44th district	139,822	50,832							96,954
45th district	135,431	50,832	7,443						242,719
46th district	145,431	88,465		8,773					189,677
47th district	119,088	59,714		4,290	6,585				203,674
48th district	142,247	97,818		5,546					240,571
49th district	57,488	86,423					5,470		143,381
50th district	139,460	70,870		10,732					221,062
51st district	57,230	104,800		6,298					168,328
52d district									
53d district									
Total	4,195,494	5,148,828	23,628	142,363	56,907	46,626	30,714	3,536	9,648,096
Senator	4,217,366	5,218,441		175,242	125,441	128,510	135,093	67	10,000,160

COLORADO

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Ken Buck, Republican	822,731
Michael F. Bennet, Democrat	851,590
Maclyn "Mac" Stringer, Libertarian	22,589
Bob Kinsey, Green	38,768
Jason Napolitano, Independent Reform	19,415
Charley Miller, Unaffiliated	11,330
J. Moromisato, Unaffiliated	5,767
Robert Rank, Write-in	67
Michele M. Newman, Write-in	19
Bruce E. Lohmiller, Write-in	10

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Mike Fallon, Republican	59,747
Diana DeGette, Democrat	140,073
Clint Jones, Libertarian	2,867
Gary Swing, Green	2,923
Chris Styskal, American Constitution	2,141
2. Stephen Bailey, Republican	98,171
Jared Polis, Democrat	148,720
Curtis Harris, Libertarian	5,056
Jenna Goss, American Constitution	7,080
Henry Raibourn, Write-in	7
3. Scott R. Tipton, Republican	129,257
John T. Salazar, Democrat	118,048
Gregory Gilman, Libertarian	5,678
Jake Segrest, Unaffiliated	4,982
John W. Hargis, Sr., Write-in	23
James Fritz, Write-in	11
4. Cory Gardner, Republican	138,634
Betsy Markey, Democrat	109,249
Doug Aden, American Constitution	12,312
Ken "Wasko" Waszkiewicz, Unaffiliated	3,986
5. Doug Lamborn, Republican	152,829
Kevin Bradley, Democrat	68,039
Jerell Klaver, Libertarian	5,680
Brian "Barron X" Scott, American Constitution	5,886
6. Mike Coffman, Republican	217,368
John Flerlage, Democrat	104,104
Rob McNealy, Libertarian	9,466
Michael Shawn Kearns, Write-in	5
7. Ryan Frazier, Republican	88,026
Ed Perlmutter, Democrat	112,667
Buck Bailey, Libertarian	10,117

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Colorado

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Libertarian	Green	American Constitution	Independent Reform	Unaffiliated	Write-in	Total
Representatives:									
1st district	59,747	140,073	2,867	2,923	2,141				207,751
2d district	98,171	148,720	5,056		7,080			7	259,034
3d district	129,257	118,048	5,678				4,982	34	257,999
4th district	138,634	109,249					3,986		264,181
5th district	152,829	68,039	5,680		5,886				232,434
6th district	217,368	104,104	9,466					5	330,943
7th district	88,026	112,667	10,117						210,810
Total	884,032	800,900	38,864	2,923	27,419		8,968	46	1,763,152
Senator	822,731	851,590	22,589	38,768		19,415	17,097	96	1,772,286

CONNECTICUT

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Linda E. McMahon, Republican	498,341
Richard Blumenthal, Democrat	605,204
Working Families	30,836
Warren B. Mosler, Independent	11,275
John Mertens, Connecticut for Lieberman	6,735
Brian K. Hill, Write-in	559
Jeff Russell, Write-in	45
Todd Vachon, Write-in	45
Carl E. Vassar, Write-in	31
Jay J. Giles, Write-in	17
John Traceski, Write-in	15
Matthew Coleman, Write-in	7
Dave Olszta, Write-in	5

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Ann Brickley, Republican	84,076
John B. Larson, Democrat	130,538
Working Families	7,902
Kenneth J. Krayeske, Green	2,564
Christopher J. Hutchinson, Socialist Action	955
Daniel J. Stepanek, Write-in	3
2. Janet Peckinpugh, Republican	95,671
Joe Courtney, Democrat	140,888
Working Families	6,860
G. Scott Deshefy, Green	3,344
Daniel Reale, Write-in	27
Muriel P. Bianchi, Write-in	19
3. Jerry Labriola, Jr., Republican	74,107
Rosa L. DeLauro, Democrat	134,544
Working Families	9,021
Charles A. Pillsbury, Green	2,984
Boaz Itshaky, Write-in	5
4. Dan Debicella, Republican	102,030
James A. Himes, Democrat	110,746
Working Families	4,605
Eugene Flanagan, Write-in	10
5. Sam S. F. Caligiuri, Republican	102,092
Independent	2,310
Christopher S. Murphy, Democrat	118,231
Working Families	4,648
John Pistone, Write-in	20
Elmon Smith, Write-in	2

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Connecticut

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Independent	Working Families	Green	Connecticut for Lieberman	Socialist Action	Write-in	Total
Representatives:									
1st district	84,076	130,538		7,902	2,564		955	3	226,038
2d district	95,671	140,888		6,860	3,344			46	246,809
3d district	74,107	134,544		9,021	2,984			5	220,661
4th district	102,030	110,746		4,605				10	217,391
5th district	102,092	118,231	2,310	4,648				22	227,303
Total	457,976	634,947	2,310	33,036	8,892		955	86	1,138,202
Senator	498,341	605,204	11,275	30,836		6,735		724	1,153,115

DELAWARE

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Christine O'Donnell, Republican	123,053
Christopher A. Coons, Democrat	174,012
Glenn A. Miller, Independent Party of Delaware	8,201
James W. Rash, Jr., Libertarian	2,101
Maurice F. Bourgeois, Write-in	25
Samtra Devard, Write-in	10

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

AT LARGE

Glen Urquhart, Republican	125,442
John C. Carney, Jr., Democrat	173,543
Earl R. Lofland, Independent Party of Delaware	3,704
Brent A. Wangen, Libertarian	1,986
Jeffrey Brown, Blue Enigma	961

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Delaware

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Democ- ratic	Inde- pend- ent Party of Dela- ware	Liber- tari- an	Blue Enig- ma	Write- in	Total
Representative: At large	125,442	173,543	3,704	1,986	961	.....	305,636
Senator	123,053	174,012	8,201	2,101	.....	35	307,402

FLORIDA

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Marco Rubio, Republican	2,645,743
Kendrick B. Meek, Democrat	1,092,936
Alexander Andrew Snitker, Libertarian	24,850
Bernie DeCastro, Constitution Party of Florida	4,792
Charlie Crist, No Party Affiliation	1,607,549
Sue Askeland, No Party Affiliation	15,340
Rick Tyler, No Party Affiliation	7,397
Lewis Jerome Armstrong, No Party Affiliation	4,443
Bobbie Bean, No Party Affiliation	4,301
Bruce Ray Riggs, No Party Affiliation	3,647
Piotr Blass, Write-in	47
Richard Lock, Write-in	18
Belinda Gail Quarterman-Noah, Write-in	18
George Drake, Write-in	13
Robert Monroe, Write-in	6
Howard Knepper, Write-in	4
Carol Ann Joyce LaRosa, Write-in	2

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Jeff Miller, Republican	170,821
Joe Cantrell, No Party Affiliation	23,250
John Krause, No Party Affiliation	18,253
Jim Bryan, Write-in	1,202
2. Steve Southerland, Republican	136,371
Allen Boyd, Democrat	105,211
Paul C. McKain, No Party Affiliation	7,135
Dianne Berryhill, No Party Affiliation	5,705
Ray Netherwood, Write-in	16
3. Michael "Mike" Yost, Republican	50,932
Corrine Brown, Democrat	94,744
Terry Martin-Back, No Party Affiliation	4,625

FLORIDA—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

4. Ander Crenshaw, Republican	178,238
Troy D. Stanley, No Party Affiliation	52,540
Deborah "Deb" Katz Pueschel, Write-in	40
Gary L. Koniz, Write-in	27
5. Richard B. "Rich" Nugent, Republican	208,815
James "Jim" Piccillo, Democrat	100,858
6. Cliff Stearns, Republican	179,349
Steve Schonberg, No Party Affiliation	71,632
7. John L. Mica, Republican	185,470
Heather Beaven, Democrat	83,206
8. Daniel Webster, Republican	123,586
Alan Grayson, Democrat	84,167
Peg Dunmire, Tea Party	8,337
George L. Metcalfe, No Party Affiliation	4,143
Steven J. Gerritzen, Write-in	11
9. Gus M. Bilirakis, Republican	165,433
Anita de Palma, Democrat	66,158
10. C. W. Bill Young, Republican	137,943
Charlie Justice, Democrat	71,313
11. Mike Prendergast, Republican	61,817
Kathy Castor, Democrat	91,328
12. Dennis A. Ross, Republican	102,704
Lori Edwards, Democrat	87,769
Randy Wilkinson, Tea Party	22,857
13. Vern Buchanan, Republican	183,811
James T. Golden, Democrat	83,123
14. Connie Mack, Republican	188,341
James Lloyd Roach, Democrat	74,525
William Maverick St. Claire, No Party Affiliation	11,825
15. Bill Posey, Republican	157,079
Shannon Roberts, Democrat	85,595
16. Thomas J. Rooney, Republican	162,285
Jim Horn, Democrat	80,327
William Dean, Write-in	151
17. Frederica S. Wilson, Democrat	106,361
Roderick D. Vereen, No Party Affiliation	17,009
18. Ileana Ros-Lehtinen, Republican	102,360
Rolando A. Banciella, Democrat	46,235
19. Joe Budd, Republican	78,733
Theodore E. Deutch, Democrat	132,098
Stan Smilan, Write-in	228
20. Karen Harrington, Republican	63,845
Debbie Wasserman Schultz, Democrat	100,787
Stanley Blumenthal, No Party Affiliation	1,663
Robert Kunst, No Party Affiliation	1,272
Clayton Schock, Write-in	3
21. Mario Diaz-Balart, Republican	(1)
22. Allen West, Republican	118,890
Ron Klein, Democrat	99,804
23. Bernard Sansaricq, Republican	26,414
Alcee L. Hastings, Democrat	100,066

FLORIDA—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

24. Sandra "Sandy" Adams, Republican	146,129
Suzanne M. Kosmas, Democrat	98,787
Nicholas Ruiz III, Write-in	115
25. David Rivera, Republican	74,859
Joe Garcia, Democrat	61,138
Roly Arrojo, Tea Party	4,312
Craig Porter, Florida Whig Party	3,244

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Florida

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Tea Party	Liber-tarian	Con-stitution Party of Florida	Flor-ida Whig Party	No Party Af-filiation	Write-in	Total
Representatives:							41,503	1,202	213,526
1st district	170,821						12,840	16	254,438
2d district	136,371	105,211					4,625		150,301
3d district	50,932	94,744					52,540	67	230,845
4th district	178,238								309,873
5th district	208,815	100,858					71,632		250,881
6th district	179,349								268,876
7th district	185,470	83,206					4,143	11	220,244
8th district	123,586	84,167	8,337						231,591
9th district	165,433	66,158							209,256
10th district	137,943	71,313							153,145
11th district	61,817	91,328							213,330
12th district	102,704	87,769	22,857						266,934
13th district	183,811	83,123					11,825		274,691
14th district	188,341	74,525							242,674
15th district	157,079	85,595						151	242,763
16th district	162,285	80,327					17,009		123,370
17th district		106,361							148,595
18th district	102,360	46,235						228	211,059
19th district	78,733	132,098					2,935	3	167,570
20th district	63,845	100,787							(1)
21st district	(1)								218,694
22d district	118,890	99,804							126,480
23d district	26,414	100,066						115	245,031
24th district	146,129	98,787				3,244			143,553
25th district	74,859	61,138	4,312						
Total	3,004,225	1,853,600	35,506			3,244	219,052	1,793	5,117,420
Senator	2,645,743	1,092,936		24,850	4,792		1,642,677	108	5,411,106

¹ According to Florida law, the names of those with no opposition are not printed on the ballot.

GEORGIA

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Johnny Isakson, Republican	1,489,904
Michael "Mike" Thurmond, Democrat	996,516
Chuck Donovan, Libertarian	68,750
Steve Davis, Write-in	52
Raymond Beckworth, Write-in	24
Brian Russell Brown, Write-in	12

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Jack Kingston, Republican	117,270
Oscar L. Harris II, Democrat	46,449
2. Mike Keown, Republican	81,673
Sanford D. Bishop, Jr., Democrat	86,520
3. Lynn A. Westmoreland, Republican	168,304
Frank Saunders, Democrat	73,932
Jagdish Agrawal, Write-in	3
4. Lisbeth "Liz" Carter, Republican	44,707
Henry C. "Hank" Johnson, Jr., Democrat	131,760
5. Fenn Little, Republican	46,622
John Lewis, Democrat	130,782

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GEORGIA—Continued**FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued**

6. Tom Price, Republican	198,100
Sean Greenberg, Write-in	188
7. Rob Woodall, Republican	160,898
Doug Heckman, Democrat	78,996
8. Austin Scott, Republican	102,770
Jim Marshall, Democrat	92,250
9. Tom Graves, Republican	173,512
10. Paul C. Broun, Republican	138,062
Russell Edwards, Democrat	66,905
11. Phil Gingrey, Republican	163,515
12. Raymond McKinney, Republican	70,938
John Barrow, Democrat	92,459
13. Mike Crane, Republican	61,771
David Scott, Democrat	140,294

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Georgia

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Democ- ratic	Liber- tarian	Write- in	Total
Representatives:					
1st district	117,270	46,449	.....	.....	163,719
2d district	81,673	86,520	.....	.....	168,193
3d district	168,304	73,932	.....	3	242,239
4th district	44,707	131,760	.....	.....	176,467
5th district	46,622	130,782	.....	.....	177,404
6th district	198,100	.....	.....	188	198,288
7th district	160,898	78,996	.....	.....	239,894
8th district	102,770	92,250	.....	.....	195,020
9th district	173,512	.....	.....	.....	173,512
10th district	138,062	66,905	.....	.....	204,967
11th district	163,515	.....	.....	.....	163,515
12th district	70,938	92,459	.....	.....	163,397
13th district	61,771	140,294	.....	.....	202,065
Total	1,528,142	940,347	.....	191	2,468,680
Senator	1,489,904	996,516	68,750	88	2,555,258

HAWAII**FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR**

Cam Cavasso, Republican	79,939
Daniel K. Inouye, Democrat	277,228
Jim Brewer, Green	7,762
Lloyd Jeffrey Mallan, Libertarian	2,957
Jeff Jarrett, Nonpartisan	2,697

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Charles Djou, Republican	82,723
Colleen Hanabusa, Democrat	94,140
2. John W. Willoughby, Republican	46,404
Mazie K. Hirono, Democrat	132,290
Pat Brock, Libertarian	3,254
Andrew Vsevolod Von Sonn, Nonpartisan	1,310

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HAWAII—Continued**FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued***Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Hawaii*

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Demo- cratic	Green	Liber- tari- an	Non- parti- san	Total
Representatives:						
1st district	82,723	94,140	.....	.....	.....	176,863
2d district	46,404	132,290	.....	3,254	1,310	183,258
Total	129,127	226,430	.....	3,254	1,310	360,121
Senator	79,939	277,228	7,762	2,957	2,697	370,583

IDAHO**FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR**

Mike Crapo, Republican	319,953
P. Tom Sullivan, Democrat	112,057
Randy Lynn Bergquist, Constitution	17,429
Frederick R. Reinisch, Jr., Write-in	91

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Raul R. Labrador, Republican	126,231
Walt Minnick, Democrat	102,135
Dave Olson, Independent	14,365
Mike Washburn, Libertarian	4,696
2. Michael K. Simpson, Republican	137,468
Mike Crawford, Democrat	48,749
Brian Schad, Independent	13,500

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Idaho

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Demo- cratic	Inde- pend- ent	Con- stitu- tion	Liber- tari- an	Write- in	Total
Representatives:							
1st district	126,231	102,135	14,365	.....	4,696	.....	247,427
2d district	137,468	48,749	13,500	.....	.....	.....	199,717
Total	263,699	150,884	27,865	.....	4,696	.....	447,144
Senator	319,953	112,057	.....	17,429	.....	91	449,530

ILLINOIS**FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR**

Mark Steven Kirk, Republican	1,778,698
Alexander "Alexi" Giannoulis, Democrat	1,719,478
LeAlan M. Jones, Green	117,914
Mike Labno, Libertarian	87,247
Robert L. "Bob" Zadek, Write-in	561
Will Boyd, Write-in	468
Corey Dabney, Write-in	33
Susanne Atanus, Write-in	19
Shon-Tiyon "Santiago" Horton, Write-in	16
Avner Nager, Write-in	15
Stan Jagla, Write-in	12
Darren Raichart, Write-in	9
Lowell M. Seida, Write-in	3

ILLINOIS—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Raymond G. Wardingley, Republican	29,253
Bobby L. Rush, Democrat	148,170
Jeff Adams, Green	6,963
2. Isaac C. Hayes, Republican	25,883
Jesse L. Jackson, Jr., Democrat	150,666
Anthony W. Williams, Green	10,564
3. Michael A. Bendas, Republican	40,479
Daniel Lipinski, Democrat	116,120
Laurel Lambert Schmidt, Green	10,028
4. Israel Vasquez, Republican	11,711
Luis V. Gutierrez, Democrat	63,273
Robert J. Burns, Green	6,808
5. David Ratowitz, Republican	38,935
Mike Quigley, Democrat	108,360
Matthew Reichel, Green	6,140
6. Peter J. Roskam, Republican	114,456
Benjamin S. Lowe, Democrat	65,379
7. Mark M. Weiman, Republican	29,575
Danny K. Davis, Democrat	149,846
Clarence Desmond Clemons, Independent	4,428
8. Joe Walsh, Republican	98,115
Melissa L. Bean, Democrat	97,825
Bill Scheurer, Green	6,495
9. Joel Barry Pollak, Republican	55,182
Janice D. Schakowsky, Democrat	117,553
Simon Ribeiro, Green	4,472
10. Robert Dold, Republican	109,941
Daniel J. Seals, Democrat	105,290
Author C. Brumfield, Write-in	1
11. Adam Kinzinger, Republican	129,108
Deborah L. Halvorson, Democrat	96,019
12. Teri Newman, Republican	74,046
Jerry F. Costello, Democrat	121,272
Rodger Jennings, Green	7,387
13. Judy Biggert, Republican	152,132
Scott Harper, Democrat	86,281
14. Randall M. "Randy" Hultgren, Republican	112,369
Bill Foster, Democrat	98,645
Daniel J. Kairis, Green	7,949
Doug Marks, Write-in	50
15. Timothy V. Johnson, Republican	136,915
David Gill, Democrat	75,948
16. Donald A. Manzullo, Republican	138,299
George W. Gaulrapp, Democrat	66,037
Terry G. Campbell, Green	8,425
17. Bobby Schilling, Republican	104,583
Phil Hare, Democrat	85,454
Roger K. Davis, Green	8,861
18. Aaron Schock, Republican	152,868
Deirdre "D. K." Hirner, Democrat	57,046
Sheldon Schafer, Green	11,256
19. John Shimkus, Republican	166,166
Tim Bagwell, Democrat	67,132

ILLINOIS—Continued
FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued
Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Illinois

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Independent	Green	Libertarian	Write-in	Total
Representatives:							
1st district	29,253	148,170	.....	6,963	.....	.....	184,386
2d district	25,883	150,666	.....	10,564	.....	.....	187,113
3d district	40,479	116,120	.....	10,028	.....	.....	166,627
4th district	11,711	63,273	.....	6,808	.....	.....	81,792
5th district	38,935	108,360	.....	6,140	.....	.....	153,435
6th district	114,456	65,379	.....	.....	.....	.....	179,835
7th district	29,575	149,846	4,428	.....	.....	.....	183,849
8th district	98,115	97,825	.....	6,495	.....	.....	202,435
9th district	55,182	117,553	.....	4,472	.....	.....	177,207
10th district	109,941	105,290	.....	.....	.....	1	215,232
11th district	129,108	96,019	.....	.....	.....	.....	225,127
12th district	74,046	121,272	.....	7,387	.....	.....	202,705
13th district	152,132	86,281	.....	.....	.....	.....	238,413
14th district	112,369	98,645	.....	7,949	.....	50	219,013
15th district	136,915	75,948	.....	.....	.....	.....	212,863
16th district	138,299	66,037	.....	8,425	.....	.....	212,761
17th district	104,583	85,454	.....	8,861	.....	.....	198,898
18th district	152,868	57,046	.....	11,256	.....	.....	221,170
19th district	166,166	67,132	.....	.....	.....	.....	233,298
Total	1,720,016	1,876,316	4,428	95,348	.....	51	3,696,159
Senator	1,778,698	1,719,478	.....	117,914	87,247	1,136	3,704,473

INDIANA

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Dan Coats, Republican	952,116
Brad Ellsworth, Democrat	697,775
Rebecca Sink-Burris, Libertarian	94,330
Jim Miller, Write-in	161
Jack Rooney, Write-in (Independent)	99

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Mark Leyva, Republican	65,558
Peter J. Visclosky, Democrat	99,387
Jon Morris, Libertarian	4,762
2. Jackie Walorski, Republican	88,803
Joe Donnelly, Democrat	91,341
Mark Vogel, Libertarian	9,447
3. Marlin A. Stutzman, Republican	116,140
Thomas Hayhurst, Democrat	61,267
Scott Wise, Libertarian	7,631
Tom Metzger, Write-in (Independent)	10
Wes Stephens, Write-in (Independent)	1
4. Todd Rokita, Republican	138,732
David Sanders, Democrat	53,167
John Duncan, Libertarian	10,423
5. Dan Burton, Republican	146,899
Tim Crawford, Democrat	60,024
Jesse C. Trueblood, Independent	11,218
Richard "Chard" Reid, Libertarian	18,266
6. Mike Pence, Republican	126,027
Barry Welsh, Democrat	56,647
Talmage "T. J." Thompson, Jr., Libertarian	6,635
7. Marvin B. Scott, Republican	55,213
André Carson, Democrat	86,011
Dav Wilson, Libertarian	4,815

INDIANA—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

8. Larry D. Bucshon, Republican	117,259
W. Trent VanHaften, Democrat	76,265
John Cunningham, Libertarian	10,240
9. Todd Young, Republican	118,040
Baron P. Hill, Democrat	95,353
Greg "No Bull" Knott, Libertarian	12,070
Jerry R. Lucas, Write-in (Independent)	69

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Indiana

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Demo- cratic	Inde- pend- ent	Liber- tarian	Write- in (Inde- pend- ent)	Write- in	Total
Representatives:							
1st district	65,558	99,387	.....	4,762	.....	.....	169,707
2d district	88,803	91,341	.....	9,447	.....	.....	189,591
3d district	116,140	61,267	.....	7,631	11	.....	185,049
4th district	138,732	53,167	.....	10,423	.....	.....	202,322
5th district	146,899	60,024	11,218	18,266	.....	.....	236,407
6th district	126,027	56,647	.....	6,635	.....	.....	189,309
7th district	55,213	86,011	.....	4,815	.....	.....	146,039
8th district	117,259	76,265	.....	10,240	.....	.....	203,764
9th district	118,040	95,353	.....	12,070	69	.....	225,532
Total	972,671	679,462	11,218	84,289	80	.....	1,747,720
Senator	952,116	697,775	.....	94,330	99	161	1,744,481

IOWA

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Chuck Grassley, Republican	718,215
Roxanne Conlin, Democrat	371,686
John Heiderscheid, Libertarian	25,290
Write-in	872

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Benjamin M. Lange, Republican	100,219
Bruce L. Braley, Democrat	104,428
Rob J. Petsche, Libertarian	4,087
Jason A. Faulkner, Nominated by Petition	2,092
Write-in	76
2. Mariannette Miller-Meeks, Republican	104,319
David Loeb sack, Democrat	115,839
Gary Sicard, Libertarian	4,356
Jon Tack, Constitution	2,463
Write-in	198
3. Brad Zaun, Republican	111,925
Leonard L. Boswell, Democrat	122,147
Rebecca Williamson, Socialist Workers	6,258
Write-in	426

IOWA—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

4. Tom Latham, Republican	152,588
Bill Maske, Democrat	74,300
Dan Lensing, Nominated by Petition	5,499
Write-in	132
5. Steve King, Republican	128,363
Matthew Campbell, Democrat	63,160
Martin James Monroe, Nominated by Petition	3,622
Write-in	94

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Iowa

Title of candidate	Republican	Democrat	Libertarian	Socialist Workers	Constitution	Nominated by Petition	Write-in	Total
Representatives:								
1st district	100,219	104,428	4,087	.....	.....	2,092	76	210,902
2d district	104,319	115,839	4,356	.....	2,463	.....	198	227,175
3d district	111,925	122,147	.....	6,258	.....	.....	426	240,756
4th district	152,588	74,300	.....	.....	.....	5,499	132	232,519
5th district	128,363	63,160	.....	.....	.....	3,622	94	195,239
Total	597,414	479,874	8,443	6,258	2,463	11,213	926	1,106,591
Senator	718,215	371,686	25,290	.....	.....	.....	872	1,116,063

KANSAS

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Jerry Moran, Republican	587,175
Lisa Johnston, Democrat	220,971
Michael Wm. Dann, Libertarian	17,922
Joseph "Joe" K. Bellis, Reform	11,624

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Tim Huelskamp, Republican	142,281
Alan Jilka, Democrat	44,068
Jack Warner, Libertarian	6,537
2. Lynn Jenkins, Republican	130,034
Cheryl Hudspeth, Democrat	66,588
Robert Garrard, Libertarian	9,353
3. Kevin Yoder, Republican	136,246
Stephene Moore, Democrat	90,193
Jasmin Talbert, Libertarian	6,846
4. Mike Pompeo, Republican	119,575
Raj Goyle, Democrat	74,143
Shawn Smith, Libertarian	4,624
Susan G. Ducey, Reform	5,041

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Kansas

Title of candidate	Republican	Democrat	Libertarian	Reform	Total
Representatives:					
1st district	142,281	44,068	6,537	.....	192,886
2d district	130,034	66,588	9,353	.....	205,975
3d district	136,246	90,193	6,846	.....	233,285
4th district	119,575	74,143	4,624	5,041	203,383
Total	528,136	274,992	27,360	5,041	835,529
Senator	587,175	220,971	17,922	11,624	837,692

KENTUCKY

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Rand Paul, Republican	755,706
Jack Conway, Democrat	600,052
Billy Ray Wilson, Write-in	338

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Ed Whitfield, Republican	153,840
Charles Kendall Hatchett, Democrat	62,090
2. Brett Guthrie, Republican	155,906
Ed Marksberry, Democrat	73,749
3. Todd Lally, Republican	112,627
John A. Yarmuth, Democrat	139,940
Michael D. Hansen, Independent	1,334
Edward A. Martin, Libertarian	2,029
4. Geoff Davis, Republican	151,813
John Waltz, Democrat	66,694
5. Harold Rogers, Republican	151,019
James E. "Jim" Holbert, Democrat	44,034
6. Garland "Andy" Barr, Republican	119,164
Ben Chandler, Democrat	119,812
C. Wes Collins, Write-in	225
Randolph S. Vance, Write-in	22

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Kentucky

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Democ- ratic	Inde- pend- ent	Liber- tari- an	Write- in	Total
Representatives:						
1st district	153,840	62,090	.....	.....	.....	215,930
2d district	155,906	73,749	.....	.....	.....	229,655
3d district	112,627	139,940	1,334	2,029	.....	255,930
4th district	151,813	66,694	.....	.....	.....	218,507
5th district	151,019	44,034	.....	.....	.....	195,053
6th district	119,164	119,812	.....	.....	247	239,223
Total	844,369	506,319	1,334	2,029	247	1,354,298
Senator	755,706	600,052	.....	.....	338	1,356,096

LOUISIANA

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

David Vitter, Republican	715,415
"Charlie" Melancon, Democrat	476,572
Michael Karlton Brown, No Party	9,973
R. A. "Skip" Galan, No Party	7,474
Milton Gordon, No Party	4,810
Sam Houston Melton, Jr., No Party	3,780
Randall Todd Hayes, Libertarian	13,957
William R. McShan, Reform	5,879
Michael Lane "Mike" Spears, Other	9,190
Ernest D. Woolon, Other	8,167
William Robert "Bob" Lang, Jr., Other	5,734
Thomas G. "Tommy" LaFargue, Other	4,043

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Steve Scalise, Republican	157,182
Myron Katz, Democrat	38,416
Arden Wells, Other	4,578
2. Anh "Joseph" Cao, Republican	43,378
Cedric Richmond, Democrat	83,705
Anthony Marquize, Other	1,876
"Jack" Radosta, Other	645

LOUISIANA—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

3. "Jeff" Landry, Republican	108,963
Ravi Sangisetty, Democrat	61,914
4. John Fleming, Republican	105,223
David Melville, Democrat	54,609
Artis Cash, No Party	8,962
5. Rodney Alexander, Republican	122,033
"Tom" Gibbs, Jr., No Party	33,279
6. Bill Cassidy, Republican	138,607
Merritt E. McDonald, Sr., Democrat	72,577
7. Charles W. Boustany, Jr., Republican	(1)

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Louisiana

Title of candidate	Republican	Democrat	No Party	Libertarian	Reform	Other	Total
Representatives:							
1st district	157,182	38,416	.....	.....	.....	4,578	200,176
2d district	43,378	83,705	.....	.....	.....	2,521	129,604
3d district	108,963	61,914	.....	.....	.....	.....	170,877
4th district	105,223	54,609	8,962	.....	.....	.....	168,794
5th district	122,033	.....	33,279	.....	.....	.....	155,312
6th district	138,607	72,577	.....	.....	.....	.....	211,184
7th district	(1)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	(1)
Total	675,386	311,221	42,241	.....	.....	7,099	1,035,947
Senator	715,415	476,572	26,037	13,957	5,879	27,134	1,264,994

¹ Section 511 of Title 18 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, as amended, provides that a candidate who is unopposed is declared elected by the people and his/her name shall not appear on the ballot in either the Primary or General Election. (This was the situation in the 7th Congressional District.)

MAINE

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Dean Peter Scoutras, Republican	128,501
Chellie Pingree, Democrat	169,114
Write-in	42
2. Jason J. Levesque, Republican	119,669
Michael H. Michaud, Democrat	147,042

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Maine

Title of candidate	Republican	Democrat	Write-in	Total
Representatives:				
1st district	128,501	169,114	42	297,657
2d district	119,669	147,042	.....	266,711
Total	248,170	316,156	42	564,368

MARYLAND

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Eric Wargotz, Republican	655,666
Barbara Mikulski, Democrat	1,140,531
Richard Shawver, Constitution	14,746
Kenniss Henry, Green	20,717
Write-in	1,644
Claud L. Ashbury, Write-in (Republican)	204
Donald Kaplan, Write-in	110
James T. Lynch, Jr., Write-in (Democrat)	84
Lih Young, Write-in	80
Denise L. Whittington, Write-in	56
Robert J. Evans, Write-in	14
Mary Catherine Podlesak, Write-in (Republican)	6

MARYLAND—Continued
FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Andy Harris, Republican	155,118
Frank Kratovil, Jr., Democrat	120,400
Richard James Davis, Libertarian	10,876
Write-in	242
Jack N. Wilson, Write-in	158
Michael Kennedy, Write-in	18
2. Marcelo Cardarelli, Republican	69,523
C. A. Dutch Ruppensberger, Democrat	134,133
Lorenzo Gaztanaga, Libertarian	5,090
Write-in	158
3. Jim Wilhelm, Republican	86,947
John P. Sarbanes, Democrat	147,448
Jerry McKinley, Libertarian	5,212
Alain Lareau, Constitution	1,634
Write-in	188
4. Robert Broadus, Republican	31,467
Donna F. Edwards, Democrat	160,228
Write-in	325
5. Charles Lollar, Republican	83,575
Steny H. Hoyer, Democrat	155,110
H. Gavin Shickle, Libertarian	2,578
Write-in	120
6. Roscoe G. Bartlett, Republican	148,820
Andrew Duck, Democrat	80,455
Dan Massey, Libertarian	6,816
Michael Reed, Constitution	5,907
Write-in	191
7. Frank Mirabile, Jr., Republican	46,375
Elijah E. Cummings, Democrat	152,669
Scott Spencer, Libertarian	3,814
Write-in	135
Fred Donald Dickson, Jr., Write-in	55
Ray Bly, Write-in	20
8. Michael Lee Philips, Republican	52,421
Chris Van Hollen, Democrat	153,613
Mark Grannis, Libertarian	2,713
Fred Nordhorn, Constitution	696
Write-in	224

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Maryland

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Liber- tarian	Constitu- tion	Green	Write- in (Re- publi- can)	Write- in (Dem- ocrat)	Write- in	Total
Representatives:									
1st district	155,118	120,400	10,876					418	286,812
2d district	69,523	134,133	5,090					158	208,904
3d district	86,947	147,448	5,212	1,634				188	241,429
4th district	31,467	160,228						325	192,020
5th district	83,575	155,110	2,578					120	241,383
6th district	148,820	80,455	6,816	5,907				191	242,189
7th district	46,375	152,669	3,814					210	203,068
8th district	52,421	153,613	2,713	696				224	209,667
Total	674,246	1,104,056	37,099	8,237				1,834	1,825,472
Senator	655,686	1,140,531		14,746	20,717	210	84	1,904	1,833,868

MASSACHUSETTS

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. William L. Gunn, Jr., Republican	74,418
John W. Olver, Democrat	128,011
Michael Engel, Independent	10,880
All Others	55
2. Thomas A. Wesley, Republican	91,209
Richard E. Neal, Democrat	122,751
All Others	164
3. Martin A. Lamb, Republican	85,124
James P. McGovern, Democrat	122,708
Patrick J. Barron, Independent	9,388
All Others	132
4. Sean D. M. Bielat, Republican	101,517
Barney Frank, Democrat	126,194
Susan F. Allen, Independent	3,445
Donald M. Jordan, Tax Revolt Independent	2,873
All Others	98
5. Jonathan A. Golnik, Republican	94,646
Niki Tsongas, Democrat	122,858
Dale E. Brown, Liberty	4,387
Robert M. Clark, Citizen Legislator	1,991
All Others	147
6. Bill Hudak, Republican	107,930
John F. Tierney, Democrat	142,732
All Others	419
7. Gerry Dembrowski, Republican	73,467
Edward J. Markey, Democrat	145,696
All Others	194
8. Michael E. Capuano, Democrat	134,974
All Others	2,686
9. Vernon M. Harrison, Republican	59,965
Stephen F. Lynch, Democrat	157,071
Philip Dunkelbarger, Independent	12,572
All Others	356
10. Jeffrey Davis Perry, Republican	120,029
William R. Keating, Democrat	132,743
Maryanne Lewis, Independent	16,705
James A. Sheets, Independent	10,445
Joe van Nes, Bring Home Troops	3,084
All Others	191

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Massachusetts

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Independent	All Others	Liberty	Bring Home Troops	Tax Revolt Independent	Citizen Legislator	Total
Representatives:									
1st district	74,418	128,011	10,880	55					213,364
2d district	91,209	122,751		164					214,124
3d district	85,124	122,708	9,388	132					217,352
4th district	101,517	126,194	3,445	98			2,873		234,127
5th district	94,646	122,858		147	4,387			1,991	224,029
6th district	107,930	142,732		419					251,081
7th district	73,467	145,696		194					219,357
8th district		134,974		2,686					137,660
9th district	59,965	157,071	12,572	356					229,964
10th district	120,029	132,743	27,150	191		3,084			283,197
Total	808,305	1,336,738	63,435	4,442	4,387	3,084	2,873	1,991	2,224,255

MICHIGAN

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Dan Benishek, Republican	120,523
Gary McDowell, Democrat	94,824
Keith Shelton, Libertarian	2,571
Patrick Lambert, U.S. Taxpayers	4,200
Ellis Boal, Green	2,072
Glenn A. Wilson, No Party Affiliation	7,847
2. Bill Huizenga, Republican	148,864
Fred Johnson, Democrat	72,118
Joseph Gillotte, Libertarian	2,701
Ronald E. Graeser, U.S. Taxpayers	2,379
Lloyd Clarke, Green	2,016
3. Justin Amash, Republican	133,714
Pat Miles, Democrat	83,953
James Rogers, Libertarian	2,677
Ted Gerrard, U.S. Taxpayers	2,144
Charlie Shick, Green	1,575
4. Dave Camp, Republican	148,531
Jerry M. Campbell, Democrat	68,458
Clint Foster, Libertarian	3,504
John Emerick, U.S. Taxpayers	3,861
5. John Kupiec, Republican	89,680
Dale E. Kildee, Democrat	107,286
Michael J. Moon, Libertarian	2,648
J. Matthew de Heus, Green	2,649
6. Fred Upton, Republican	123,142
Don Cooney, Democrat	66,729
Fred Strand, Libertarian	3,369
Melvin D. Valkner, U.S. Taxpayers	3,672
Pat Foster, Green	1,784
7. Tim Walberg, Republican	113,185
Mark H. Schauer, Democrat	102,402
Greg Merle, Libertarian	3,239
Scott Eugene Aughney, U.S. Taxpayers	3,705
Richard Wunsch, Green	3,117
Danny Davis, Write-in	21
8. Mike Rogers, Republican	156,931
Lance Enderle, Democrat	84,069
Bhagwan Dashairya, Libertarian	3,881
Katherine Houston, Write-in	11
Eric Harvey, Write-in	2
9. Rocky Raczkowski, Republican	119,325
Gary C. Peters, Democrat	125,730
Adam Goodman, Libertarian	2,601
Douglas Campbell, Green	2,484
Bob Gray, No Party Affiliation	1,866
Matthew Kuofie, No Party Affiliation	644
10. Candice S. Miller, Republican	168,364
Henry Yanez, Democrat	58,530
Claude Beavers, Libertarian	3,750
Candace R. Caveny, Green	3,286
11. Thaddeus G. McCotter, Republican	141,224
Natalie Mosher, Democrat	91,710
John J. Tatar, Libertarian	5,353
12. Don Volaric, Republican	71,372
Sander M. Levin, Democrat	124,671
Leonard Schwartz, Libertarian	2,342
Les Townsend, U.S. Taxpayers	2,285
Julia Williams, Green	3,038
Alan Jacquemotte, Natural Law	409

MICHIGAN—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

13. John Hauler, Republican	23,462
Hansen Clarke, Democrat	100,885
Heidi Peterson, Libertarian	815
George Corsetti, Green	1,032
Duane Montgomery, No Party Affiliation	881
James Casha, Write-in	1
14. Don Ukrainec, Republican	29,902
John Conyers, Jr., Democrat	115,511
Richard J. Secula, Libertarian	1,859
Marc J. Sosnowski, U.S. Taxpayers	3,206
15. Rob Steele, Republican	83,488
John D. Dingell, Democrat	118,336
Kerry Lee Morgan, Libertarian	1,969
Matthew Furman, U.S. Taxpayers	1,821
Aimee Smith, Green	2,686
Louis Czako, Write-in	9

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Michigan

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Liber- tarian	U.S. Tax- payers	Green	Nat- ural Law	No Party Affili- ation	Write- in	Total
Representatives:									
1st district	120,523	94,824	2,571	4,200	2,072		7,847		232,037
2d district	148,864	72,118	2,701	2,379	2,016				228,078
3d district	133,714	83,953	2,677	2,144	1,575				224,063
4th district	148,531	68,458	3,504	3,861					224,354
5th district	89,680	107,286	2,648		2,649				202,263
6th district	123,142	66,729	3,369	3,672	1,784				198,696
7th district	113,185	102,402	3,239	3,705	3,117			21	225,669
8th district	166,931	84,069	3,881					13	244,894
9th district	119,325	125,730	2,601		2,484		2,510		252,650
10th district	168,364	58,530	3,760		3,286				233,930
11th district	141,224	91,710	5,363						238,287
12th district	71,372	124,671	2,342	2,285	3,038	409			204,117
13th district	23,462	100,885	815		1,032		881	1	127,076
14th district	29,902	115,511	1,869	3,206					150,478
15th district	83,488	118,336	1,969	1,821	2,686			9	208,309
Total	1,671,707	1,415,212	43,279	27,273	25,739	409	11,238	44	3,194,901

MINNESOTA

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Randy Demmer, Republican	109,242
Timothy J. Walz, Democrat	122,365
Steven Wilson, Independence	13,242
Lars Johnson, Party Free	3,054
Write-in	102
2. John Kline, Republican	181,341
Shelley Madore, Democratic-Farmer-Labor	104,809
Write-in	303
3. Erik Paulsen, Republican	161,177
Jim Meffert, Democratic-Farmer-Labor	100,240
Jon Oleson, Independence	12,508
Write-in	167
4. Teresa Collett, Republican	80,141
Betty McCollum, Democrat	136,746
Steve Carlson, Independence	14,207
Write-in	283
Amber Garlan, Write-in	39
Jack Shepard, Write-in	10
5. Joel Demos, Republican	55,222
Keith Ellison, Democrat	154,833
Lynne Torgerson, Independent	8,548
Tom Schrunck, Independence	7,446
Michael James Cavlan, Independent Progressive	2,468
Write-in	229

MINNESOTA—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

6. Michele Bachmann, Republican	159,476
Tarryl Clark, Democratic-Farmer-Labor	120,846
Aubrey Immelman, Independent	5,490
Bob Anderson, Independence	17,698
Write-in	178
Dennis S. Ferche, Write-in	3
7. Lee Byberg, Republican	90,652
Collin C. Peterson, Democrat	133,096
Gene Waldorf, Independent	9,317
Glen R. Menze, Independence	7,839
Write-in	193
8. Chip Cravaack, Republican	133,490
James L. Oberstar, Democrat	129,091
Timothy Olson, Independence	11,876
Richard "George" Burton, Constitution	2,492
Write-in	132

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Minnesota

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Independ-ent	Independ-ence	Party Free	Con-stitu-tion	Independ-ent Pro-gressive	Write-in	Total
Representatives:									
1st district	109,242	122,365		13,242	3,054			102	248,005
2d district	181,341	104,809						303	286,453
3d district	161,177	100,240		12,508				167	274,092
4th district	80,141	136,746		14,207				332	231,426
5th district	55,222	154,833	8,548	7,446			2,468	229	228,746
6th district	159,476	120,846	5,480	17,698				181	303,691
7th district	90,652	133,096	9,317	7,839				193	241,097
8th district	133,490	129,091		11,876		2,492		132	277,061
Total	970,741	1,002,026	23,355	84,816	3,054	2,492	2,468	1,639	2,090,591

MISSISSIPPI

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Alan Nunnelee, Republican	121,074
Travis W. Childers, Democrat	89,388
Wally Pang, Independent	2,180
Les Green, Independent	2,020
A. G. Baddley, Independent	1,882
Rick "Rico" Hoskins, Independent	478
Barbara Dale Washer, Reform	389
Harold M. Taylor, Libertarian	447
Gail Giaramita, Constitution	1,235
2. Bill Marcy, Republican	64,499
Bennie G. Thompson, Democrat	105,327
Ashley Norwood, Reform	1,530
3. Gregg Harper, Republican	132,393
Joel L. Gill, Democrat	60,737
Tracella Lou O'Hara Hill, Reform	1,586
4. Steven Palazzo, Republican	105,613
Gene Taylor, Democrat	95,243
Anna Jewel Revies, Reform	787
Kenneth "Tim" Hampton, Libertarian	1,741

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MISSISSIPPI—Continued**FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued***Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Mississippi*

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Democ- ratic	Inde- pend- ent	Re- form	Liber- tari- an	Con- stitu- tion	Total
Representatives:							
1st district	121,074	89,388	6,560	389	447	1,235	219,093
2d district	64,499	105,327	.....	1,530	.....	.....	171,356
3d district	132,393	60,737	.....	1,586	.....	.....	194,716
4th district	105,613	95,243	.....	787	1,741	.....	203,384
Total	423,579	350,695	6,560	4,292	2,188	1,235	788,549

MISSOURI**FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR**

Roy Blunt, Republican	1,054,160
Robin Carnahan, Democrat	789,736
Jonathan Dine, Libertarian	58,663
Jerry Beck, Constitution	41,309
Dale M. Hoinoski, Write-in	14
Frazier Glenn Miller, Jr., Write-in	7
Jeff Wirick, Write-in	4
Charlie L. Bailey, Write-in	3
Richie L. Wolfe, Write-in	2
Mark S. Memoly, Write-in	1

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Robyn Hamlin, Republican	43,649
Wm. Lacy Clay, Democrat	135,907
Julie Stone, Libertarian	5,223
2. W. Todd Akin, Republican	180,481
Arthur Lieber, Democrat	77,467
Steve Mosbacher, Libertarian	7,677
Patrick M. Cannon, Write-in	7
3. Ed Martin, Republican	94,757
Russ Carnahan, Democrat	99,398
Steven R. Hedrick, Libertarian	5,772
Nicholas J. "Nick" Ivanovich, Constitution	3,155
Brian Wallner, Write-in	3
4. Vicky Hartzler, Republican	113,489
Ike Skelton, Democrat	101,532
Jason Michael Braun, Libertarian	6,123
Greg Cowan, Constitution	3,912
5. Jacob Turk, Republican	84,578
Emanuel Cleaver, Democrat	102,076
Randall D. "Randy" Langkraehr, Libertarian	3,077
Dave Lay, Constitution	1,692
6. Sam Graves, Republican	154,103
Clint Hylton, Democrat	67,762
Kyle Yarber, Write-in	47
7. Billy Long, Republican	141,010
Scott Eckersley, Democrat	67,545
Kevin Craig, Libertarian	13,866
Nicholas Ivan Ladendorf, Write-in	10

MISSOURI—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

8. Jo Ann Emerson, Republican	128,499
Tommy Sowers, Democrat	56,377
Larry Bill, Independent	7,193
Rick Vandeven, Libertarian	3,930
9. Blaine Luetkemeyer, Republican	162,724
Christopher W. Dwyer, Libertarian	46,817
Clifford Jeffery Reed, Write-in	748
Ron Burrus, Write-in	69

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Missouri

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Independent	Libertarian	Constitution	Write-in	Total
Representatives:							
1st district	43,649	135,907		5,223			184,779
2d district	180,481	77,467		7,677		7	265,632
3d district	94,757	99,398		5,772	3,155	3	203,085
4th district	113,489	101,532		6,123	3,912		225,056
5th district	84,578	102,076		3,077	1,692		191,423
6th district	154,103	67,762				47	221,912
7th district	141,010	67,545		13,866		10	222,431
8th district	128,499	56,377	7,193	3,930			195,999
9th district	162,724			46,817		817	210,358
Total	1,103,290	708,064	7,193	92,485	8,759	884	1,920,675
Senator	1,054,160	789,736		58,663	41,309	31	1,943,899

MONTANA

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

AT LARGE

Denny Rehberg, Republican	217,696
Dennis McDonald, Democrat	121,954
Mike Fellows, Libertarian	20,691

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Montana

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Libertarian	Total
Representative:				
At large	217,696	121,954	20,691	360,341

NEBRASKA

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Jeff Fortenberry, Republican	116,871
Ivy Harper, Democrat	47,106
2. Lee Terry, Republican	93,840
Tom White, Democrat	60,486
3. Adrian Smith, Republican	117,275
Rebekah Davis, Democrat	29,932
Dan Hill, By Petition	20,036

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Nebraska

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	By Petition	Total
Representatives:				
1st district	116,871	47,106		163,977
2d district	93,840	60,486		154,326
3d district	117,275	29,932	20,036	167,243
Total	327,986	137,524	20,036	485,546

NEVADA

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Sharron Angle, Republican	321,361
Harry Reid, Democrat	362,785
Michael L. Haines, Independent	4,261
Jesse Holland, Independent	3,175
Jeffrey C. Reeves, Independent	2,510
Wil Stand, Independent	2,119
Tim Fasano, Independent American	3,185
Scott Ashjian, Tea Party of Nevada	5,811
Other Candidates	16,197

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Kenneth A. Wegner, Republican	58,995
Shelley Berkley, Democrat	103,246
Jonathan J. Hansen, Independent American	2,847
Edward George Klapproth, Libertarian	2,118
2. Dean Heller, Republican	169,458
Nancy Price, Democrat	87,421
Russell Best, Independent American	10,829
3. Joseph John Heck, Republican	128,916
Dina Titus, Democrat	127,168
Barry Michaels, Independent	6,473
Scott David Narter, Independent American	1,291
Joseph P. Silvestri, Libertarian	4,026

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Nevada

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Democ- ratic	Inde- pendent	Inde- pendent Amer- ican	Other Can- didates	Liber- tarian	Tea Party of Nevada	Total
Representatives:								
1st district	58,995	103,246	.....	2,847	.....	2,118	.....	167,206
2d district	169,458	87,421	.....	10,829	.....	.....	.....	267,708
3d district	128,916	127,168	6,473	1,291	.....	4,026	.....	267,874
Total	357,369	317,835	6,473	14,967	.....	6,144	.....	702,788
Senator	321,361	362,785	12,065	3,185	16,197	.....	5,811	721,404

NEW HAMPSHIRE

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Kelly Ayotte, Republican	273,218
Paul W. Hodes, Democrat	167,545
Chris Booth, Independent	9,194
Ken Blevens, Libertarian	4,753

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Frank C. Guinta, Republican	121,655
Carol Shea-Porter, Democrat	95,503
Philip Hodson, Libertarian	7,966
2. Charles Bass, Republican	108,610
Ann McLane Kuster, Democrat	105,060
Tim vanBlommestejn, Independent	6,197
Howard L. Wilson, Libertarian	4,796

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NEW HAMPSHIRE—Continued
FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued
Recapitulation of Votes Cast in New Hampshire

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Demo- cratic	Inde- pend- ent	Liber- tarian	Total
Representatives:					
1st district	121,655	95,503	.....	7,966	225,124
2d district	108,610	105,060	6,197	4,796	224,663
Total	230,265	200,563	6,197	12,762	449,787
Senator	273,218	167,545	9,194	4,753	454,710

NEW JERSEY

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Dale Glading, Republican	58,562
Robert E. Andrews, Democrat	106,334
Mark Heacock, Green	1,593
Margaret M. Chapman, Time for Change	1,257
Nick I. Petruz, Defend American Constitution	521
2. Frank A. LoBiondo, Republican	109,460
Gary Stein, Democrat	51,690
Peter F. Boyce, Constitution	4,120
Mark Lovett, marklovett.us	1,123
Vitov Valdes-Munoz, American Labor	727
3. Jon Runyan, Republican	110,215
John H. Adler, Democrat	104,252
Russ Conger, Libertarian	1,445
Peter DeStefano, New Jersey Tea Party	3,284
Lawrence J. Donahue, Your Country Again	1,113
4. Christopher H. Smith, Republican	129,752
Howard Kleinhendler, Democrat	52,118
Joe Siano, Libertarian	2,912
Steven Welzer, Green	1,574
David R. Meiswinkle, American Renaissance Movement	582
5. Scott Garrett, Republican	124,030
Tod Theise, Democrat	62,634
Ed Fanning, Green	2,347
Mark D. Quick, For Americans	1,646
James Douglas Radigan, Be Determined	336
6. Anna C. Little, Republican	65,413
Frank Pallone, Jr., Democrat	81,933
Jack Freudenheim, Independent	1,299
Karen Anne Zaletel, Green Tea Patriots	1,017
7. Leonard Lance, Republican	105,084
Ed Potosnak, Democrat	71,902
8. Roland Straten, Republican	51,023
Bill Pascrell, Jr., Democrat	88,478
Raymond Giangrasso, Independent	1,707
9. Michael A. Agosta, Republican	52,082
Steven R. Rothman, Democrat	83,564
Patricia Alessandrini, Green	1,980
10. Michael J. Alonso, Republican	14,357
Donald M. Payne, Democrat	95,299
Robert Louis Toussaint, Action No Talk	1,141
Joanne Miller, Agent of Change	1,080
11. Rodney P. Frelinghuysen, Republican	122,149
Douglas Herbert, Democrat	55,472
Jim Gawron, Libertarian	4,179

NEW JERSEY—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

12. Scott Sippelle, Republican	93,634
Rush D. Holt, Democrat	108,214
Kenneth J. Cody, Truth Vision Hope	2,154
13. Henrietta Dwyer, Republican	19,538
Albio Sires, Democrat	62,840
Anthony Zanowic, Independent American	1,508
Maximo Gomez Nacer, Gravity Buoyancy Solution	910

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in New Jersey

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Independent	Libertarian	Green	Constitution	New Jersey Tea Party	Truth Vision Hope	For Americans	Independent American	Time for Change Talk	Action No Talk	marklovett.us	Your Country Again	Agent of Change	Green Patriots	Gravity Boy Solution	American Labor	American Renaissance	Defend American Constitution	Be Determined	Total
Representatives:																						
1st district	58,562	106,334			1,583	4,120					1,257		1,123					727		521		168,287
2d district	109,460	51,690		1,445		4,120							1,113									167,120
3d district	110,215	104,252		2,912	1,574	3,284								1,113				582				220,309
4th district	129,752	52,118		2,347				1,646														186,938
5th district	124,030	62,634		2,347												1,017					336	190,993
6th district	65,413	81,933	1,299																			149,662
7th district	105,084	71,902																				176,986
8th district	51,023	88,478	1,707																			141,208
9th district	52,082	83,564										1,141			1,080							137,626
10th district	14,357	95,295		4,179																		111,877
11th district	122,149	55,472																				181,800
12th district	93,634	108,214					2,154										910					204,002
13th district	19,538	62,840								1,908												84,796
Total	1,055,299	1,024,730	3,006	8,536	7,494	4,120	3,284	2,154	1,646	1,908	1,257	1,141	1,123	1,113	1,080	1,017	910	727	582	521	336	2,121,584

NEW MEXICO

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Jonathan L. Barela, Republican	104,215
Martin Heinrich, Democrat	112,010
2. Steve Pearce, Republican	94,053
Harry Teague, Democrat	75,708
3. Thomas E. Mullins, Republican	90,617
Ben Ray Luján, Democrat	120,048

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in New Mexico

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Democ- ratic	Total
Representatives:			
1st district	104,215	112,010	216,225
2d district	94,053	75,708	169,761
3d district	90,617	120,048	210,665
Total	288,885	307,766	596,651

NEW YORK

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

(For unexpired term ending January 3, 2013)

Joseph J. DiGuardi, Republican	1,338,308
Conservative, Taxpayers	244,385
Kirsten E. Gillibrand, Democrat	2,837,684
Cecile A. Lawrence, Green	35,489
John Clifton, Libertarian	18,414
Joseph Huff, Rent Is 2 Damn High	17,019
Vivia Morgan, Anti-Prohibition	11,787
Bruce Blakeman, Tax Revolt	4,516
Blank/Scattering	250,033

(General Election for full term beginning January 3, 2011)

Jay Townsend, Republican	1,239,605
Conservative	240,818
Charles E. Schumer, Democrat	3,047,880
Colia Clark, Green	42,341
Randy A. Credico, Anti-Prohibition, Libertarian	24,871
Blank/Scattering	168,384

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Randy Altschuler, Republican	78,300
Conservative	19,423
Timothy H. Bishop, Democrat	98,316
Blank/Scattering	5,968
2. John B. Gomez, Republican	58,525
Conservative	13,504
Steve Israel, Democrat	94,594
Anthony Tolda, Constitution	1,256
Blank/Scattering	6,611
3. Peter T. King, Republican	131,674
Howard A. Kudler, Democrat	51,346
Blank/Scattering	2,748
4. Francis X. Becker, Jr., Republican	69,323
Conservative	9,455
Independence	2,940
Carolyn McCarthy, Democrat	94,483
Blank/Scattering	52

NEW YORK—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

5. James Milano, Republican	36,861
Conservative	4,632
Gary L. Ackerman, Democrat	72,239
Elizabeth Berney, Tax Revolt	798
Blank/Scattering	6,396
6. Asher E. Taub, Republican	10,057
Conservative	1,769
Gregory W. Meeks, Democrat	85,096
Blank/Scattering	14,651
7. Kenneth A. Reynolds, Republican	13,751
Conservative	2,394
Joseph Crowley, Democrat	71,247
Anthony Gronowicz, Green	1,038
Blank/Scattering	9,541
8. Susan L. Kone, Republican	29,514
Conservative	2,482
Jerrold Nadler, Democrat	98,839
Blank/Scattering	12,291
9. Robert L. Turner, Republican	37,750
Conservative	5,379
Anthony D. Weiner, Democrat	67,011
Blank/Scattering	7,473
10. Diana Muniz, Republican	7,419
Edolphus Towns, Democrat	95,485
Ernest Johnson, Conservative	1,853
Blank/Scattering	15,115
11. Hugh C. Carr, Republican	9,119
Conservative	1,739
Yvette D. Clarke, Democrat	104,297
Blank/Scattering	9,759
12. Nydia M. Velázquez, Democrat	68,624
Alice Gaffney, Conservative	4,482
Blank/Scattering	13,647
13. Michael G. Grimm, Republican	55,821
Conservative	9,203
Michael E. McMahon, Democrat	60,773
Tom Vendittelli, Libertarian	929
Blank/Scattering	4,700
14. David Ryan Brumberg, Republican	32,065
Carolyn B. Maloney, Democrat	107,327
Timothy J. Healy, Conservative	1,891
Dino L. LaVerghetta, Independence	1,617
Blank/Scattering	7,581
15. Michel J. Faulkner, Republican	10,678
Conservative	1,076
Charles B. Rangel, Democrat	91,225
Craig Schley, Independence, Vote People Change	7,803
Roger Calero, Socialist Worker	2,647
Blank/Scattering	13,617
16. Frank Della Valle, Republican	2,257
Conservative	501
José E. Serrano, Democrat	61,642
Blank/Scattering	6,949
17. Anthony Mele, Republican	29,792
Eliot L. Engel, Democrat	95,346
York J. Kleinhandler, Conservative	5,661
Blank/Scattering	8,327

NEW YORK—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

18. Jim Russell, Republican	60,513
Conservative	9,900
Nita M. Lowey, Democrat	115,619
Blank/Scattering	1,332
19. Nan Hayworth, Republican	88,734
Conservative	15,778
Independence	5,444
John J. Hall, Democrat	98,766
Blank/Scattering	7,016
20. Christopher P. Gibson, Republican	110,813
Conservative	19,365
Scott Murphy, Democrat	107,075
Blank/Scattering	7,515
21. Theodore J. Danz, Jr., Republican	70,211
Conservative	15,541
Paul Tonko, Democrat	124,889
Blank/Scattering	8,784
22. George K. Phillips, Republican	75,558
Conservative	13,129
Maurice D. Hinchey, Democrat	98,661
Blank/Scattering	6,010
23. Matthew A. Doheny, Republican	73,646
Independence	6,591
William L. Owens, Democrat	82,232
Douglas L. Hoffman, Conservative	10,507
Blank/Scattering	9,534
24. Richard L. Hanna, Republican	85,702
Conservative	10,313
Independence	5,584
Michael A. Arcuri, Democrat	89,809
Blank/Scattering	7,045
25. Ann Marie Buerkle, Republican	81,380
Conservative	16,830
Independence	6,392
Daniel B. Maffei, Democrat	103,954
Blank/Scattering	7,057
26. Christopher John Lee, Republican	151,449
Philip A. Fedele, Democrat	54,307
Blank/Scattering	16,007
27. Leonard A. Roberto, Republican	63,015
Conservative, Taxpayers	13,305
Brian Higgins, Democrat	119,085
Blank/Scattering	10,492
28. Jill A. Rowland, Republican	45,630
Conservative	9,762
Louise McIntosh Slaughter, Democrat	102,514
Blank/Scattering	10,149
29. Thomas W. Reed II, Republican	93,167
Conservative	13,505
Independence	5,642
Matthew C. Zeller, Democratic, Working Families	86,099
Blank/Scattering	11,732

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in New York

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Conservative	Conservative, Tax-payers	Democratic, Working Families	Green	Independence	Anti-Prohibition, Libertarian	Libertarian	Rent Is 2 Damn High	Anti-Prohibition	Independent-Vote People Change	Tax Revolt	Socialist Worker	Constitution	Blank/Scattering	Total
Representatives:																	
1st district	76,300	98,316	19,423													5,968	202,007
2d district	55,525	94,594	13,504													6,611	174,490
3d district	131,674	51,346														2,748	185,768
4th district	69,323	94,463	9,455				2,940									6,996	176,253
5th district	36,861	72,239	4,632										798			9,541	120,926
6th district	10,057	85,096	1,769													14,651	111,573
7th district	13,751	71,247	2,394													9,541	97,971
8th district	29,514	98,839	2,482			1,038										12,291	143,126
9th district	37,760	67,011	5,379													7,473	117,613
10th district	7,419	95,485	1,863													9,759	119,872
11th district	9,119	104,297	1,739													13,647	124,914
12th district		68,624	4,482													4,700	77,826
13th district	55,821	60,773	9,203						929							7,581	131,426
14th district	32,065	107,327	1,891				1,617									13,617	127,046
15th district	10,678	91,225	1,076													6,949	109,126
16th district	2,267	61,642	501													8,327	64,735
17th district	29,792	95,346	5,661													1,332	139,126
18th district	60,513	115,619	9,900													7,016	187,364
19th district	88,734	98,766	15,778				5,444									7,515	215,738
20th district	110,813	107,075	19,365													8,784	244,768
21st district	70,211	124,989	15,541													6,010	219,425
22nd district	75,558	98,661	13,129													9,534	193,358
23rd district	73,646	82,232	10,307													7,045	182,510
24th district	85,702	89,909	10,313													7,057	198,453
25th district	81,380	108,954	16,830													16,007	221,763
26th district	151,449	54,307														10,492	205,897
27th district	63,015	119,085	9,762													10,149	168,055
28th district	45,630	102,514	13,505													11,732	161,145
29th district	93,167	86,698	86,698													246,099	474,373
Total	1,612,724	2,514,801	220,074	13,305	86,090	1,038	84,210	929	7,803	798	2,647	1,256	4,516	250,033	168,384	4,757,635	
Senator (unexpired term)	1,338,308	2,637,664	244,385	35,489	18,414	17,019	11,787	24,871	929	4,516	11,787	1,256	4,516	168,384	168,384	4,757,635	
Senator (full term)	1,239,605	3,047,890	240,818	42,341	24,871	18,414	17,019	24,871	929	4,516	11,787	1,256	4,516	168,384	168,384	4,757,635	

NORTH CAROLINA

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Richard Burr, Republican	1,458,046
Elaine Marshall, Democrat	1,145,074
Michael Beitler, Libertarian	55,687
Write-in	1,272

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Ashley Woolard, Republican	70,867
G. K. Butterfield, Democrat	103,294
2. Renee Ellmers, Republican	93,876
Bob Etheridge, Democrat	92,393
Tom Rose, Libertarian	3,505
3. Walter B. Jones, Republican	143,225
Johnny G. Rouse, Democrat	51,317
Darryl Holloman, Libertarian	4,762
4. William "B. J." Lawson, Republican	116,448
David E. Price, Democrat	155,384
5. Virginia Foxx, Republican	140,525
Billy Kennedy, Democrat	72,762
6. Howard Coble, Republican	156,252
Sam Turner, Democrat	51,507
7. Ilario Gregory Pantano, Republican	98,328
Mike McIntyre, Democrat	113,957
8. Harold Johnson, Republican	73,129
Larry Kissell, Democrat	88,776
Thomas Hill, Libertarian	5,098
Write-in	439
9. Sue Wilkins Myrick, Republican	158,790
Jeff Doctor, Democrat	71,450
10. Patrick T. McHenry, Republican	130,813
Jeff Gregory, Democrat	52,972
11. Jeff Miller, Republican	110,246
Heath Shuler, Democrat	131,225
12. Greg Dority, Republican	55,315
Melvin L. Watt, Democrat	103,495
Lon Cecil, Libertarian	3,197
13. William "Bill" Randall, Republican	93,099
Brad Miller, Democrat	116,103

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in North Carolina

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Democ- ratic	Liber- tarian	Write- in	Total
Representatives:					
1st district	70,867	103,294			174,161
2d district	93,876	92,393	3,505		189,774
3d district	143,225	51,317	4,762		199,304
4th district	116,448	155,384			271,832
5th district	140,525	72,762			213,287
6th district	156,252	51,507			207,759
7th district	98,328	113,957			212,285
8th district	73,129	88,776	5,098	439	167,442
9th district	158,790	71,450			230,240
10th district	130,813	52,972			183,785
11th district	110,246	131,225			241,471
12th district	55,315	103,495	3,197		162,007
13th district	93,099	116,103			209,202
Total	1,440,913	1,204,635	16,562	439	2,662,549
Senator	1,458,046	1,145,074	55,687	1,272	2,660,079

NORTH DAKOTA

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

John Hoeven, Republican	181,689
Tracy Potter, Democratic-Nonpartisan League	52,955
Keith J. Hanson, Libertarian	3,890

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

AT LARGE

Rick Berg, Republican	129,802
Earl Pomeroy, Democrat	106,542

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in North Dakota

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Democ- ratic	Democ- ratic- Non- partisan League	Liber- tari- an	Total
Representative: At large	129,802	106,542	.....	.....	236,344
Senator	181,689	.....	52,955	3,890	238,534

OHIO

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Rob Portman, Republican	2,168,742
Lee Fisher, Democrat	1,503,297
Michael L. Pryce, Independent	50,101
Eric W. Deaton, Constitution	65,856
Daniel H. LaBotz, Socialist	26,454
Arthur T. Sullivan, Write-in	648

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Steve Chabot, Republican	103,770
Steve Driehaus, Democrat	92,672
Jim Berns, Libertarian	3,076
Rich Stevenson, Green	2,000
2. Jean Schmidt, Republican	139,027
Surya Yalamanchili, Democrat	82,431
Marc Johnston, Libertarian	16,259
Randy Lee Conover, Write-in	128
3. Michael R. Turner, Republican	152,629
Joe Roberts, Democrat	71,455
4. Jim Jordan, Republican	146,029
Doug Litt, Democrat	50,533
Donald Charles Kissick, Libertarian	7,708
5. Robert E. Latta, Republican	140,703
Caleb Finkenbiner, Democrat	54,919
Brian L. Smith, Libertarian	11,831
6. Bill Johnson, Republican	103,170
Charles A. Wilson, Democrat	92,823
Martin J. Elsass, Libertarian	4,505
Richard E. Cadle, Constitution	5,077
7. Steve Austria, Republican	135,721
Bill Conner, Democrat	70,400
John D. Anderson, Libertarian	9,381
David W. Easton, Constitution	2,811
8. John A. Boehner, Republican	142,731
Justin A. Coussoule, Democrat	65,883
David A. Harlow, Libertarian	5,121
James J. Condit, Jr., Constitution	3,701

OHIO—Continued
FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

9. Rich Iott, Republican	83,423
Marcy Kaptur, Democrat	121,819
10. Peter J. Corrigan, Republican	83,809
Dennis J. Kucinich, Democrat	101,343
Jeff Goggins, Libertarian	5,874
11. Thomas Pekarek, Republican	28,754
Marcia L. Fudge, Democrat	139,693
12. Patrick J. Tiberi, Republican	150,163
Paula Brooks, Democrat	110,307
Travis M. Irvine, Libertarian	8,710
13. Tom Ganley, Republican	94,367
Betty Sutton, Democrat	118,806
14. Steven C. LaTourette, Republican	149,878
Bill O'Neill, Democrat	72,604
John M. Jelenic, Libertarian	8,383
15. Steve Stivers, Republican	119,471
Mary Jo Kilroy, Democrat	91,077
William J. Kammerer, Libertarian	6,116
David Ryon, Constitution	3,887
Bill Buckel, Write-in	45
16. Jim Renacci, Republican	114,652
John A. Bocchieri, Democrat	90,833
Jeffrey J. Blevins, Libertarian	14,585
Robert L. Ross, Write-in	67
17. Jim Graham, Republican	57,352
Tim Ryan, Democrat	102,758
James A. Traficant, Jr., Independent	30,556
18. Bob Gibbs, Republican	107,426
Zachary T. Space, Democrat	80,756
Lindsey Dean Sutton, Constitution	11,246
Mark Pitrone, Write-in	20

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Ohio

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Independent	Libertarian	Constitution	Socialist	Green	Write-in	Total
Representatives:									
1st district	103,770	92,672		3,076			2,000		201,518
2d district	139,027	82,431		16,259				128	237,845
3d district	152,629	71,455							224,084
4th district	146,029	50,533		7,708					204,270
5th district	140,703	54,919		11,851					207,453
6th district	103,170	92,823		4,505	5,977				205,676
7th district	135,721	70,400		9,381	2,811				218,313
8th district	142,731	65,883		5,121	3,701				217,436
9th district	83,423	121,819							205,242
10th district	83,809	101,343		5,874					191,026
11th district	28,754	139,693							168,447
12th district	150,163	110,307		8,710					269,180
13th district	94,367	118,806							213,173
14th district	149,878	72,604							230,865
15th district	119,471	91,077						45	220,596
16th district	114,652	90,833						67	220,137
17th district	57,352	102,758		30,556					190,666
18th district	107,426	80,756			11,246			20	199,448
Total	2,053,075	1,611,112	30,556	101,549	26,722		2,000	260	3,825,274
Senator	2,168,742	1,503,297	50,101		65,856	26,454		648	3,815,098

OKLAHOMA

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Thomas A. Coburn, Republican	718,482
Jim Rogers, Democrat	265,814
Stephen P. Wallace, Independent	25,048
Ronald F. Dwyer, Independent	7,807

OKLAHOMA—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. John Sullivan, Republican	151,173
Angelia O'Dell, Independent	45,656
2. Charles Thompson, Republican	83,226
Dan Boren, Democrat	108,203
3. Frank D. Lucas, Republican	161,927
Frankie Robbins, Democrat	45,689
4. Tom Cole, Republican	(1)
5. James Lankford, Republican	123,236
Billy Coyle, Democrat	68,074
Clark Duffe, Independent	3,067
Dave White, Independent	2,728

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Oklahoma

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Democ- ratic	Inde- pendent	Total
Representatives:				
1st district	151,173		45,656	196,829
2d district	83,226	108,203		191,429
3d district	161,927	45,689		207,616
4th district	(1)			(1)
5th district	123,236	68,074	5,795	197,105
Total	519,562	221,966	51,451	792,979
Senator	718,482	265,814	32,855	1,017,151

¹ According to Oklahoma law, the names of those with no opposition are not printed on the ballot.

OREGON

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Jim Huffman, Republican	566,199
Ron Wyden, Democrat	825,507
Bruce Cronk, Working Families	18,940
Marc Delphine, Libertarian	16,028
Rick Staggenborg, Progressive	14,466
Miscellaneous	1,448

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Rob Cornilles, Republican	122,858
David Wu, Democrat	160,357
H. Joe Tabor, Libertarian	2,492
Chris Henry, Pacific Green, Progressive	2,955
Don LaMunyon, Constitution	3,855
Miscellaneous	392
2. Greg Walden, Republican	206,245
Joyce B. Segers, Democrat	72,173
Miscellaneous	619
3. Delia Lopez, Republican	67,714
Earl Blumenauer, Democrat	193,104
Michael Meo, Pacific Green, Progressive	6,197
Jeff Lawrence, Independent, Libertarian	8,380
Miscellaneous	407
4. Art Robinson, Republican	129,877
Peter A. DeFazio, Democrat	162,416
Mike Beilstein, Pacific Green	5,215
Miscellaneous	544
5. Scott Bruun, Republican	130,313
Kurt Schrader, Democrat	145,319
Chris Lugo, Pacific Green, Progressive	7,557
Miscellaneous	367

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Oregon

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Working Families	Libertarian	Pacific Green, Progressive	Progressive	Independent, Libertarian	Pacific Green	Constitution	Miscellaneous	Total
Representatives:											
1st district	122,858	160,357		2,492	2,955				3,855	392	292,909
2d district	206,245	72,173								619	279,037
3d district	67,714	193,104			6,197		8,380			407	275,802
4th district	129,877	162,416						5,215		544	298,052
5th district	130,313	145,319			7,557					367	283,556
Total	657,007	733,369		2,492	16,709		8,380	5,215	3,855	2,329	1,429,356
Senator	566,199	825,507	18,940	16,028		14,466				1,448	1,442,588

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PENNSYLVANIA

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Pat Toomey, Republican	2,028,945
Joe Sestak, Democrat	1,948,716

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Robert A. Brady, Democrat	149,944
2. Rick Hellberg, Republican	21,907
Chaka Fattah, Democrat	182,800
3. Mike Kelly, Republican	111,909
Kathleen A. Dahlkemper, Democrat	88,924
4. Keith Rothfus, Republican	116,958
Jason Altmire, Democrat	120,827
5. Glenn Thompson, Republican	127,427
Michael Pipe, Democrat	52,375
Vernon L. Etzel, Libertarian	5,710
6. Jim Gerlach, Republican	133,770
Manan Trivedi, Democrat	100,493
7. Patrick Meehan, Republican	137,825
Bryan Lentz, Democrat	110,314
James D. Schneller, American Congress Party	2,708
8. Michael G. Fitzpatrick, Republican	130,759
Patrick J. Murphy, Democrat	113,547
9. Bill Shuster, Republican	141,904
Tom Conners, Democrat	52,322
10. Thomas A. Marino, Republican	110,599
Christopher P. Carney, Democrat	89,846
11. Louis J. Barletta, Republican	102,179
Paul E. Kanjorski, Democrat	84,618
12. Tim Burns, Republican	91,170
Mark S. Critz, Democrat	94,056
13. Carson Dee Adcock, Republican	91,987
Allyson Y. Schwartz, Democrat	118,710
14. Melissa Haluszczak, Republican	49,997
Michael F. Doyle, Democrat	122,073
Ed Bortz, Green	5,400
15. Charles W. Dent, Republican	109,534
John B. Callahan, Democrat	79,766
Jake Towne, Towne for Congress	15,248
16. Joseph R. Pitts, Republican	134,113
Lois Herr, Democrat	70,994
17. Dave Argall, Republican	95,000
Tim Holden, Democrat	118,486
18. Tim Murphy, Republican	161,888
Dan Connolly, Democrat	78,558
19. Todd Russell Platts, Republican	165,219
Ryan S. Sanders, Democrat	53,549
Joshua A. Monighan, Independent	10,988

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PENNSYLVANIA—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Pennsylvania

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Independent	Towne for Congress	Liberarian	Green	American Congress Party	Total
Representatives:								
1st district		149,944						149,944
2d district	21,907	182,800						204,707
3d district	111,909	88,924						200,833
4th district	116,958	120,827						237,785
5th district	127,427	52,375			5,710			185,512
6th district	133,770	100,493						234,263
7th district	137,825	110,314					2,708	250,847
8th district	130,759	113,547						244,306
9th district	141,904	52,322						194,226
10th district	110,599	89,846						200,445
11th district	102,179	84,618						186,797
12th district	91,170	94,056						185,226
13th district	91,987	118,710						210,697
14th district	49,997	122,073				5,400		177,470
15th district	109,534	79,766		15,248				204,548
16th district	134,113	70,994						205,107
17th district	95,000	118,486						213,486
18th district	161,888	78,558						240,446
19th district	165,219	53,549	10,988					229,756
Total	2,034,145	1,882,202	10,988	15,248	5,710	5,400	2,708	3,956,401
Senator	2,028,945	1,948,716						3,977,661

RHODE ISLAND

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. John J. Loughlin II, Republican	71,542
David N. Cicilline, Democrat	81,269
Kenneth A. Capalbo, Independent	6,424
Gregory Raposa, Independent	1,334
Write-in	245
2. Mark S. Zaccaria, Republican	55,409
James R. Langevin, Democrat	104,442
John O. Matson, Independent	14,584
Write-in	235

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Rhode Island

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Independent	Write-in	Total
Representatives:					
1st district	71,542	81,269	7,758	245	160,814
2d district	55,409	104,442	14,584	235	174,670
Total	126,951	185,711	22,342	480	335,484

SOUTH CAROLINA

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Jim DeMint, Republican	810,771
Alvin M. Greene, Democrat	364,598
Tom Clements, Green	121,472
Write-in	21,953

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SOUTH CAROLINA—Continued
FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Tim Scott, Republican	152,755
Ben Frasier, Democrat	67,008
Robert Dobbs, Green	3,369
Rob Groce, Working Families	4,148
Keith Blandford, Libertarian	2,750
Jimmy Wood, Independence	2,489
M. E. Mac McCullough, United Citizens	1,013
Write-in	163
2. Joe Wilson, Republican	138,861
Rob Miller, Democrat	113,625
Marc Beaman, Constitution	2,856
Eddie McCain, Libertarian	4,228
Write-in	102
3. Jeff Duncan, Republican	126,235
Jane Ballard Dyer, Democrat	66,497
Working Families	6,598
John Dalen, Constitution	2,682
Write-in	96
4. Trey Gowdy, Republican	137,586
Paul Corden, Democrat	62,438
C. Faye Walters, Green	2,564
Dave Edwards, Constitution	11,059
Rick Mahler, Libertarian	3,010
Write-in	181
5. Mick Mulvaney, Republican	125,834
John M. Spratt, Jr., Democrat	102,296
Write-in	156
6. Jim Pratt, Republican	72,661
James E. Clyburn, Democrat	125,459
Nammu Y. Muhammad, Green	1,389
Write-in	81

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in South Carolina

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Green	Constitu- tion	Working Families	Liber- tarian	Independ- ence	United Citi- zens	Write-in	Total
Representatives:										
1st district	152,755	67,008	3,369	2,856	4,148	2,750	2,489	1,013	163	233,695
2d district	138,961	113,625		2,852		4,228			102	259,672
3d district	126,235	66,497		11,059	6,598				96	202,108
4th district	137,586	62,438	2,564			3,010			181	216,838
5th district	125,834	102,296							156	228,286
6th district	72,661	125,459	1,389						81	199,590
Total	753,932	537,323	7,322	16,597	10,746	9,988	2,499	1,013	779	1,340,189
Senator	810,771	364,598	121,472						21,953	1,318,794

SOUTH DAKOTA

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

John Thune, Republican 227,947

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

AT LARGE

Kristi Noem, Republican 153,703
 Stephanie Herseth Sandlin, Democrat 146,589
 B. Thomas Marking, Independent 19,134

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in South Dakota

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Democ- ratic	Inde- pend- ent	Total
Representative: At large	153,703	146,589	19,134	319,426
Senator	227,947			227,947

TENNESSEE

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. David P. Roe, Republican 123,006
 Michael Edward Clark, Democrat 26,045
 Kermit E. Steck, Independent 3,110
 2. John J. Duncan, Jr., Republican 141,796
 Dave Hancock, Democrat 25,400
 Joseph R. Leinweber, Jr., Independent 2,497
 D. H. "Andy" Andrew, Independent 1,993
 Greg Samples, Independent 1,185
 H. James Headings, Independent 509
 3. Chuck Fleischmann, Republican 92,032
 John Wolfe, Democrat 45,387
 Savas T. Kyriakidis, Independent 17,077
 Mark DeVol, Independent 5,773
 Don Barkman, Independent 811
 Gregory C. Goodwin, Independent 380
 Robert Humphries, Independent 380
 Mo Kiah, Independent 216
 4. Scott DesJarlais, Republican 103,969
 Lincoln Davis, Democrat 70,254
 Paul H. Curtis, Independent 3,178
 Gerald York, Independent 2,159
 James Gray, Independent 1,714
 Richard S. Johnson, Independent 917
 5. David Hall, Republican 74,204
 Jim Cooper, Democrat 99,162
 Stephen W. Collings, Independent 584
 John "Big John" Smith, Independent 533
 Jackie Miller, Independent 444
 John P. Miglietta, Independent 396
 Bill Crook, Independent 391
 James G. Whitfield II, Independent 333
 Joe D. Moore, Jr., Independent 159
 Clark Taylor, Independent 156
 6. Diane Black, Republican 128,517
 Brett Carter, Democrat 56,145
 Jim Boyd, Independent 2,157
 David Purcell, Independent 1,296
 Tommy N. Hay, Independent 1,270
 Brandon E. Gore, Independent 1,103
 Stephen R. Sprague, Independent 596

TENNESSEE—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

7. Marsha Blackburn, Republican	158,916
Greg Ravidoux, Democrat	54,347
J. W. "Bill" Stone, Independent	6,320
8. Stephen Lee Fincher, Republican	98,759
Roy Herron, Democrat	64,960
Donn James, Independent	2,440
Mark J. Rawles, Independent	1,237
James Hart, Write-in	9
9. Charlotte Bergmann, Republican	33,879
Steve Cohen, Democrat	99,827
Sandra Sullivan, Independent	673
Perry Steele, Independent	528

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Tennessee

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Democ- ratic	Inde- pend- ent	Write- in	Total
Representatives:					
1st district	123,006	26,045	3,110	.....	152,161
2d district	141,796	25,400	6,184	.....	173,380
3d district	92,032	45,387	24,637	.....	162,056
4th district	103,989	70,254	7,968	.....	182,191
5th district	74,204	99,162	2,996	.....	176,362
6th district	128,517	56,145	6,422	.....	191,084
7th district	158,916	54,347	6,320	.....	219,583
8th district	98,759	64,960	3,677	9	167,405
9th district	33,879	99,827	1,201	.....	134,907
Total	955,078	541,527	62,515	9	1,559,129

TEXAS

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Louie Gohmert, Republican	129,398
Charles F. Parkes III, Libertarian	14,811
2. Ted Poe, Republican	130,020
David W. Smith, Libertarian	16,711
3. Sam Johnson, Republican	101,180
John Lingenfelder, Democrat	47,848
Christopher J. Claytor, Libertarian	3,602
Harry Pierce, Write-in	22
4. Ralph M. Hall, Republican	136,338
VaLinda Hathcox, Democrat	40,975
Shane Shepard, Independent	4,244
Jim D. Prindle, Libertarian	4,729
5. Jeb Hensarling, Republican	106,742
Tom Berry, Democrat	41,649
Ken Ashby, Libertarian	2,958
6. Joe Barton, Republican	107,140
David E. Cozad, Democrat	50,717
Byron Severns, Libertarian	4,700
7. John Abney Culberson, Republican	143,655
Bob Townsend, Libertarian	31,704
Lissa Squiers, Write-in	1,019
8. Kevin Brady, Republican	161,417
Kent Hargett, Democrat	34,694
Bruce West, Libertarian	4,988
9. Steve Mueller, Republican	24,201
Al Green, Democrat	80,107
Michael W. Hope, Libertarian	1,459

TEXAS—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

10. Michael T. McCaul, Republican	144,980
Ted Ankrum, Democrat	74,086
Jeremiah "J. P." Perkins, Libertarian	5,105
11. K. Michael Conaway, Republican	125,581
James Quillian, Democrat	23,989
James A. Powell, Libertarian	4,321
Jim Howe, Green	1,449
12. Kay Granger, Republican	109,882
Tracey Smith, Democrat	38,434
Matthew Solodow, Libertarian	4,601
13. Mac Thornberry, Republican	113,201
Keith Dyer, Independent	11,192
John T. Burwell, Jr., Libertarian	5,650
14. Ron Paul, Republican	140,623
Robert Pruetf, Democrat	44,431
15. Eddie Zamora, Republican	39,964
Rubén Hinojosa, Democrat	53,546
Aaron I. Cohn, Libertarian	2,570
16. Tim Besco, Republican	31,051
Silvestre Reyes, Democrat	49,301
Bill Collins, Libertarian	4,319
Tim Collins, Write-in	221
17. Bill Flores, Republican	106,696
Chet Edwards, Democrat	63,138
Richard B. Kelly, Libertarian	2,808
18. John Faulk, Republican	33,067
Sheila Jackson Lee, Democrat	85,108
Mike Taylor, Libertarian	3,118
Charles B. (Chuck M) Meyer, Write-in	28
19. Randy Neugebauer, Republican	106,059
Andy Wilson, Democrat	25,984
Richard "Chip" Peterson, Libertarian	4,315
20. Clayton Trotter, Republican	31,757
Charles A. Gonzalez, Democrat	58,645
Michael "Commander" Idrogo, Libertarian	1,783
21. Lamar Smith, Republican	162,924
Lainey Melnick, Democrat	65,927
James Arthur Strohm, Libertarian	7,694
22. Pete Olson, Republican	140,537
Kesha Rogers, Democrat	62,082
Steven Susman, Libertarian	5,538
Johnny Williams, Write-in	66
23. Francisco "Quico" Canseco, Republican	74,853
Ciro D. Rodriguez, Democrat	67,348
Craig T. Stephens, Independent	5,432
Martin Nitschke, Libertarian	2,482
Ed Scharf, Green	1,419
24. Kenny Marchant, Republican	100,078
David Sparks, Libertarian	22,609
25. Donna Campbell, Republican	84,849
Lloyd Doggett, Democrat	99,967
Jim Stutsman, Libertarian	4,431
26. Michael C. Burgess, Republican	120,984
Neil L. Durrance, Democrat	55,385
Mark Boler, Libertarian	4,062
27. R. Blake Farenthold, Republican	50,976
Solomon P. Ortiz, Democrat	50,179
Ed Mishou, Libertarian	5,376

TEXAS—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

28. Bryan Underwood, Republican	46,740
Henry Cuellar, Democrat	62,773
Stephen Kaat, Libertarian	1,889
29. Roy Morales, Republican	22,825
Gene Green, Democrat	43,257
Brad Walters, Libertarian	866
30. Stephen E. Broden, Republican	24,668
Eddie Bernice Johnson, Democrat	86,322
J. B. Oswalt, Libertarian	2,988
31. John R. Carter, Republican	126,384
Bill Oliver, Libertarian	26,735
32. Pete Sessions, Republican	79,433
Grier Raggio, Democrat	44,258
John Jay Myers, Libertarian	3,178

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Texas

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Independent	Libertarian	Green	Write-in	Total
Representatives:							
1st district	129,398			14,811			144,209
2d district	130,020			16,711			146,731
3d district	101,180	47,848		3,602		22	152,652
4th district	136,338	40,975	4,244	4,729			186,286
5th district	106,742	41,649		2,958			151,349
6th district	107,140	50,717		4,700			162,557
7th district	143,655			31,704		1,019	176,378
8th district	161,417	34,694		4,988			201,099
9th district	24,201	80,107		1,459			105,767
10th district	144,980	74,086		5,105			224,171
11th district	125,581	23,989		4,321	1,449		155,340
12th district	109,882	38,434		4,601			152,917
13th district	113,201		11,192	5,650			130,043
14th district	140,623	44,431					185,054
15th district	39,964	53,546		2,570			96,080
16th district	31,051	49,301		4,319		221	84,892
17th district	106,696	63,138		2,808			172,642
18th district	33,067	85,108		3,118		28	121,321
19th district	106,059	25,984		4,315			136,358
20th district	31,757	58,645		1,783			92,185
21st district	162,924	65,927		7,694			236,545
22d district	140,537	62,082		5,538		66	208,223
23d district	74,853	67,348	5,432	2,482	1,419		151,534
24th district	100,078			22,609			122,687
25th district	84,849	99,967		4,431			189,247
26th district	120,984	55,385		4,062			180,431
27th district	50,976	50,179		5,376			106,531
28th district	46,740	62,773		1,889			111,402
29th district	22,825	43,257		866			66,948
30th district	24,668	86,322		2,988			113,978
31st district	126,384			26,735			153,119
32d district	79,433	44,258		3,178			126,869
Total	3,058,203	1,450,150	20,868	212,100	2,868	1,356	4,745,545

UTAH

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Mike Lee, Republican	360,403
Sam F. Granato, Democrat	191,732
Scott N. Bradley, Constitution	33,095

UTAH—Continued
FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Rob Bishop, Republican	135,247
Morgan E. Bowen, Democrat	46,765
Kirk D. Pearson, Constitution	9,143
Jared Paul Stratton, Libertarian	4,307
2. Morgan Philpot, Republican	116,001
Jim Matheson, Democrat	127,151
Randall Hinton, Constitution	4,578
Dave Glissmeyer, Unaffiliated	2,391
Wayne L. Hill, Unaffiliated	1,726
3. Jason Chaffetz, Republican	139,721
Karen Hyer, Democrat	44,320
Douglas Sligting, Constitution	4,596
Jake Shannon, Libertarian	2,945
Joseph L. Puente, Unaffiliated	1,604

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Utah

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Democ- ratic	Con- stitu- tion	Liber- tari- an	Unaf- fili- ated	Total
Representatives:						
1st district	135,247	46,765	9,143	4,307	.....	195,462
2d district	116,001	127,151	4,578	.....	4,117	251,847
3d district	139,721	44,320	4,596	2,945	1,604	193,186
Total	390,969	218,236	18,317	7,252	5,721	640,495
Senator	360,403	191,732	33,095	.....	.....	585,230

VERMONT

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Len Britton, Republican	72,699
Patrick J. Leahy, Democrat	151,281
Daniel Freilich, Independent	3,544
Stephen J. Cain, Independent	2,356
Joheny Nunes, Independent	1,021
Peter Diamondstone, Socialist	1,433
Cris Ericson, United States Marijuana	2,731
Write-in	113

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

AT LARGE

Paul D. Beaudry, Republican	76,403
Peter Welch, Democrat	154,006
Gus Jaccaci, Independent	4,704
Jane Newton, Socialist	3,222
Write-in	186

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Vermont

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Democ- ratic	Inde- pend- ent	So- cialist	United States Mari- juana	Write- in	Total
Representative:							
At large	76,403	154,006	4,704	3,222	186	238,521
Senator	72,699	151,281	6,921	1,433	2,731	113	235,178

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VIRGINIA

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Robert J. Wittman, Republican	135,564
Krystal M. Ball, Democrat	73,824
G. Gail "for Rail" Parker, Independent Green	2,544
Write-in	304
2. E. Scott Rigell, Republican	88,340
Glenn C. Nye, Democrat	70,591
Kenny E. Golden, Independent	7,194
Write-in	164
3. C. L. "Chuck" Smith, Jr., Republican	44,553
Robert C. "Bobby" Scott, Democrat	114,754
John D. Kelly, Independent	2,039
James J. Quigley, Libertarian	2,383
Write-in	171
4. J. Randy Forbes, Republican	123,659
Wynne V. E. LeGrow, Democrat	74,298
Write-in	432
5. Robert Hurt, Republican	119,560
Thomas S. P. Perriello, Democrat	110,562
Jeffrey A. Clark, Independent	4,992
Write-in	185
6. Bob Goodlatte, Republican	127,487
Jeffrey W. Vanke, Independent	21,649
Stuart M. Bain, Libertarian	15,309
Write-in	2,709
7. Eric Cantor, Republican	138,209
Rick E. Waugh, Jr., Democrat	79,616
Floyd C. Bayne, Independent Green	15,164
Write-in	413
8. J. Patrick Murray, Republican	71,145
James P. Moran, Democrat	116,404
J. Ron Fisher, Independent Green	2,707
Write-in	492
9. H. Morgan Griffith, Republican	95,726
Rick Boucher, Democrat	86,743
Jeremiah D. Heaton, Independent	4,282
Write-in	166
10. Frank R. Wolf, Republican	131,116
Jeffery R. Barnett, Democrat	72,604
William B. Redpath, Libertarian	4,607
Write-in	229
11. Keith S. Fimian, Republican	110,739
Gerald E. Connolly, Democrat	111,720
Christopher F. DeCarlo, Independent	1,846
David L. Dotson, Libertarian	1,382
David William Gillis, Jr., Independent Green	959
Write-in	305

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VIRGINIA—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Virginia

Title of candidate	Republican	Democrat	Independent	Liber-tarian	Independent Green	Write-in	Total
Representatives:							
1st district	135,564	73,824	.....	.....	2,544	304	212,236
2d district	88,340	70,591	7,194	.....	.....	164	166,289
3d district	44,553	114,754	2,039	2,383	.....	171	163,900
4th district	123,659	74,298	.....	.....	.....	432	198,389
5th district	119,560	110,562	4,992	.....	.....	185	235,299
6th district	127,487	.....	21,649	15,309	.....	2,709	167,154
7th district	138,209	79,616	.....	.....	15,164	.....	233,402
8th district	71,145	116,404	.....	.....	2,707	492	190,748
9th district	95,726	86,743	4,282	.....	.....	166	186,917
10th district	131,116	72,604	.....	4,607	.....	229	208,556
11th district	110,739	111,720	1,846	1,382	959	305	226,951
Total	1,186,098	911,116	42,002	23,681	21,374	5,570	2,189,841

WASHINGTON

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Dino Rossi, Republican	1,196,164
Patty Murray, Democrat	1,314,930

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. James Watkins, Republican	126,737
Jay Inslee, Democrat	172,642
2. John Koster, Republican	148,722
Rick Larsen, Democrat	155,241
3. Jaime Herrera, Republican	152,799
Denny Heck, Democrat	135,654
4. Doc Hastings, Republican	156,726
Jay Clough, Democrat	74,973
5. Cathy McMorris Rodgers, Republican	177,235
Daryl Romeyn, Democrat	101,146
6. Doug Cloud, Republican	109,800
Norman D. Dicks, Democrat	151,873
7. Jim McDermott, Democrat	232,649
Bob Jeffers-Schroder, Independent	47,741
8. David G. Reichert, Republican	161,296
Suzan DelBene, Democrat	148,581
9. Richard (Dick) Muri, Republican	101,851
Adam Smith, Democrat	123,743

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Washington

Title of candidate	Republican	Democrat	Independent	Total
Representatives:				
1st district	126,737	172,642	.....	299,379
2d district	148,722	155,241	.....	303,963
3d district	152,799	135,654	.....	288,453
4th district	156,726	74,973	.....	231,699
5th district	177,235	101,146	.....	278,381
6th district	109,800	151,873	.....	261,673
7th district .....	.....	232,649	47,741	280,390
8th district	161,296	148,581	.....	309,877
9th district	101,851	123,743	.....	225,594
Total	1,135,166	1,296,502	47,741	2,479,409
Senator	1,196,164	1,314,930	.....	2,511,094

WEST VIRGINIA

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

(For unexpired term ending January 3, 2013)

John R. Raese, Republican	230,013
Joe Manchin III, Democrat	283,358
Jesse Johnson, Mountain Party	10,152
Jeff Becker, Constitution	6,425

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. David B. McKinley, Republican	90,660
Mike Oliverio, Democrat	89,220
2. Shelley Moore Capito, Republican	126,814
Virginia Lynch Graf, Democrat	55,001
Phil Hudok, Constitution	3,431
3. Elliott E. "Spike" Maynard, Republican	65,611
Nick J. Rahall II, Democrat	83,636

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in West Virginia

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Democ- ratic	Moun- tain Party	Con- stitu- tion	Total
Representatives:					
1st district	90,660	89,220	.....	.....	179,880
2d district	126,814	55,001	.....	3,431	185,246
3d district	65,611	83,636	.....	.....	149,247
Total	283,085	227,857	.....	3,431	514,373
Senator (unexpired term)	230,013	283,358	10,152	6,425	529,948

WISCONSIN

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Ron Johnson, Republican	1,125,999
Russell D. Feingold, Democrat	1,020,958
Rob Taylor, Constitution Party of Wisconsin	23,473
Ernest J. Pagels, Jr., Write-in (Republican)	134
Michael D. LaForest, Write-in (Independent)	129
Scattering	638

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

1. Paul Ryan, Republican	179,819
John Heckenlively, Democrat	79,363
Joseph Kexel, Libertarian	4,311
Scattering	134
2. Chad Lee, Republican	118,099
Tammy Baldwin, Democrat	191,164
Scattering	197
3. Dan Kapanke, Republican	116,838
Ron Kind, Democrat	126,380
Michael Krsiean, Independent Citizen for Constitutional Government	8,001
Scattering	121
4. Dan Sebring, Republican	61,543
Gwen Moore, Democrat	143,559
Eddie Ahmad Ayyash, Coalition on Government Reform	2,802
Scattering	199
5. F. James Sensenbrenner, Jr., Republican	229,642
Todd P. Kolosso, Democrat	90,634
Robert R. Raymond, Independent	10,813
Scattering	169
6. Thomas E. Petri, Republican	183,271
Joseph C. Kallas, Democrat	75,926
Scattering	170

WISCONSIN—Continued

FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE—Continued

7. Sean Duffy, Republican	132,551
Julie M. Lassa, Democrat	113,018
Gary Kautner, Independent No War No Bailout	8,397
Scattering	423
8. Reid J. Ribble, Republican	143,998
Steve Kagen, Democrat	118,646
Scattering	294

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Wisconsin

Title of candidate	Republican	Democratic	Independent	Constitution Party of Wisconsin	Independent No War No Bail-out	Independent Citizen for Constitutional Government	Libertarian	Coalition on Government Reform	Write in (Republican)	Write in (Independent)	Scattering	Total
Representatives:												
1st district	179,819	79,363					4,311				134	263,627
2d district	118,099	191,164									197	309,460
3d district	116,838	126,880				8,001					121	251,340
4th district	61,543	143,559						2,802			199	208,103
5th district	229,642	90,634	10,813								169	331,258
6th district	183,271	75,926									170	259,367
7th district	132,551	113,018			8,397						423	254,389
8th district	143,998	118,646									294	262,938
Total	1,165,761	998,690	10,813		8,397	8,001	4,311	2,802			1,707	2,140,482
Senator	1,125,999	1,020,958		23,473					134	129	638	2,171,331

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WYOMING
FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE
AT LARGE

Cynthia M. Lummis, Republican	131,661
David Wendt, Democrat	45,768
John V. Love, Libertarian	9,253
Write-in	287
Over Votes	188
Under Votes	3,665

Recapitulation of Votes Cast in Wyoming

Title of candidate	Repub- lican	Democ- ratic	Liber- tari- an	Under Votes	Over Votes	Write- in	Total
Representative: At large	131,661	45,768	9,253	3,665	188	287	190,822

AMERICAN SAMOA
FOR DELEGATE

Aumua Amata, Republican	4,422
Eni F. H. Faleomavaega, Democrat	6,182
Tuika Tuika, No Affiliation	356
Total	10,960

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
FOR DELEGATE

Missy Reilly Smith, Republican	8,109
Eleanor Holmes Norton, Democrat	117,990
Rick Tingling-Clemmons, D.C. Statehood Green	4,413
Queen Noble, S.H.E.R.O.	785
Write-in	1,359
Total	132,656

GUAM

FOR DELEGATE

Madeleine Z. Bordallo, Democrat	35,919
Write-in (Republican)	796
Write-in (Democratic)	706
Total	37,421

NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS

FOR DELEGATE

Juan Nekai Babauta, Republican	2,049
Gregorio Kilili Camacho Sablan, Democrat	4,852
Jesse Camacho Borja, Democrat	1,707
Joseph James Norita Camacho, Covenant	2,744
Total	11,352

VIRGIN ISLANDS

FOR DELEGATE

Vincent Emile Danet, Republican	2,329
Donna M. Christensen, Democrat	19,844
Jeffrey Baxter Christian Moorhead, No Party	5,063
Guillaume Mimoun, No Party	419
Write-in	11
Total	27,666

Recapitulation of Votes Cast for United States Senators (Terms Beginning Jan. 3, 2011), Election of Nov. 2, 2010

State	Repub- lican	Democ- ratic	Inde- pendent	Liber- tarian	Green	Con- stitu- tion	Reform	Other Par- ties	Other (Scat- tering, Write-ins, etc.)	Total
Alabama	968,181	515,619							1,699	1,486,499
Alaska	90,839	60,045		1,459					103,160	255,503
Arizona	1,005,615	592,011		80,097	24,603				6,158	1,708,484
Arkansas	451,618	288,156	25,234		14,430				519	779,957
California	4,217,366	5,218,441		175,242	128,510			1,260,534	67	10,000,160
Colorado	822,731	651,690		22,589	38,768			2,19,415	17,193	1,772,286
Connecticut	498,341	605,204		2,101				3,37,571	724	1,153,115
Delaware	123,053	174,012		24,850				48,201	35	307,402
Florida	2,645,743	1,092,936		68,750				54,792	1,642,785	5,411,106
Georgia	1,489,304	996,516		2,957					88	2,555,258
Hawaii	79,939	277,228			7,762				2,697	370,583
Idaho	319,953	112,057				17,429			91	449,580
Illinois	1,778,698	1,719,478		87,247	117,914				1,136	3,704,473
Indiana	952,116	697,775		94,330					260	1,744,481
Iowa	718,215	371,686		25,290					872	1,116,063
Kansas	587,175	290,971		17,922			11,624			837,692
Kentucky	755,706	600,052							338	1,356,096
Louisiana	715,415	476,572							53,171	1,264,994
Maryland	655,666	1,140,531							2,198	1,833,858
Massachusetts	1,054,160	789,786		58,663					31	1,943,899
Missouri	321,861	362,785	12,065						16,197	721,404
Nevada	273,218	167,545	9,194	4,753						454,710
New Hampshire	1,239,605	3,047,880			42,341				168,384	4,763,899
New York	1,458,046	1,145,074		55,687					1,272	2,660,079
North Carolina	181,689			3,890						238,534
North Dakota	2,168,742									2,168,742
Ohio	718,482	1,503,297	50,101						648	3,815,098
Oklahoma	566,199	825,507	32,855							1,017,151
Oregon	810,771	364,598							1,448	1,442,588
Pennsylvania	2,028,945	1,948,716		16,028					21,963	3,977,661
South Carolina	227,947				121,472					1,318,794
South Dakota	360,403	191,732								227,947
Utah	72,699	151,281	6,921							585,230
Vermont	1,196,164	1,314,930							113	2,356,178
Washington	1,125,999	1,020,958								2,511,094
Wisconsin									901	2,171,331
Total	32,680,704	29,110,733	147,645	755,812	516,517	173,435	17,503	745,650	2,044,138	66,191,137

1 Includes 125,441 for American Independent and 135,093 for Peace and Freedom.
 2 Independent Reform.
 3 Includes 30,836 for Working Families and 6,735 for Connecticut for Lieberman.
 4 Independent Party of Delaware.
 5 Constitution Party of Florida.
 6 Includes 3,185 for Independent American and 5,811 for Tea Party of Nevada.
 7 Includes 24,818 for Conservative and 24,871 for Anti-Prohibition, Libertarian.
 8 Democratic-Nonpartisan League.
 9 Socialist.
 10 Includes 18,940 for Working Families and 14,466 for Progressive.
 11 Includes 1,433 for Socialist and 2,731 for United States Marijuana.
 12 Constitution Party of Wisconsin.

Recapitulation of Votes Cast for United States Representatives, Election of Nov. 2, 2010

State	Repub- lican	Demo- cratic	Inde- pendent	Libertarian	Green	Inde- pend- ence	Con- stitu- tion	Reform	Other Par- ties	Other (Scat- tering, Write- ins, etc.)	Total
Alabama	914,445	418,957					26,357			7,988	1,367,747
Alaska	175,384	77,606								1,345	254,335
Arizona	900,510	711,837	4,506	72,216	9,066					10	1,698,145
Arkansas	435,422	317,975	4,421	16,048	16,048				259	774,125	
California	4,195,494	5,148,828	23,628	142,363	46,626				187,621	9,648,096	
Colorado	884,032	800,900		38,864	2,923				2,274,419	1,763,162	
Connecticut	457,976	634,947	2,310	1,986	8,892				333,991	1,138,202	
Delaware	125,442	173,543							43,704	305,636	
Florida	3,004,225	1,853,600							220,845	5,117,420	
Georgia	1,528,142	940,347							191	2,468,680	
Hawaii	129,127	226,430		3,284					1,310	360,121	
Idaho	263,699	150,884	27,865	4,696						447,144	
Illinois	1,720,016	1,876,316	4,428	95,348					51	3,696,159	
Indiana	972,671	679,462	11,218	84,289					80	1,747,720	
Iowa	597,414	479,874		8,443			5,041			1,065,591	
Kansas	628,136	274,982							247	835,529	
Kentucky	844,869	506,319		27,360					49,340	1,354,298	
Louisiana	311,221	311,221	1,334	2,029						1,035,947	
Maine	248,170	316,156							42	564,368	
Maryland	674,246	1,104,056		37,099					1,834	1,895,472	
Massachusetts	808,305	1,335,738	63,435	43,279	25,739				4,442	2,224,255	
Minnesota	970,741	1,002,026	23,355						9	3,194,901	
Mississippi	423,579	350,695	6,560	2,188					1027,682	1,782	
Missouri	1,103,280	708,064	7,193	92,485					112,468	2,090,591	
Montana	217,696	121,954		20,691						788,549	
Nebraska	327,986	137,524								1,920,675	
Nevada	357,369	137,524		6,144						360,341	
New Hampshire	230,265	200,563	6,473	6,144					20,036	485,546	
New Jersey	1,055,299	1,024,730	3,006	12,762					12	702,788	
New Mexico	288,865	307,766		8,536	7,494				13	449,787	
New York	1,612,724	2,514,801		929					13	596,651	
North Carolina	1,440,913	1,204,635		16,562					14	4,743,783	
North Dakota	129,802	106,542								236,344	
Ohio	2,053,075	1,611,112	30,566	101,549	2,000				248,099	2,662,549	
Oklahoma	657,007	733,369	51,451	2,492					439	3,825,274	
Oregon	2,034,145	1,882,202	10,988	5,710	5,400				260	792,979	
Pennsylvania	126,951	185,711	22,342	9,988					2,329	1,429,356	
Rhode Island	753,932	537,323								3,956,401	
South Carolina	163,703	146,569	19,194						480	335,484	
South Dakota	955,078	541,527	62,518						19	1,340,189	
Tennessee	3,056,203	1,450,150	20,868	212,100	2,868				779	319,426	
Texas	390,969	218,236		7,252						1,559,129	
Utah	76,403	154,006	4,704							4,745,545	
Vermont										5,721	640,495
									19	236,521	

Recapitulation of Votes Cast for United States Representatives, Election of Nov. 2, 2010—Continued

State	Republican	Democratic	Independent	Libertarian	Green	Independence	Constitution	Reform	Other Parties	Other (Scattering, Writings, etc.)	Total
Virginia	1,186,098	911,116	42,002	23,681	.....	.....	.....	.....	20 21,374	5,570	2,189,641
Washington	1,135,166	1,296,502	47,741	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,479,409
West Virginia	283,085	227,857	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,431	.....	.....	.....	514,373
Wisconsin	1,165,761	938,690	10,813	4,811	.....	.....	.....	.....	21 19,200	1,707	2,140,482
Wyoming	131,661	45,768	.....	9,253	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,140	190,822
Total	44,593,666	38,854,459	519,043	1,002,511	230,764	121,515	123,841	9,333	708,135	621,690	86,784,957

¹ Includes 56,907 for American Independent and 30,714 for Peace and Freedom.

² American Constitution.

³ Includes 33,036 for Working Families and 955 for Socialist Action.

⁴ Independent Party of Delaware.

⁵ According to Florida law, the names of those with no opposition are not printed on the ballot.

⁶ Includes 35,506 for Tea Party and 3,244 for Florida Whig Party.

⁷ Socialist Workers.

⁸ Section 511 of Title 18 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, as amended, provides that a candidate who is unopposed is declared elected by the people and his/her name shall not appear on the ballot in either the Primary or General Election. (This was the situation in the 7th Congressional District.)

⁹ Includes 4,367 for Liberty.

¹⁰ Includes 27,273 for U.S. Taxpayers and 409 for Natural Law.

¹¹ Independent Progressive.

¹² Independent American.

¹³ Includes 3,284 for New Jersey Tea Party; 2,154 for Truth Vision Hope; 1,646 for For Americans; 1,508 for Independent American; 1,257 for Time for Change; 1,141 for Action No. Talk; 1,123 for marklovet.us; 113 for Four County Again; 1,080 for Agent of Change; 1,017 for Green Tea Patriots; 910 for Gravity Buoyancy Solution; 727 for American Labor; 582 for American Renewal Movement; 521 for Defend American Constitution; and 336 for Be Determined.

¹⁴ Includes 220,074 for Conservative; 13,305 for Conservative, Taxpayers; 86,099 for Democratic, Working Families; 7,803 for Independence, Vote People Change; 798 for Tax Revolt; and 2,647 for Socialist Workers.

¹⁵ According to Oklahoma law, the names of those with no opposition are not printed on the ballot.

¹⁶ Includes 10,746 for Pacific Green, Progressive; 8,380 for Independent, Libertarian; and 5,215 for Pacific Green.

¹⁷ Includes 15,248 for People for Congress and 2,708 for American Congress.

¹⁸ Includes 10,746 for Working Families and 1,013 for United Citizens.

¹⁹ Socialist.

²⁰ Independent Green.

²¹ Includes 8,397 for Independent No War Ballout; 8,001 for Independent Citizen for Constitutional Government; and 2,802 for Coalition on Government Reform.

*Political divisions of the U.S. Senate and House of Representatives
from the 40th Congress to the 112th Congress*

[ALL FIGURES REFLECT IMMEDIATE RESULT OF ELECTIONS]

Congress	Years	Senate					House of Representatives				
		Number of Senators	Democrats	Republicans	Other parties	Vacant	Number of Representatives	Democrats	Republicans	Other parties	Vacant
40th	1867-1869	53	11	42	.....	.....	193	49	143	.....	1
41st	1869-1871	74	11	61	.....	2	243	73	170	.....	.....
42d	1871-1873	74	17	57	.....	.....	243	104	139	.....	.....
43d	1873-1875	74	19	54	.....	1	293	88	203	.....	2
44th	1875-1877	76	29	46	.....	1	293	181	107	3	2
45th	1877-1879	76	36	39	1	.....	293	156	137	.....	.....
46th	1879-1881	76	43	33	.....	.....	293	150	128	14	1
47th	1881-1883	76	37	37	2	.....	293	130	152	11	.....
48th	1883-1885	76	36	40	.....	.....	325	200	119	6	.....
49th	1885-1887	76	34	41	.....	1	325	182	140	2	1
50th	1887-1889	76	37	39	.....	.....	325	170	151	4	.....
51st	1889-1891	84	37	47	.....	.....	330	156	173	1	.....
52d	1891-1893	88	39	47	2	.....	333	231	88	14	.....
53d	1893-1895	88	44	38	3	3	356	220	126	10	.....
54th	1895-1897	88	39	44	5	.....	357	104	246	7	.....
55th	1897-1899	90	34	46	10	.....	357	134	206	16	1
56th	1899-1901	90	26	53	11	.....	357	163	185	9	.....
57th	1901-1903	90	29	56	3	2	357	153	198	5	1
58th	1903-1905	90	32	58	.....	.....	366	178	207	.....	1
59th	1905-1907	90	32	58	.....	.....	366	136	250	.....	.....
60th	1907-1909	92	29	61	.....	2	366	164	222	.....	.....
61st	1909-1911	92	32	59	.....	1	391	172	219	.....	.....
62d	1911-1913	92	42	49	.....	1	391	228	162	1	.....
63d	1913-1915	96	51	44	1	.....	435	290	127	18	.....
64th	1915-1917	96	56	39	1	.....	435	231	193	8	3
65th	1917-1919	96	53	42	1	.....	435	210	216	9	.....
66th	1919-1921	96	47	48	1	.....	435	191	237	7	.....
67th	1921-1923	96	37	59	.....	.....	435	132	300	1	2
68th	1923-1925	96	43	51	2	.....	435	207	225	3	.....
69th	1925-1927	96	40	54	1	1	435	183	247	5	.....
70th	1927-1929	96	47	48	1	.....	435	195	237	3	.....
71st	1929-1931	96	39	56	1	.....	435	163	267	1	4
72d	1931-1933	96	47	48	1	.....	435	216	218	1	.....
73d	1933-1935	96	59	36	1	.....	435	313	117	5	.....
74th	1935-1937	96	69	25	2	.....	435	322	103	10	.....
75th	1937-1939	96	75	17	4	.....	435	333	89	13	.....
76th	1939-1941	96	69	23	4	.....	435	262	169	4	.....
77th	1941-1943	96	66	28	2	.....	435	267	162	6	.....
78th	1943-1945	96	57	38	1	.....	435	222	209	4	.....
79th	1945-1947	96	57	38	1	.....	435	243	190	2	.....
80th	1947-1949	96	46	51	.....	.....	435	188	246	1	.....
81st	1949-1951	96	54	42	.....	.....	435	263	171	1	.....
82d	1951-1953	96	48	47	1	.....	435	234	199	2	.....
83d	1953-1955	96	46	48	2	.....	435	213	221	1	.....
84th	1955-1957	96	48	47	1	.....	435	232	203	.....	.....
85th	1957-1959	96	49	47	.....	.....	435	234	201	.....	.....
86th	1959-1961	98	64	34	.....	.....	³ 436	283	153	.....	.....
87th	1961-1963	100	64	36	.....	.....	⁴ 437	262	175	.....	.....
88th	1963-1965	100	67	33	.....	.....	435	258	176	.....	1
89th	1965-1967	100	68	32	.....	.....	435	295	140	.....	.....
90th	1967-1969	100	64	36	.....	.....	435	248	187	.....	.....
91st	1969-1971	100	58	42	.....	.....	435	243	192	.....	.....
92d	1971-1973	100	54	44	2	.....	435	255	180	.....	.....
93d	1973-1975	100	56	42	2	.....	435	242	192	1	.....
94th	1975-1977	100	61	37	2	.....	435	291	144	.....	.....
95th	1977-1979	100	61	38	1	.....	435	292	143	.....	.....
96th	1979-1981	100	58	41	1	.....	435	277	158	.....	.....
97th	1981-1983	100	46	53	1	.....	435	242	192	1	.....
98th	1983-1985	100	46	54	.....	.....	435	269	166	.....	.....
99th	1985-1987	100	47	53	.....	.....	435	253	182	.....	.....
100th	1987-1989	100	55	45	.....	.....	435	258	177	.....	.....
101st	1989-1991	100	55	45	.....	.....	435	260	175	.....	.....
102d	1991-1993	100	56	44	.....	.....	435	267	167	1	.....
103d	1993-1995	100	57	43	.....	.....	435	258	176	1	.....
104th	1995-1997	100	48	52	.....	.....	435	204	230	1	.....
105th	1997-1999	100	45	55	.....	.....	435	207	226	2	.....
106th	1999-2001	100	45	55	.....	.....	435	211	223	1	.....
107th	2001-2003	100	50	50	.....	.....	435	212	221	2	.....
108th	2003-2005	100	48	51	1	.....	435	204	229	1	1
109th	2005-2007	100	44	55	1	.....	435	202	232	1	.....
110th	2007-2009	100	49	49	2	.....	435	233	202	.....	.....
111th	2009-2011	100	55	41	2	2	435	256	178	.....	1
112th	2011-2013	100	51	47	2	.....	435	193	242	.....	.....

¹ Democrats organized House with help of other parties.
² Democrats organized House due to Republican deaths.
³ Proclamation declaring Alaska a State issued Jan. 3, 1959.
⁴ Proclamation declaring Hawaii a State issued Aug. 21, 1959.

EXHIBIT G



House

Senate

Governor

State Results

House Map

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House Map - Election Results 2010 - The New York Times

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193 Democrats

-63

Republicans **242**

+63

259 for majority 255 Dem's before election

- District Winners
- District Bubbles
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MAP KEY

- Lead Win Gain
- Dem
- Rep
- Other
- No results

YEAR

2002 2004 2006 2008 2010

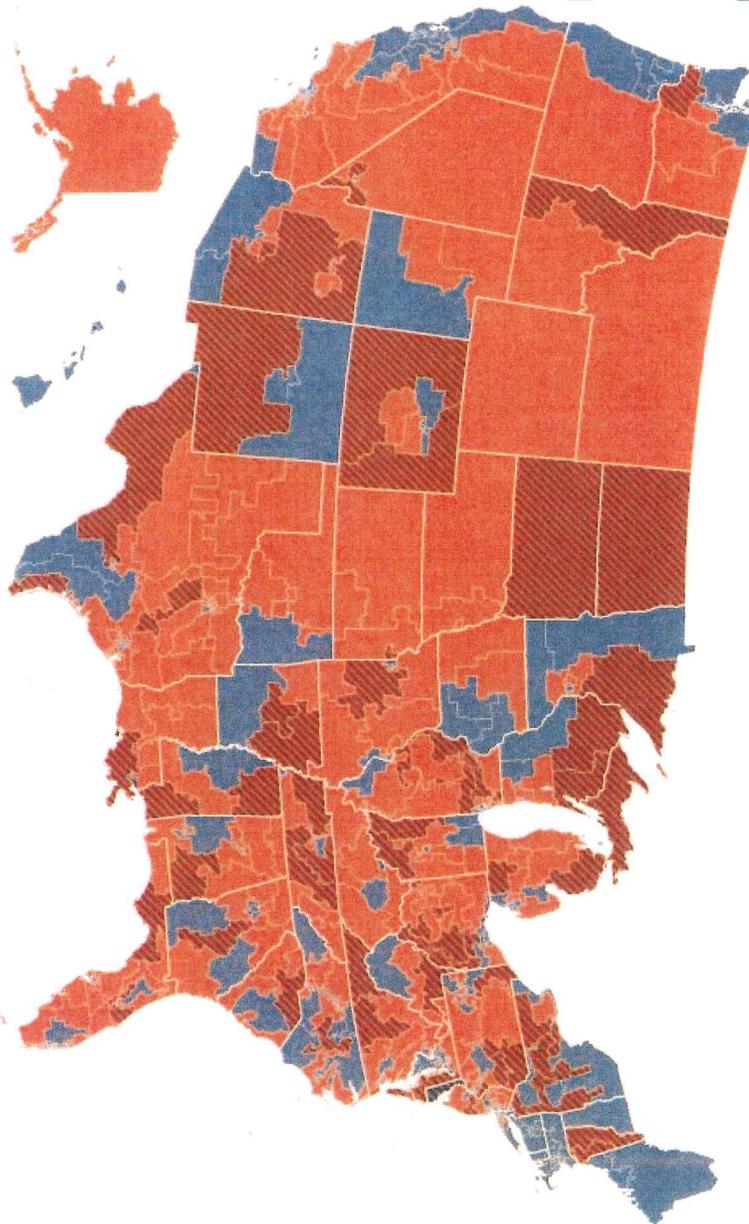


EXHIBIT H

AFFIDAVIT

STATE OF WESTVIRGINA,

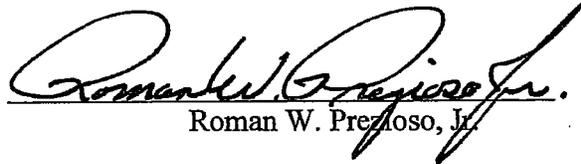
COUNTY OF ~~HARRISON~~, to wit:

I, Roman W. Prezioso, Jr., am a citizen and resident of Marion County, West Virginia, and have served since 1997 as a state Senator representing the 13th Senatorial District.

Earlier this year I was appointed to serve as a member of the state Senate's Redistricting Task Force which was later established as an official committee of the Senate for purposes of redistricting. In that capacity, I was asked by the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee (DCCC), a national organization, to offer two amendments to a proposed bill on Congressional redistricting for the purpose of increasing the likelihood of electing a Democrat to Congress. I offered both amendments at a state Senate Redistricting Committee meeting on August 4, 2011, and both amendments were defeated in Committee. The Committee instead reported a bill that would simply move Mason County from the 2nd Congressional District to the 3rd Congressional District, and made no changes to the 1st Congressional District. The Committee's proposal was then introduced as S.B. 1008, and neither I nor any other member of the Senate offered either of the amendments suggested by the DCCC on the Senate floor.

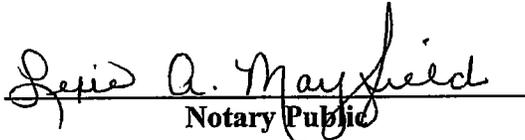
I ultimately voted for passage of S.B. 1008 to simply move Mason County from the 2nd Congressional District to the 3rd Congressional District while making no change to the 1st Congressional District. In so doing, I fully considered various factors including requirements under the U.S. Constitution as to population variance; the requirement

under the West Virginia Constitution that Congressional districts consist of contiguous counties and be compact; respect for communities of interest; and the Legislature's past practices in Congressional redistricting of keeping counties intact, avoiding contests between incumbent Representatives, preserving the core of prior districts and keeping prior districts intact as much as possible.


Roman W. Prezioso, Jr.

Taken, subscribed, and sworn to before me this 20th day of December, 2011,
by Roman W. Prezioso, Jr.

My commission expires January 4, 2015.


Notary Public

(NOTARIAL SEAL)

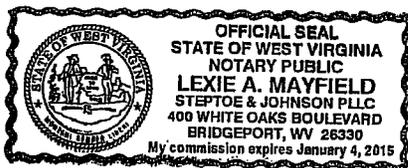


EXHIBIT I



MICHAEL A. OLIVERIO II (D) of Morgantown, Monongalia County (13th Dist.). Elected to the House of Delegates in 1992. Elected to the Senate in 1994, 1998, 2002 and 2006. Committees: Economic Development (Vice Chair), Education, Energy, Industry and Mining, Judiciary (Vice Chair), Labor (Chair), Military, Pensions, Joint Committee on Insurance Availability, Joint Committee on Technology. Chairman, Small Business Committee, 73rd, 74th and 75th Legislatures. Chairman, House Freshman Caucus, 1993-94. Born August 6, 1963, in Fairmont. Education: West Virginia University (BSBA, MBA). Married to Melissa Kirk Oliverio, Esq., of Bluefield; children: Michael Angelo III and Margaret Rose. Life Insurance Agent. Catholic. Member, Knights of Columbus; Morgantown Area and Marion County Chambers of Commerce; National Life Underwriters Association; Reserve Officers Association; West Virginia Jaycees; American Heart Association; Family Protection Services Board; Family Violence Coordinating Council; Injury Prevention Coalition; West Virginia State Health Project. Student Body President, West Virginia University, 1985-86. Chairman, Governor's Committee on Crime, Delinquency and

Correction; Small Business Advisory Council. Member, Domestic Violence Advisory Team; Coal Research Advisory Team; Energy Committee, Southern Legislative Council; Morgantown Pastoral Counseling Center Board. State Chair, American Legislative Exchange Council. U. S. Army Reserve, Captain.

ROBERT H. PLYMALE (D) of Ceredo, Wayne County (5th Dist.). Elected to the Senate in 1992, 1996, 2000 and 2004. Committees: Education (Chair), Confirmations, Pensions, Finance, Economic Development, Government Organization, Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability (Senate Chair), Forest Management Review Commission, Joint Committee on Pensions and Retirement, Joint Committee on Technology, Chair, Committee on Pensions, 72nd, 73rd, 74th and 75th Legislatures; Vice Chair, Committees on Education and Health and Human Resources, 75th Legislature; Chair, Committee on Transportation, 71st Legislature; Cochair, Forest Management Review Commission, 71st and 72nd Legislatures. Member, Infrastructure and Jobs Development Council. Chair, Select Committee on PEIA, 73rd Legislature. Born February 21, 1955, in Huntington; son of Shearl H. and Sallie Hamer. Education: Marshall University. Married to Jennifer Thompson; children: Lauren Elise, Allison Lynn and James Jeffrey. Lumber sales and purchasing. Methodist. Member, WVFA; Huntington Regional Chamber of Commerce; West Virginia Veteran's Home Advisory Board; President and Fundraising Chairman, Spring Valley High School Foundation, Inc.; Youth sports, soccer and baseball. Chairman, C-K Middle School, School Improvement Council.





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Roman Prezioso (D - Marion)

District 13

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Room 465M, Building 1
State Capitol Complex
Charleston, WV 25305

Capitol Phone: (304) 357-7961

Business Phone: NA

E-mail: roman.prezioso@wvsenate.gov

SENATE COMMITTEES:

CHAIR:

Finance

MEMBER:

Confirmations
Rules
Banking and Insurance
Health and Human Resources
Economic Development
Natural Resources
Select Committee on Redistricting

INTERIM COMMITTEES:

CHAIR:

Finance

Finance Subcommittee B

EX OFFICIO:

Finance Subcommittee A

Finance Subcommittee C

MEMBER:

Council of Finance and Administration
Economic Development
Government and Finance
Health
Post Audits Subcommittee

Biography:

Administrator Born June 29, 1949, son of the late Roman W. and Amelia A. Prezioso Education Fairmont State College, A.B.; West Virginia University, M.S.; Marshall University Wife Deborah M. Haught Children Christopher James Affiliations Member of the Board; Kiwanis Club of Fairmont-Past President; Marion Regional Development Corporation; Motor Sports Advisory Committee; Phi Delta Kappa; Southern Regional Education Board, 2004 Vice Chair, 2005 Chair, Legislative Advisory Committee; Southern Legislative Conference, Chair, Health and Human Services and Public Safety Committee; State Policy Academy on Managing Systemic Education Change; West Virginia Adult Education Association; West Virginia Poison Center Advisory Board; West Virginia School Health Committee; West Virginia University's Eberly College of Arts and Sciences Advisory Board; Governor's Committee on School Facilities Evaluation; Marion County Chamber of Commerce's Public Servant of the Year, 8/6/2003; Times West Virginian Public Servant of the Year 2002; American Legion Department of West Virginia 2001 Distinguished Service Award, 2/2/2002; West Virginia Nurses Association 2001 Nursing Award, 5/8/2001; Fairmont State College School of Technology, Appreciation Award, 4/23/1999; Pricketts Fort Memorial Foundation, History Maker of the Year, 10/18/1998; West Virginia Public Theatre's Producer's Award, 7/25/1998; Fairmont State College's 1997 Alumnus Achievement Award, 10/18/1997; Fairmont State College's Presidential Service Award, 5/11/1996; West Virginia State Troopers Association's Appreciation Award, 1993; American Vocational Association Region One's Legislator of the Year, 12/7/1992; Outstanding Young Men in America Legislative Service Elected to the House 1988-1994; Elected to the Senate 1996-2008 Legislative Positions Held Vice Chair, Committee on Constitutional Revision, 70th and 71st Legislatures; Vice Chair, Committee on Education, 70th and 71st Legislatures; Vice Chair, Committee on Pensions and Retirement, 71st, 72nd and 73rd Legislatures; Chair, Committee on Education, 72nd Legislature; Vice Chair, Committee on Computers and Technology, 72nd Legislature; Chair, Committee on the Military, 73rd Legislature; Chair, Student Intern Committee, 73rd, 74th, 75th and 76th Legislatures; Chair, Committee on Health and Human Resources, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th and 79th Legislatures; Chair, Legislative Oversight Commission on Health and Human Resources 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th and 79th Legislatures Religion Catholic

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EXHIBIT J

NEWS

Wednesday December 21, 2011

Joe Manchin's cousin might run for Congressby Ry Rivard
Daily Mail Capitol Reporter

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CHARLESTON, W.Va. -- Voters in West Virginia's 1st Congressional District may be asked to vote for two Manchins next fall.

State House Delegate Tim Manchin, D-Marion, said Tuesday he is considering a run for Congress. Tim Manchin's cousin is, of course, U.S. Sen. Joe Manchin, D-W.Va.

Democrats were left scrambling last week for a candidate to challenge one-term Rep. David McKinley, R-W.Va.

That's because former state Sen. Mike Oliverio announced late last week that he did not plan to run against McKinley, to whom he narrowly lost in 2010.

Tim met Monday in his native Fairmont with officials from the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee and plans to make an announcement after the holidays.

The DCCC, which recruits and supports Democrats for Congress, is betting a strong candidate can unseat McKinley.

Tim said he and his cousin, the senator, had a candid conversation Tuesday and decided to talk over the holidays about a potential run.

"I just spoke very, very briefly with him," Tim said Tuesday evening. "He certainly wasn't trying to dissuade me from trying to run."

Tim interest in the 1st Congressional District seat was first reported Tuesday by the website Politico.

He would have at least one primary competitor.

Sue Thorn, a former field organizer for the party, also will vy for the Democratic nomination in the 1st. Although

Thorn has some support among some members of the party, she apparently does not have the blessing of some party chieftains.

Tim said if he decides to run, his family name could work for and against him.

"I think it's possible for some people to say, 'Oh, two Manchins on a congressional ballot — they are trying to take over,'" he said. "And that might have a negative effect on some folks.

"Other folks might feel like we are two different people and that both of us have the state and the country's best interest at heart," he said.

State Democratic Party Chairman Larry Puccio said voters look at each candidate on their own terms.

"It doesn't hurt and it doesn't help us," he said.

The political implications for Joe of Tim's entry into the race are murky.

Joe, a former governor, is one of the most popular political figures in the state's recent history. Attack after attack has done little to dent that.

"We know that the Manchins have a long history of getting results in West Virginia," said one Democrat familiar with the effort to recruit Tim.

On the other hand, any time the Republicans — or an outside interest group — runs an ad bashing one Manchin or the other, it might hurt them both. So far, no one has announced a serious challenge to Joe.

Tim is not always aligned with his cousin — for better or for worse, depending on who is doing the talking.

Tim gave money to President Barack Obama's 2008 campaign, while Joe has gone to pains to distance himself from the president.

Tim has received a good rating and accolades from the state Sierra Club, while Joe had the endorsement of the state Coal Association.

Republicans, however, quickly rushed to call Tim what they called Joe during the 2010 Senate race: a rubber stamp for Obama or House Minority Leader Nancy Pelosi, D-Calif.

"West Virginians see Tim Manchin for what he'd be in Congress, just another Washington insider Obama / Pelosi rubber stamp," said National Republican Campaign Committee spokesman Nat Sillin.

Tim dismissed the criticism. The Democratic official familiar with the recruitment effort noted that it was McKinley, not Tim, who has spent the last year in Washington.

Tim has made headlines lately because of the effort he led to regulate drilling in the state's Marcellus shale gas field. A bill, based largely on his efforts, passed the Legislature last week.

Contact writer Ry Rivard at ry.riv...@dailymail.com or 304-348-1796. Follow him at www.twitter.com/ryrivard.

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EXHIBIT K

Interstate-Guide: Interstate 68

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Interstate 68



History | Western Terminus | Eastern Terminus

Routing

Designated in October 1989 and fully opened in 1992, Interstate 68 replaced the second definition of U.S. 48 along the National Freeway in northeast West Virginia and the panhandle of Maryland between Interstate 79 and Interstate 70. Included as Appalachian Corridor E, Interstate 68 within the Mountaineer State was initially constructed between 1970 and 1976 at a cost of \$113 million.¹ The rest of the road was upgraded to Interstate standards by 1992. The route provides an alternative to Interstate 70 for traffic headed between Baltimore and Washington to West Virginia, Ohio, and points westward.

History

Originally, the Interstate 68 designation was planned for the U.S. 50-301 freeway between Washington, D.C., and Annapolis, Maryland. However, AASHTO approved the numbering of Interstate 68 along the U.S. 48 corridor in West Virginia and Maryland on June 7, 1989. At the same time, U.S. 48 was decommissioned between the same points. AASHTO renumbered the former proposed Interstate 68 between Washington and Annapolis as Interstate 595.

Future Aspirations

According to the West Virginia 2/Interstate 68 Authority, plans call for Interstate 68 to be routed northwest from its current terminus at Morgantown to rejoin Interstate 70 near Wheeling via Moundsville, via West Virginia 7 and U.S. 250. In September 2000, 26 alternative routes (including a north-south route along U.S. 250 from Hundred to Fairmont via Mannington) for Interstate 68 were presented by the authority, but no final routing was determined. West Virginia 2 is also planned for upgrades, perhaps to Interstate standards. The West Virginia 2/Interstate 68 Authority was created by the West Virginia State Legislature in 1997, and it has two mandates: focus on widening West Virginia 2 from Parkersburg to Chester and extend Interstate 68 westward to the Ohio River.

The Interstate 68 extension concept has moved one step closer to reality. On September 9, 2003, West Virginia Governor Bob Wise announced that the Federal Highway Administration has approved the Interstate 68 extension for inclusion into the National Highway System. With origins dating back to 1986, the plan includes a 73-mile route between Morgantown to Moundsville. Including Monongalia County 19/24, U.S. 19, West Virginia 7 and U.S. 250, the roadway is re-classified as part of the State Principal Arterial System.² Whenever the reauthorized Transportation Bill passes, eligible funding granted by Congress may be approved for the project.¹ Year 2000 forecasts listed the proposed cost at about \$654 million. More recent estimates may see the price tag increase to \$1 billion. The I-68 Boosters, joining the 1997-created West Virginia 2/Interstate 68 Authority, have obtained over 20,000 signatures on a petition stating support for the highway. Additionally public meetings have already been conducted in Marion, Marshall, Monongalia and Wetzel Counties during the years 2000 and 2001 to garner input and opinions on the highway.²

Parallel/Historic U.S. Routes

Interstate 68 was originally constructed as U.S. 48, and U.S. 48 was decommissioned once the freeway was complete and accepted into the Interstate Highway System. A portion of Interstate 68 east of Cumberland parallels U.S. 40.

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Mileage

State	West Virginia
Mileage	32.06
Cities	Morgantown
Junctions	Interstate 79
State	Maryland
Mileage	81.09
Cities	Frostburg, Cumberland, Hancock
Junctions	Interstate 70
TOTAL	113.15
Source: October 31, 2002 Interstate Route Log and Finders List	

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Interstate 68 Annual Average Daily Traffic

State	Location	AADT Composite	Year
Maryland	Keyzers Ridge	12,625	2002
Maryland	Cumberland	49,825	2002
Maryland	Hancock	20,325	2002
Source: 2002 AADTS Report (Maryland Department of Transportation State Highway Administration - Highway Information Services Division) Complete <u>Interstate 68 AADT</u> data.			

EXHIBIT L

Corridor H - A 2020 Vision

HOME NEWS AND MEDIA FACTS HISTORY MAPS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT RESOLUTIONS OF SUPPORT CONTACT US HOW YOU CAN HELP

History

Corridor H came about as part of the 1965 Appalachian Regional Development Act. The route was initially proposed as a passage from Weston, W. Va. to Strasburg, Virginia.

Going further back, the creation of an Appalachian highway system can be traced from a 1930's suggestion of Benton McKay, a creator of the Appalachian Trail. McKay suggested a network of highways and parkways throughout Appalachia.

The Appalachian Development Highway System was designed as a 13-state regional system that called for 23 corridors, each offering a means for traffic to connect to major highway terminals. The idea was to connect remote areas of Appalachia to the national Interstate Highway System. Corridor H would be one of six (D, E, G, H, L, and Q) AHDS routes planned to be built in (or through) West Virginia. The other routes (listed below) that pass through West Virginia are complete:

- Corridor D: U.S. 50, Cincinnati, Ohio (via Parkersburg) to I-79 at Bridgeport, W. Va.
- Corridor E: Interstate 68, Morgantown (from I-79) to I-70 at Hancock, Md.
- Corridor G: U.S. 119, Charleston, W. Va. to Pikeville, Ky.
- Corridor L: U.S. 19, from Beckley W. Va. to Sutton, W. Va.
- Corridor Q: Christiansburg, Va. to Pikeville, Ky., incorporating U.S. highways 52, 19 and 460 in West Virginia

Construction of Corridor H would start slowly and it would remain the slowest link in the development chain. By 1974, widening projects were beginning on U.S. 33 immediately east of I-79 near Weston. The only sign of significant construction at that time was a six-mile stretch of highway being built on a new alignment east of Elkins. Construction also began in the mid 1970's on the section from Canfield to Shavers Fork. Begin:

The original proposed routing of Corridor H followed U.S. 33 from I-79 east to Elkins then onward via U.S. 33 to Seneca Rocks. From that point east, there were two proposals. One was a new terrain route over the Shenandoah Mountains to New Market, Virginia. The other called for Corridor H to go north from Seneca Rocks to Moorefield and then east roughly following Route 55 to Strasburg.

Environmental groups, however, voiced concerns and protested the route east of Shavers Fork. In 1981, West Virginia initiated studies and hearings on an Environmental Impact Statement for the highway east of Shavers Fork, an effort that stalled as funding issues would cause the state would shelve the project until 1990. In the meantime, the state in 1982 began 12 years of constructing nearly 40 miles of Corridor H from I-79 east to just west of the city of Elkins.

Activity would pick up in the 1990's after U.S. Sen. Robert Byrd (D-W. Va.) was named chair of the Senate Appropriations Committee. Byrd accelerated highway funding to West Virginia. At the state level, the West Virginia Department of Transportation began a study that included a Corridor Selection Draft Environmental Impact Statement (CSDDEIS). After the WVDOH released an Alignment Selection Draft Environmental Impact Statement (ASDEIS) as part of the study, a new route was proposed, which had the highway running northeast from Elkins to Parsons and east from Parsons to Davis. A northern route was added that directed the highway from Bismark and Schert to Moorefield, then east to Virginia in the shadows of our current WV 55. The four-lane portion of highway directly east of Elkins and part of the original Corridor H would not be part of the new route.

As these efforts took place, an organization known as **Corridor H Alternatives** took shape and became the most vocal opposition group. The group, which favored other alternatives, received unexpected help when the Commonwealth of Virginia in 1995 announced it was not pursuing completion of Corridor H from the State Line to Strasburg.

Former West Virginia Gov. Cecil Underwood, meanwhile, stated that his administration's goal was to "...move aggressively toward construction of every segment of Corridor H as we have been financially and legally permitted to do so."

The state of West Virginia released its Final Environmental Impact Statement (FEIS) in April 1996 and the Federal Highway Administration announced a Record of Decision (ROD) approving the 100-mile route four months later. In November, CHA would file suit in federal district court against the FHWA's ROD. CHA alleged that the state did not study improving existing routes. The group also alleged that WVDOH ignored impacts on historical sites the Corricks Ford and Mooresville Civil War Battlefields.

The U.S. District Court sided in favor of the FHWA and WVDOH in October of 1997, but CHA appealed. CHA filed a second lawsuit in 1998 on the same grounds in regards to two other properties. The second lawsuit would be dismissed in March 1999.

In November 1998, a federal court ordered the WVDOH to halt all work on Corridor H except for a 3.5-mile segment of the North Elkins Bypass.

The next milestone came when a U.S. District Court of Appeals decided on February 9, 1999, that the two agencies through the EIS process did consider all alternatives, including improving existing routes. The decision, however, allowed alternative groups to challenge the funding for projects that interfered with historical sites, meaning future lawsuits could be filed in this arena. But the state, as a result, would be allowed to complete the North Elkins Bypass and continue all studies for the rest of the highway.

A compromise came in December 1999 as a result of the U.S. District Court Mediation program. The compromise broke the original ROD on the 100-mile route into nine segments. ROD's would be issued for each segment. The CHA waived the right to bring future lawsuits seeking further study of any alternative that does not include "completing Corridor H as a continuous four-lane highway."

During the first six months of the Barack Obama administration, funding for Corridor H saw a boost and then a pull back. The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 awarded West Virginia \$215 million for highway construction. In February of 2009, Gov. Joe Manchin announced that \$21 million would go to Corridor H projects in Grant and Tucker counties. However, two months later, the \$21 million for Corridor H was transferred to a bridge project in Weirton. The main reasons were that Senator Robert Byrd had earmarked \$9.5 million for Corridor H for 2009-2010, and the state had already committed between \$13-15 million of their own to the project.

That changed in May when the President announced his budget proposal. The White House's budget eliminated Byrd's \$9.5 million earmark as part of \$17 billion worth of budget cuts. Byrd along with fellow Senator, Jay Rockefeller, and other West Virginia Congressmen, put the \$9.5 million earmark back into the budget. The West Virginia Legislature, meanwhile, began looking into whether or not it could move the stimulus money back to Corridor H.

An overview of activity since 2000 shows that the nine remaining segments would be re-evaluated on an individual basis. Construction began on some segments in 2000. One section that was opened (in August 2002) was the North Elkins Bypass. Another opening took place in 2003 as 14 miles of highway from Baker to Moorefield were open to traffic. Construction was also completed on a segment east of Baker and WV 259 to Wardensville. This section opened on October 20, 2006. A three-mile section of the 15-mile Moorefield to Forman segment opened to traffic in November 2005. This extended the highway west to end at US 220 just north of Moorefield. The remaining 12 miles of this section opened to traffic on October 27, 2010.

The remainder of the 14.5 mile Forman to Bismarck section is currently under construction. A completion date of 2013 has been announced. (17)

The next segment east is a 16.2 mile segment from Bismarck to Davis that will parallel WV Route 93. In the fall 2010, then-Gov. Joe Manchin announced that the Davis to Bismarck link would be completed in 2013, nearly five years before the original projected completion date.

After Corridor H between Davis and Wardensville is open, the Division of Highways will begin the design process of the Kerens to Parsons section of the road.