

The Honorable Robert S. Lasnik

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON**

SUSAN SOTO PALMER, et. al.,
Plaintiffs,
v.
STEVEN HOBBS, et. al.,
Defendants,
and
JOSE TREVINO, ISMAEL CAMPOS, and
ALEX YBARRA,
Intervenor-Defendants.

Case No.: 3:22-cv-05035-RSL

Judge: Robert S. Lasnik

**PLAINTIFFS’ OPPOSITION TO
INTERVENOR-DEFENDANTS’
MOTION TO EXPEDITE
CONSIDERATION OF THEIR
MOTION FOR RELIEF FROM
JUDGMENT PURSUANT TO
RULE 60(B)**

Intervenors’ motion to expedite consideration of their Rule 60(b) Motion lacks good cause and should be denied. Intervenors—who the Ninth Circuit held lack standing to appeal this Court’s liability judgment—now seek to vacate both the Court’s liability determination and remedial order establishing the legislative districts that residents of the Yakima Valley are *currently* using to elect representatives in an *ongoing* election season. Numerous candidates have already announced they are running in state legislative districts across the state, including LD 14. In essence, Intervenors’ motion seeks to categorically impose their contested interpretation of *Louisiana v. Callais*, Nos.

1 24-109 & 24-110, 608 U.S. _ (2026), and their accompanying assumption that Plaintiffs no longer
2 have a cause of action under Section 2, on the parties here and disrupt elections for all Washington
3 voters. On that flimsy basis alone, they demand that this Court reassess and overturn its prior
4 judgments, which relied on a voluminous factual record, under the Supreme Court’s newly
5 announced Section 2 framework in *Callais*. However, this Court lacks jurisdiction to do so, as both
6 judgments are currently on appeal. Moreover, Intervenors’ request that this Court’s orders and an
7 ongoing election be undone with briefing over the course of *three days* is unjustified and
8 prejudicial. Nothing warrants such an imprudent compression of time on a motion of such
9 consequence.
10

11 First, Intervenors’ 60(b) Motion fails at the threshold. Their appeal has divested this Court
12 of jurisdiction to entertain the motion at all. *Griggs v. Provident Consumer Disc. Co.*, 459 U.S. 56,
13 58 (1982). And as for the appeal itself, the Ninth Circuit held that neither Intervenor Trevino nor
14 Intervenor Ybarra has standing to appeal this Court’s liability finding, nor to challenge the
15 remedial district under Section 2 of the VRA. *Soto Palmer v. Hobbs*, 150 F.4th 1131, 1141, 1143-
16 44 (9th Cir. 2025).¹ Though neither Intervenor raised a racial gerrymandering objection to the
17 remedial map during the remedial proceedings, *id.* at 1145, the Ninth Circuit found that Intervenor
18 Trevino had standing to appeal on that basis, considered the issue within its sound discretion, and
19 denied Intervenors’ claims. *Id.* But the relief Intervenors now seek—reinstatement of the Prior
20 Map—is irreconcilable with the position they are now advancing before the Supreme Court. In
21 their pending cert petition, Intervenors argue that the Prior Map’s LD 15 is itself a racial
22

24 ¹ Intervenor Campos also lacks standing to appeal and “provided no clue” as to what harm he
25 might have suffered. *Soto Palmer*, 150 F.4th at 1141. Though he has filed no motion for dismissal,
26 based on his absence from the case caption in Intervenors’ latest filing, Mr. Campos appears to no longer be pursuing any relief in this case.

1 gerrymander they were denied the opportunity to challenge in this Court. *Trevino v. Hobbs*, No.
2 25-918, cert pet. at 8. They cannot now ask this Court to restore it.²

3 Second, Intervenors invoke the rapidly approaching May 8 candidate filing deadline, but it
4 does not support the extreme expedition they seek. The *Purcell* principle instead cuts sharply
5 against it. *Purcell v. Gonzalez*, 549 U.S. 1 (2006). Rushing to change the map when candidates are
6 already filing and actively campaigning is exactly the sort of last-minute alteration of election rules
7 that federal district courts have consistently been instructed to avoid. *See Abbott v. LULAC*, 146
8 S. Ct. 418, 419 (2025); *Merrill v. Milligan*, 142 S. Ct. 879, 880-81 (2022) (Kavanaugh, J.,
9 concurring). Extending the filing window and swapping the maps even closer to the election, as
10 Intervenors propose in the alternative, would represent significant federal intrusion into the State’s
11 election calendar and cause substantial confusion and disruption to candidates, voters, and election
12 officials alike, amid an already active primary campaign.³ These effects far outweigh any harm
13 from proceeding under the existing map.
14
15

16 This Court recognized as much when it denied Plaintiffs’ motion for preliminary injunction
17 against the Prior Map filed in February 2022, months earlier in that election year—even though
18 Plaintiffs presented much more evidence and the Court ultimately concluded that map violated
19 Section 2. Dkt. # 66. This Court denied Plaintiffs’ motion for preliminary injunction on April 13,
20 2022, citing the upcoming May 16-20 candidate filing period and the primary election to be held
21

22
23 ² The attorneys for Intervenors here also represent another client that claims the old version of
24 LD 15 is unconstitutional, which makes their request—to overturn one “unconstitutional” map in
25 order to restore another for the 2026 election—even more puzzling.

26 ³ Public Disclosure Commission, https://www.pdc.wa.gov/political-disclosure-reporting-data/browse-search-data/candidates?election_year=2026&jurisdiction=LEG+DISTRICT+14+-+HOUSE&jurisdiction_type=Legislative (listing five candidates running and raising money for the two House seats in LD 14).

1 August 2. *Id.* at 9. Here, Intervenors ask this Court to consider a request for similar relief during
 2 the *ongoing* candidate filing period that closes May 8 and a primary election scheduled for August
 3 4, 2026. The Court’s *Purcell* considerations in 2022 apply with greater effect today.⁴

4 Intervenors’ proposed timeline—responsive briefing by May 7, judicial consideration on
 5 May 8—would require this Court to resolve an extraordinarily consequential motion on the final
 6 day of candidate filing within a timeframe that guarantees inadequate briefing and invites error.
 7

8 Finally, Intervenors argue that expedition is justified because they contend that “Plaintiffs
 9 failed to prove that Washington’s Prior Map violated Section 2 as required under the *Gingles-*
 10 *Callais* framework and that Remedial Map 3B was drawn with the express purpose of racial
 11 classification.” Mot. at 3. It does not. Moreover, that argument also presupposes the answer to the
 12 very question their 60(b) Motion asks this Court to decide and assumes that Plaintiffs’ federal
 13 rights are not also at issue here. As Plaintiffs will explain in their forthcoming opposition, the 60(b)
 14 Motion lacks merit—including its theory that Plaintiffs’ Section 2 case is doomed under the new
 15 *Callais* factors—because the evidentiary record shows the opposite. Nor was the remedial map
 16 drawn with an unconstitutional racial purpose (a claim which was rejected at the Ninth Circuit and
 17 is currently pending at the U.S. Supreme Court on Intervenors’ petition for certiorari). *Callais* did
 18

19
 20 ⁴ Nor does the Supreme Court’s waiver of Supreme Court Rule 45.3 in *Callais* bear on the motion
 21 to expedite before this Court. Justice Alito’s concurring opinion in that order expressed his view
 22 that there should be no delay in the issuance of judgment because the Supreme Court had now
 23 ruled on the constitutionality of the district in question. Here, Intervenors ask this Court to expedite
 24 consideration in the first instance of whether or not LD 14 is constitutional under the new *Callais*
 25 framework even though this Court lacks jurisdiction on account of the currently pending cert
 26 petition. The post-decision procedures in *Callais* are irrelevant. Moreover, the Appellants in that
 case are seeking to reverse the Court’s waiver decision, as they are seeking reconsideration. *See*,
e.g., Appellants’ Motion to Recall the Judgment, https://www.supremecourt.gov/DocketPDF/24/24-109/408042/20260505123100974_2025-05-05%20Motion%20to%20Recall%20Judgment%20FLAT.pdf.

1 not hold that every map drawn to comply with Section 2 is a racial gerrymander. Here, no district
2 in Remedial Map 3B was drawn with the consideration of race, nor any racial target. Dkt. # 290
3 (Court’s order adopting the remedial map describing remedial goals in general, non-racial terms).
4 In fact, every remedial proposal Plaintiffs offered was drawn without consideration of race. Dkt.
5 # 245-1 at ¶ 13 (Oskooii Report); Dkt. # 254-1 at ¶ 37 (Oskooii Rebuttal report); Dkt. # 297 at
6 29:4-8, 32:1-6 (Oskooii testimony at remedial hearing). And the State never contended that the
7 remedial map fails to account for any of the State’s redistricting interests.
8

9 For these reasons, Plaintiffs respectfully ask this Court to deny the motion to expedite.

10 Dated: May 5, 2026

Respectfully submitted,

11
12 Edwardo Morfin
13 WSBA No. 47831
14 MORFIN LAW FIRM, PLLC
15 2602 N. Proctor Street, Suite 205
Tacoma, WA 98407
Telephone: 509-380-9999

By: /s/ Annabelle E. Harless
Annabelle E. Harless*
CAMPAIGN LEGAL CENTER
55 W. Monroe St., Ste. 1925
Chicago, IL 60603
aharless@campaignlegal.org

16 Chad W. Dunn*
17 Sonni Waknin*
18 UCLA VOTING RIGHTS PROJECT
19 3250 Public Affairs Building
20 Los Angeles, CA 90095
Telephone: 310-400-6019
Chad@uclavrp.org
Sonni@uclavrp.org

Mark P. Gaber*
Simone Leeper*
Aseem Mulji*
Benjamin Phillips*
CAMPAIGN LEGAL CENTER
1101 14th St. NW, Ste. 400
Washington, DC 20005
mgaber@campaignlegal.org
sleeper@campaignlegal.org
amulji@campaignlegal.org
bphillips@campaignlegal.org

21 Thomas A. Saenz*
22 Ernest Herrera*
23 MEXICAN AMERICAN LEGAL
24 DEFENSE & EDUCATIONAL FUND
25 643 S. Spring St., 11th Fl.
26 Los Angeles, CA 90014
Telephone: (213) 629-2512
tsaenz@maldef.org
eherrera@maldef.org

Counsel for Plaintiffs
*Admitted pro hac vice

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that all counsel of record were served a copy of the foregoing this 5th day of May 2026, via the Court’s CM/ECF system.

/s/ Annabelle E. Harless
Annabelle E. Harless
Counsel for Plaintiffs

The Honorable Robert S. Lasnik

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
AT SEATTLE**

SUSAN SOTO PALMER, et. al.,

Plaintiffs,

v.

STEVEN HOBBS, et. al.,

Defendants,

and

JOSE TREVINO, ISMAEL CAMPOS,
and ALEX YBARRA,

Intervenor-Defendants.

Case No.: 3:22-cv-05035-RSL

Judge: Robert S. Lasnik

**[PROPOSED] ORDER
DENYING INTERVENOR-
DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO
EXPEDITE CONSIDERATION
OF THEIR MOTION FOR
RELIEF FROM JUDGMENT
PURSUANT TO RULE 60(B)**

This matter came before the Court on Intervenor-Defendants' Motion to Expedite Consideration of their Motion for Relief From Judgment Pursuant to Rule 60(b). The Court has reviewed and considered all briefing and any supporting papers presented to the Court, as well as any hearing in this matter.

Based on the foregoing, and for lack of good cause shown, it is hereby ORDERED that Intervenor-Defendants' Motion to Expedite Consideration of their Motion for Relief From Judgment Pursuant to Rule 60(b) is DENIED.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED this ____ day of _____, 2026.

/s/ _____
The Honorable Robert S. Lasnik
U.S. District Judge

Dated: May 5, 2026

Respectfully submitted,

Edwardo Morfin
WSBA No. 47831
MORFIN LAW FIRM, PLLC
2602 N. Proctor Street, Suite 205
Tacoma, WA 98407
Telephone: 509-380-9999

By: /s/ Annabelle E. Harless
Annabelle E. Harless*
CAMPAIGN LEGAL CENTER
55 W. Monroe St., Ste. 1925
Chicago, IL 60603
aharless@campaignlegal.org

Chad W. Dunn*
Sonni Waknin*
UCLA VOTING RIGHTS PROJECT
3250 Public Affairs Building
Los Angeles, CA 90095
Telephone: 310-400-6019
Chad@uclavrp.org
Sonni@uclavrp.org

Mark P. Gaber*
Simone Leeper*
Aseem Mulji*
Benjamin Phillips*
CAMPAIGN LEGAL CENTER
1101 14th St. NW, Ste. 400
Washington, DC 20005
mgaber@campaignlegal.org
sleeper@campaignlegal.org
amulji@campaignlegal.org
bphillips@campaignlegal.org

Thomas A. Saenz*
Ernest Herrera*
MEXICAN AMERICAN LEGAL
DEFENSE AND EDUCATIONAL
FUND
643 S. Spring St., 11th Fl.
Los Angeles, CA 90014
Telephone: (213) 629-2512
tsaenz@maldef.org
eherrera@maldef.org

Counsel for Plaintiffs
*Admitted pro hac vice

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that all counsel of record were served a copy of the foregoing this 5th day of May 2026, via the Court's CM/ECF system.

/s/ Annabelle E. Harless
Annabelle E. Harless
Counsel for Plaintiffs

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26